THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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CITY OF TENTS RISES FOR FIRE SUFFERERS

BRYAN SPEAKS FOR FUSION

Its Continuance Is Urged by the Nebraskan.

ISSUES ARE NOT YET SETTLED

And Therefore Fusion Is Necessary. Denounces Middle of the Road Policy.

Omaha, Neb., May 7.—The annual banquet of the Peter Cooper Club was held in this city tonight, about 250 guests from various parts of the state being present. W. J. Bryan and W. V. Allen were the guests of honor. The future of fusion was the theme of the evening and the expressions were unanimous in favor of its continuance.

The hall was decorated with United States flags and portraits of Peter Cooper, Jefferson and Bryan.

Mr. Bryan spoke upon "Fusion," urging its continuance in the following words:

"Fusion as we have had it in Nebraska is co-operation between the reform forces without the loss of party indentity or the surrender of party organization.

"Fusion is the open and honest plan of co-operation. The middle-of-the-road policy has twice been the secret and dishonest method of co-operation. I believe in the open and honest method and shall continue to advocate it as long as the allies agree upon paramount issues.

"The republican party has settled no issues. Every year carries it further from right principles and into more dangerous paths. All friends of free government and equal rights must fight together against the common enemy until the country is rescued from plutocratic tendencies and posterity is saved from the retribution which always follows wrong-doing whether committed by individuals, parties or nations."

J. J. Poynts, one of the leaders of Nebraska populism, advised fusion, but thought the populists should hold themselves somewhat aloof until the reorganization plan of the democratic party became more apparent.

Ex-Governor Poynter said the populist organization must and shall be maintained in order that the friends of the people may have something to cling to in case democracy goes back to its gold corporation principles.

COAL FOR FRENCH RAILROAD.

Fuel Will Be Furnished by a Baltimore Company.

Baltimore, May 7.—It is learned here from reliable sources that the United States Collieries and Steel Company, this city, has entered into a contract with the New Orleans Railway Company, of Bordeaux, France, by which it is to furnish to the railway company several thousand tons of coal per month. It is understood that this coal was formerly bought in England, but the new export duties to be levied in that country on coal makes it possible for the local company to compete abroad. The United States Collieries Company has recently opened up extensive coal fields in Kentucky and large iron mines in South Carolina, and will make an effort for foreign trade.

At the office of the company here it was said that no details of the deal with the French Railway Company could be made public at this time.

PHILADELPHIA TIMES IS SOLD

Adolph Ochs Purchaser—George Ochs Will Manage Paper.

Philadelphia, May 7.—Adolph S. Ochs, of The Chattanooga Times and The New York Times, has today purchased The Philadelphia Times. His brother, George W. Ochs, will take the management of the paper.

George W. Ochs is at present manager of The Chattanooga Times, and also ex-mayor of that city. During the Paris exposition Mr. Adolph S. Ochs, manager of The New York Times, established a Paris edition and George W. Ochs was put in charge of the venture which became a success.

Mr. Ochs spent several months in Paris and became one of the most popular members of the large American contingent residing in Paris during the exposition. He is now entitled to wear the famous badge of the Legion of Honor as a memento of the good will in which he is held by the French government.

HOLMES DEFIES THE COURT

Street Railway President Refused To Produce Books.

Kansas City, Mo., May 7.—President W. H. Holmes, of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, was ordered by Judge Wofford, in the criminal court today, to appear before the grand jury, which is investigating rumors of jury bribing in connection with a damage suit, and produce the books and papers of the claims department on his road. Mr. Holmes, through his attorneys refused to comply with the order, and Judge Wofford held him in contempt of court. He was constructively placed in custody until the matter can be passed upon by a higher court.

LABELS GIVEN INDORSEMENT

Proceedings of the International Union of Textile Workers.

Holyoke, Mass., May 7.—At today's session of the International Union of Textile Workers indorsement was given of the labels of the typographical and shoeworkers' unions. The resolution providing for a change in the rules so as to have representatives from the different branches of textile workers on the executive board, was reported, but after discussion it was sent to another committee for further consideration.

Standard Oil Declares Dividend.

New York, May 7.—The Standard Oil Company, of New Jersey, has declared a dividend of $12 per share, payable June 15th. In March $20 was paid. Last year's four dividends were $20 in March, $10 in June, $5 in September and $10 in December. The stock sold on the curb this morning at $942, the highest on record.

Starch Trust To Close Factories.

Sioux City, Ia., May 7.—A telegram from the head offices of the National Starch Company states that the company will close all of its eleven factories as soon as the present corn supply is consumed. It is believed the trust proposes to stop production and sell the present supply at increased prices.

Dimmick Going to Richmond.

Council Bluffs, Ia., May 7.—W. S. Dimmick who for eight years has been connected with the Omaha and Council Bluffs Railway and Bridge Company, has resigned his position as general manager, going to Richmond, Va., to accept a similar position with the street railway of that city.

Shelter Being Rapidly Provided for the Homeless Ones at Jacksonville.

NEGROES ARE ORDERED TO WORK OR TO LEAVE

Some of Blacks Dissatisfied and Say They Can Not Be Made To Leave—Car Loads of Provisions Are Arriving Daily.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 7.—The almost superhuman work of the different committees has somewhat relieved the situation, and it is now believed that in every instance those without proper food and clothing were in a measure provided for today, and that tonight there was vastly fewer people who were compelled to sleep upon the streets.

Two hundred tents were erected today, and while they were very crowded tonight, and while several churches and schoolhouses in the suburbs were also crowded with sleepers, this will also be relieved tomorrow by the arrival of 2,000 tents from the general government at Washington, which Chairman Bours, of the housing committee, will have erected at once. The military companies have been of great assistance to Mr. Bours with their experience in rapidly erecting tents, and before tomorrow night there will be several tented villages in the city with cots and blankets, and a water supply in almost every village for the sufferers.

Tomorrow there will also be provided extra commissary stations in various parts of the city to relieve the situation at the two already established, and no doubt there will be one in each village of tents. There has been no outbreak of sickness in the city, and the several cases of nervous prostration which have been reported are now well on the way to recovery.

Thousands Have Left.

Thousands of people have left the city, and those remaining will be able to receive some kind of labor at the bureaus which have been established.

The cleaning up of the streets has been going on rapidly, telephone connections with the undamaged part of the city has been resumed in almost every district, and the wires which encumbered the streets are being cleared away.

The street car service has been running in the western part of the city as far as Julia street, but there is no service in the north or east.

All the relief committees are now located near the center of the city in large tents, and the Relief Association has at last reached a basis of work that is both rapid and suitable for the emergency.

Clouds of smoke still envelop the city from the smouldering embers of the conflagration, but many of the buildings have been sufficiently cooled off to allow the safes to be opened and the books and papers of a great many concerns have been found only slightly scorched. In other cases so intense was the heat that iron safes failed to protect money or papers. The city and county government officers are all at work again in temporary offices, and a great many of the county papers have been saved.

Provisions Arrive.

Twelve car loads of provisions arrived tonight from New York, and are now at the depot, where they will be unloaded and stored ready for delivery in the morning.

No more dead bodies have been found, though a systematic search has not yet begun.

It was announced today that the Windsor hotel, the Gardner building, the Baldwin building and the opera house will be rebuilt at once.

An order was formally promulgated this afternoon that the idle negroes shall go to work or leave the city. This had the effect of increasing the gangs at work in various parts of the city, but some of the negroes are dissatisfied, and declare openly that they cannot be compelled to leave.

Dr. George Gebauer was seriously injured this afternoon while assisting in pulling down the ruins of the Leeman & Skinner building.

Mayor Bowden has been advised that the Baltimore and Ohio railroad will transport free shipments of clothing or food supplies.

An appeal has been issued by Jacksonville transportation men to the railway and steamship fraternities of the country for contributions to the aid of their fellow craftsmen, which, the appeal states, should be sent to F. M. Ironmonger, Jr., Florida passenger agent, Clyde line, chairman, Jacksonville Transportation Men's Relief Association.

IS ON DUTY AT JACKSONVILLE.

Chipley Light Infantry Will Watch Burned District.

Tallahassee, Fla., April 7.—(Special.)—The Chipley Light infantry, of Pensacola, which acted as escort of honor at the funeral of the late Adjutant General Houstoun here this afternoon, have been ordered by Governor Jennings to proceed to Jacksonville tonight on military duty in that devastated city and to relieve such Jacksonville troops are are exhausted from fighting fire and subsequent military duty.

Galveston's Contribution.

Galveston, Tex., May 7.—Additional contributions to the amount of $147 were raised for the Jacksonville sufferers today, making a total of $1,601.50 contributed to date.

Atlantic Coast Line's Liberality.

Wilmington, N. C., May 7.—The Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company has arranged to transport free of charge all supplies for the Jacksonville fire sufferers when consigned to the mayor of the city or to the chairman of the board of relief.

Macon Gives to Sufferers.

Macon, Ga., May 7.—City council tonight voted $250 to the Jacksonville sufferers, and the mayor of the Florida city was authorized to draw for that amount.

CUBA BOWS TO UNITED STATES; WILL CONCEDE EVERY DEMAND

MORGAN NOT YET SATISFIED

Magnate Is After Red Star Line of Steamers.

LEYLAND DEAL IS CONFIRMED

Mattinson Says That Americans Are in the Trans-Atlantic Trade To Stay.

London, May 7.—Simultaneously with today's meeting of the Leyland line shareholders to vote upon the agreement with J. Pierpont Morgan comes a reiteration of the statement that the Morgans are about to acquire the Red Star line, as well as the Atlantic Transport line. The American line officials, however, deny the report that Mr. Morgan has acquired the Red Star line.

The Leyland line shareholders unanimously confirmed the Morgan-Ellerman agreement today. After Mr. Mattinson, who presided, had explained the terms of the contract, Mr. Ellerman, chairman of the line, set forth his views on the trans-Atlantic trade. He said the outlook was not promising for British shipowners in view of the large American tonnage building, the prospects of the return to that trade of vessels now diverted to South Africa and the probability of an American subsidy. He did not believe that parliament would inflict countervailing duties on subsidized American vessels. Mr. Morgan's railroad and manufacturing interests would enable him to make the purchase of the Leyland line profitable.

Mr. Ellerman severely criticised the antiquated British navigation laws, which put British vessels at an increasing disadvantage in competing with foreigners.

Mr. Mattinson said the Americans were evidently in the trans-Atlantic trade to stay. Trade does not follow the flag; it follows capital. The conditions favor their success. The fact that this purchase has been possible should be a grave warning to Great Britain to revise the navigation regulations, which threaten her supremacy.

Wright Refuses To Talk.

New York, May 7.—James A. Wright, second vice president of the International Navigation Company, was shown the dispatch of the Associated Press from London referring to the reiterated report that Mr. Morgan was about to acquire the Red Star line. He said:

"I have nothing to say. The statement has been contradicted before. I know nothing about it."

HE TOOK AWFUL VENGEANCE.

Paralytic Husband Murders the Lover of His Wife.

City of Mexico, May 7.—A horrible story of crime comes from an isolated place in the state of Puebla. A paralytic, suspecting his wife of infidelity, employed two ruffians to help him execute vengeance on her supposed paramour. He was rolled in a straw mat, his hands and feet being securely bound. He was then carried in the night to the house of the infuriated paralytic, who, still having the use of his arms, inflicted over thirty wounds on the writhing prisoner. The murderer and his two accomplices were placed under arrest.

FILIPINO REBELS DEFEATED

Driven in Three Fights with American Cavalrymen.

Manila, May 7.—Lieutenant John B. L. Hartman, with sixty-three men of Troop K, of the First cavalry, encountered 250 insurgents near the village of Balayan in Batangas province, Luzon. The enemy made three stands and were each time defeated by the American cavalrymen. There were no American casualties.

A navy court of inquiry is investigating the alleged connection of Lieutenant R. H. Townley with the case of Captain Reed, who has been tried for official misconduct in connection with the commissary department.

FOREIGN MAIL BAGS SEIZED.

Powers Call on Turkish Authorities for Explanation.

Constantinople, May 7.—In consequence of the Ottoman postal authorities having seized foreign mail bags, the ambassadors of the foreign powers met yesterday to decide what steps should be taken in the matter. It is said that the Russian ambassador, M. Zinoview, is prepared to take strong measures against any further attempt at the violation of Russian mail bags.

The porte has addressed another note to the ambassadors demanding the abolition of the foreign postoffices in Constantinople. It is believed that the sole aim of the porte is to gain control of correspondence from abroad on account of the "young Turkey" agitation.

They Soared Skyward.

Cologne, May 7.—The military captive balloon, with two men in the car, which ascended here Sunday afternoon, broke loose in a gale and was lost to sight in the clouds, has descended safely. The occupants of the car were not injured.

Panicky Feeling in Japan.

Yokohama, May 7.—An important spinning company of this city has failed. The failure is traceable to the insolvency of the banks of Osaka, announced April 25th. The panicky feeling continues.

Mayor Smith has issued an appeal to the people of the city for contributions in cash or supplies.

Ten Cars of Supplies.

New York, May 7.—The work of loading ten cars on a float of the Pennsylvania railroad with food, clothing and supplies for the relief of the sufferers from the Jacksonville fire was begun today. The train started for Jacksonville this afternoon and the supplies will be rushed through in quick time.

Government Distributes Rations.

Washington, May 7.—The revenue cutter Hamilton, now at Jacksonville, has been authorized to distribute one thousand rations to the fire sufferers. The revenue cutter Forward has been ordered from Charleston to Jacksonville and will distribute rations.

Raising Money at Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., May 7.—The committees appointed by a mass meeting to solicit contributions for the relief of the sufferers from the Jacksonville fire are meeting with liberal responses. About $2,500 was secured today. In addition to the canvassing committees, lists have been opened at the mayor's office and the newspaper offices.

Even the Radical Element Admits That Platt Amendment Will Be Accepted.

COMMISSIONERS MAKE REPORT TO CONVENTION

Report Has Made a Good Impression and Only a Few Radicals Will Continue To Oppose the Platt Amendment.

Havana, May 7.—The special commission of the Cuban constitutional convention which returned here from Washington May 5th will not make any recommendation to the convention. Although a majority of the commissioners are in favor of accepting the Platt amendment, the report will cover only the facts of the conference at Washington.

The convention held a secret session this afternoon. The radical element admits that the convention will accept the amendment. The commissioners at the secret session presented an extensive report of their conference with President McKinley and Secretary Root and a glowing account of the banquets and receptions tendered them. Senor Giberga objected to incorporating an account of the social programme in the report, but the commission insisted upon this point.

In reference to the third clause of the Platt amendment, the report stated that the United States would not interfere unless Cuba were attacked by a foreign power, or unless there existed in Cuba a condition of affairs similar to that which existed under Spain at the time of American intervention.

Regarding coaling stations the report set forth that the places so desired by the United States were Cape Maysi and San Antonio, and another point commanding the entrance to the Gulf of Mexico; these would be definitely determined upon when drawing up the treaty and that the object of these stations would be the maintenance of the independence of Cuba as well as the protection of the United States. The report also said that the United States would in no way interfere in the local government and that President McKinley had promised to appoint a committee to meet a Cuban committee to discuss the economic questions, and to draw up a commercial treaty as soon as the republic is established and that he advised the Cubans in the meantime to study the situation in this respect.

The report announced that Secretary Root had said that there was nothing in the Platt amendment to prevent Cuba having diplomatic representatives in foreign countries.

The report has evidently made a good impression and only a few radicals will continue to oppose its acceptance.

The convention will meet Thursday and is expected to take definite action Saturday.

Senor Valluenda, in an open letter declaring his intention to accept the amendment, said he first thought that, if the convention rejected the amendment, Washington might change its policy, as he then believed the amendment was the work of party.

"I now believe," says Senor Valluenda, "that the amendment is the work of the nation. There is no use in objecting to the inevitable. It is either annexation or a republic with the amendment and I prefer the latter. The United States government, by insisting upon the amendment, shows that the Americans have changed from their policy before the war and that they no longer rely upon the Monroe doctrine to protect the interests of American republics."

NOT INSULTING TO A WOMAN.

Judge Decides Tender of a Drink Is Not.

Louisville, Ky., May 7.—(Special.)—At Central City, in this state, a novel decision was handed down today by Police Judge Creel. Sam Searcy had entered the depot at that place and produced a bottle of moonshine whisky. There were several women in the waiting room, and he insisted that they take a drink. Marshal Wooten arrested him and charged him with "insulting a woman." At his trial the judge decided it wasn't an insult to offer liquid refreshments to Kentucky ladies, and Searcy was dismissed.

ALABAMA COMPANIES BOUGHT

Deal in Coal Properties Which Involves $3,000,000.

Pittsburg, May 7.—The formal absorption by the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company of the [illegible] of the four big Walker county, Alabama, coal companies, was consummated here today. J. B. Tate, of Birmingham, Ala., president of the Virginia and Alabama Coal Company, received a draft through the Union Trust Company, of this city, representing the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company, for $800,000, in payment for his company's property. The total amount to be paid for the Alabama properties is in the neighborhood of $3,000,000, and the deals have all been closed with the exception of a few legal details. The amount of coal lands involved is 7,700 acres.

JUDGES ARE UNDER ARREST

Refused To Levy Tax To Pay Interest on Bond.

Osceola, Mo., May 7.—Two of the county judges of St. Clair county, Thomas D. Nevitt and S. C. Peden, were arrested today in the courthouse by deputy United States marshals. They will appear in Kansas City tomorrow before Federal Judge Philips on a charge of contempt for not levying a tax to pay interest on bonds issued in 1870 in aid of a railroad that was never built.

The third judge, Walker, escaped from the room today when his fellow judges were arrested.

SHIP BUILDERS FORM TRUST

All the Great Plants in United States in Combine.

CAPITALIZED AT $65,000,000

Plant at Newport News, Va., Will Be Acquired by the Combine.

New York, May 7.—A circular has been issued by H. W. Poor & Co., regarding the organization of the United States Ship-Building Company under the laws of New Jersey, to acquire the Newport News Ship Building and Dry Dock Company, the Union Iron Works, San Francisco; the Bath Iron Works, limited, and the Hyde Windlass Company, of Bath, Me., the Crescent ship yard, and the Samuel J. Moore & Sons Company, of Elizabethport, N. J., and the Canada Manufacturing, of Carteret, N. J. The total annual capacity is estimated at 380,000 tons. The following have consented to serve on the board of directors:

Henry T. Scott, president of the Union Iron Works; Lewis Nixon, Crescent ship yard; Charles J. Canda, president of the Canda Manufacturing Company; John S. Hyde, president of the Hyde Windlass Company; E. W. Hyde, president of the Bath Iron Works, limited; C. B. Orcutt, president of the Newport News Ship Building and Dry Dock Company; H. E. Huntington, first vice president of the Southern Pacific Company; Irving M. Scott, vice president of the Minneapolis and St. Louis Railway Company; E. H. Harriman, chairman of the board, Union Pacific Company, and James Stillman, president of the National City bank.

Other directors will be named after the company is constituted.

The aggregate of orders now in hand of the constituent companies is said to exceed $63,000,000, covering an average of eighteen months for completion, on which the estimated profit is over $7,000,000.

The company will be authorized under its charter to issue capital stock as follows:

Preferred stock (7 per cent non-cumulative), $32,500,000.

Common stock, $32,500,000.

The plan will become operative as soon as the organizers notify the Mercantile Trust Company, as depository, that the corporation has acquired the properties of the constituent companies.

MRS. EASTMAN WAS IN TEARS

Greatly Affected While Testifying in Husband's Murder Trial.

Cambridge, Mass., May 7.—Interest in the Eastman murder trial today was centered in the fact that Mrs. Eastman, wife of the defendant, was on the stand most of the forenoon. She was visibly affected by the minute examination as to the incidents immediately preceding the tragedy and regarding certain statements made by previous witnesses. At times she wept.

Mrs. Eastman said she did not remember any such incident as that related by Mrs. Grogan, Sr., who testified that Eastman had said Grogan's days were numbered. Witness never said that Eastman had been drinking, nor had she ever heard Mrs. Grogan, Jr., say he had been drinking.

Mrs. Eastman also testified that in June the lock on the tomb containing Grogan's body had been tampered with, but no one had asked permission to open the tomb.

Attorney General Knowlton declined to cross-examine Mrs. Eastman.

The defendant, Charles E. Eastman, then took the stand to testify in his own behalf.

He said that on the morning of July 4th he went to the swimming races in company with Grogan.

Eastman said he found the races slow and started back home with his wife. He denied that he urged Grogan to return with him and to tell whether it was he or Grogan who suggested target shooting.

In the main Eastman's story of the shooting of Grogan was as it has been repeated by witnesses during this trial. He said that his recollection of what had happened after he and Grogan clinched was very indistinct.

"There was," he said, "a struggle for the possession of the gun. There was confusion, exclamations, noise and cries, and Grogan burst out with something like:

"'Damn it; I'm shot.'

"Finally I got possession of the revolver after a long struggle and Grogan was brought to his knees. I do not know exactly what happened after that, because of the fright and horror and of the agonized cries. I cried out to him to let go, while on his part he said, in the most agonized tones:

"'Oh, oh, oh!'

"I next remember that we were running and that we came together again for another struggle. Some weapon, I don't know what, lay on the ground and I tried to kick it out of the way."

Eastman testified that he had never entertained a feeling of malice or jealousy toward Grogan and never had any thought of injuring him or any other human being.

No New Canal Treaty.

Wickenburg, Arizona, May 7.—The statement that the state department has delivered a new isthmian canal treaty to the British ambassador is officially denied by Secretary Hay.

General Lee Leaves for Home.

Omaha, Nebr., May 7.—General Fitzhugh Lee and his family, including his son, Lieutenant George F. Lee, left Omaha today to return to their Virginia home. Lieutenant Lee was mustered out of the service today.

Admiral Schley in England.

Washington, May 7.—Rear Admiral Schley, who arrived yesterday at Southampton, on his way home from the south Atlantic station, has cabled the navy department a request that he be allowed to stop ten days in England, and this request has been granted.

Killed Sweetheart and Self.

Delphi, Ind., May 7.—Wilbur Hummer, living near here, shot his sweetheart, Bertha Timmons, and committed suicide with the same weapon this morning. Both come of excellent families. They had quarreled often recently.

Strike Is Not General.

Louisville, Ky., May 7.—The carpenters who quit work today because the contractors would not agree to exclude non-union labor, were not followed in their strike by all the other workingmen in the building trades, and tonight they appointed a committee to meet the contractors and arbitrate their difference.

McGOVERN DEFENDS SOUTHERN RAILROADS

Atlanta Man Appears Before Industrial Commission at Washington.

SOUTH'S JOBBING TRADE HAS NOT BEEN FAVORED

Declares That No Discrimination Exists and That the Advances in Transportation Rates Are Technical Rather Than Real.

Washington, May 7.—The industrial commission today began its May meeting with P. J. McGovern, of Atlanta, chairman of the southern classification committee, as the first witness. Mr. McGovern stated that there are forty-two rail and steamship lines in the committee, and that it covers the territory south of the Potomac and the Ohio rivers and east of the Mississippi river. He said that the organization had been effected in 1899, and he contended that except in the items of iron and steel the advances in transportation rates have been technical rather than real. He declared that the committee had no purpose of fixing rates on car load lots so as to build up the jobbing trade of the south at the expense of outside points.

Explaining the changes in classification since the matter had been placed in the hands of his committee, Mr. McGovern said that previous to that time there had been many incongruities, and it had been necessary to remove many of them, and in cases in which there had been advances they were made largely because of the prevailing extraordinary conditions. The general advance in the price of railway materials and supplies, for instance, had been an influential factor. In many other cases the previous ratings had been unreasonably low.

Classification Revisions.

For these reasons there had been three different revisions of the classification since 1899. The rates on iron and steel had been materially increased, but Mr. McGovern contended that there had been no genuine general advance.

He referred to the charge made from New York and elsewhere that there had been an increase on about seven articles. Mr. McGovern said that the assertion had grown out of the fact that the committee had abolished the carrier's risk column in the classification sheet, putting all articles in the limited liability list and making an advance of 20 per cent where the common law liability bills of lading were issued. This, he contended, was no advance, because while the common law gurantee could be secured under the old system without extra charge, it was not demanded in one case out of a hundred. On the other hand, there had been reductions in the rates on other articles which were far more radical than these advances were.

Elaborating his testimony concerning car load lots rates, Mr. McGovern took occasion to contradict the charge that his committee had attempted so to arrange them as to build up the jobbing centers of the south. He admitted that there might be cases in which the charge for the short haul is greater than that for the long haul, but said he could recall no such instance. But if there had been such an exception it had not been due to any deliberate effort on the part of the classification committee.

No Discrimination.

"I deny most positively and emphatically," he said, "that the classification committee has made any effort to discriminate against New York or Chicago or any far-off jobbing point in the interest of interior jobbing points of the south by reducing the rates on car load lots. We have no intention of preventing the outside shipper from doing a jobbing business at small points in the south, nor of aiding the outside shipper at the expense of the near by jobber. We try to settle each case on its merits."

Mr. McGovern said that a change in the classification of cotton goods is contemplated for July 1st. These goods will then be taken from the fifth class and included in the fourth class.

He expressed the opinion that underbilling is on the increase, and said that unquestionably the railroad representatives connive at the practice in many cases. He thought it a great abuse and said the railroad companies should prevent it, no matter what the cost.

SOCIAL EVIL IN PHILIPPINES.

General MacArthur Reports on Conditions at Manila.

Washington, May 7.—General MacArthur, as governor of the Philippine islands, has reported to the adjutant general of the army concerning allegations made against the authorities in Manila relative to the social evil which exists in that city. General MacArthur says the writers of letters which he received have been misled and have an imperfect knowledge of the conditions. He says that prostitution is not licensed in the Philippines, and that prostitutes are not allowed to land in Manila, unless they have secured previous resident rights. The police regulations of the social evil are such as to check the spread of disease, something that is found necessary in that tropical climate.

COALING STATIONS WANTED.

United States May Try To Acquire Rights from Portugal.

Washington, May 7.—The attention of leading American naval officials has been directed recently to the advantages possessed by some of the islands of the Azores group in the Atlantic and of the Galapagos group in the Pacific as sites for coaling stations and naval rendezvous, and they are urging that steps be taken by this government to acquire rights from Portugal for a station in the Azores and from Ecuador for a like station in the Galapagos group.

Currency for New Orleans.

Washington, May 7.—New Orleans has asked the treasury department for currency and Treasurer Roberts today gave New York permission to take deposits up to $250,000 a day, payable in New Orleans on telegraphic orders.

VICTORY FOR REPUBLICANS

Made Almost Clean Sweep in the Baltimore Election.

CARRIED EIGHTEEN WARDS

Democrats Carried Six by Reduced Majorities—First Important Election Under New Law.

Baltimore, Md., May 7.—The municipal election in this city today, the first one of importance held under the new ballot law, resulted in a sweeping victory for the republicans. They carried eighteen out of the twenty-four wards, electing eighteen members to the first branch of city council and all three candidates for the second branch. Only about 65 per cent of the entire registered vote was polled, and the colored vote was very light.

Democrats attribute their defeat to factional differences, the friends of Mayor Hayes, who met defeat in the primary, being arrayed against the followers of Freeman Rasin. The majorities were greatly reduced in the five wards carried by the democrats.

Democrats Win at Fort Wayne.

Fort Wayne, Ind., May 7.—The election today resulted in an overwhelming democratic victory, the majorities being larger than in 1896 or 1898. Forty-three precincts out of forty-seven returned at 11 o'clock give H. C. Berghoff, candidate for mayor, a majority of 1,600, and A. M. Schmidt, for clerk, not less than 1,000.

FORCED TO FLEE BY FLAMES

Loss of Life Probable in a New York Fire.

New York, May 7.—Fire which started just before midnight in the ground floor of the five-story apartment house at No. 756 Lexington avenue, drove twenty or more families into the street, and many people had narrow escapes.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Young, who lived on the fourth floor of the house, jumped from the window of their apartments into a life net. Mrs. Young received severe contusions and internal injuries, and was taken to a hospital, as was her husband.

A man was seen standing at the window of one of the third floors as if he were about to jump. Then he disappeared, and it is feared he was either burned or smothered to death.

Miss Waldron attempted to jump from the fourth floor into the life net. She missed it, falling into the arms of a half dozen firemen and policemen. She was injured, and was taken to a hospital, as was one of the men holding the net.

Mrs. Wanamaker attempted to jump into the net. She struck the fire escape on the first floor, receiving internal injuries. She was removed to the hospital.

Carrie Johnson, a servant girl, is reported missing.

GETS A NEW ORLEANS BANK

National Union Controlled by New York Park Bank.

New York, May 7.—An officer of the National Park bank today admitted that directors of that institution had secured a controlling interest in the National Union Bank of New Orleans. The New Orleans Bank has a capital of $300,000, and deposits of $1,500,000. It is said the capital will be increased to $800,000, and that representatives of the National Park bank will hereafter direct the management of the New Orleans bank.

IT REPORTS $1,500,000 RAISED.

Board of Education of Methodist Episcopal Church Meets.

Nashville, Tenn., May 7.—The board of education of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, met here today. Bishop Galloway presiding. Dr. J. D. Hammond, recording secretary, reported that the $1,500,000 ordered by the general conference as a thank offering for the twentieth century, had been raised. Bishop Duncan delivered an address on mission schools. The work of classifying the colleges was completed. The question of raising $50,000 for a seminary at Vanderbilt university was referred to the executive committee, that body being empowered to raise the amount. After transacting routine business the board adjourned.

VANDERBILT DEFEATS GOULD.

Carries the Day in Contest Over the Union Pacific.

New York, May 7.—There is excellent authority for the statement that W. K. Vanderbilt has carried the day in the contest for the control of the Union Pacific railroad and that he intends to put through his plan for annexing it to the Vanderbilt system.

His idea is that it shall be controlled by the Chicago and Northwestern and New York Central jointly, with a guarantee of 6 per cent on Union Pacific common stock and possibly an exchange of 3 per cent bonds, issued jointly by the Northwestern and New York Central in exchange for Union Pacific common stock.

From the remarkable movement of Northern Pacific shares today, in which the common stock rose to 149 3-4 and the preferred to 113 1-2, observers in Wall street were led to believe that a fight for control of the voting rights was in progress.

WILL ROOT FOR THE REUNION.

Louisville Wants the Confederate Veterans Once More.

Louisville, Ky., May 7.—(Special.)—Louisville will send a big delegation of old soldiers, headed by a brass band and a troop of jubilee singers to Memphis to root for the confederate veterans' reunion of 1902. It is confidently expected that this city will win the honor. In an hour today enough money was subscribed to pay the expenses of carrying the musicians and the glee club to Memphis.

ATLANTA CASH GOES TO MOBILE

Street Railroad Line Is Bought by Georgians.

Mobile, Ala., May 7.—The most important of the street car lines, that of the Mobile street railroad, was sold today to Atlanta capitalists, the identity of the purchasers not being disclosed nor amount of purchase price.

SPEER IS FILLING UP PENITENTIARY

Judge Sentences Moonshiners and Mail Robbers in Numbers.

WILL BE TAKEN TO NASHVILLE

Ten of the Prisoners Arraigned Entered Pleas of Guilty and Thus Saved the Time of the Court—Disposed of Them Quickly.

Macon, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—In the United States court today ten defendants pleaded guilty to illicit distilling, and Judge Speer imposed sentences ranging in each case from one month in jail and a fine of $100 up. In the case of Robert N. Smith, who had been found guilty for the third time of illicit distilling, a sentence of six months in jail, and a fine of $1,000 was imposed.

Judge Speer also sentenced several defendants for robbing postoffices. Jesse C. Boston, colored, who robbed the postoffice at Morgan's drug store in this city, was sentenced to the penitentiary for five years and a fine of $1,000. Willie Clarke, robbing postoffice at Riddleville, was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary and $1,000. Ben C. Nix, breaking and entering postoffice at Hendrick, was sentenced to the penitentiary for three years. Lincoln Stafford, for stealing a valuable letter at Camilla, was sentenced to the penitentiary for two years. W. J. Ammons, robbings postoffice at Dong, was sentenced to the penitentiary for two years.

All of these will be sent to the penitentiary at Nashville, Tenn. Leroy Duval was convicted of stealing a valuable letter. Sentence has not yet been passed. Judge Speer set several civil cases for trial, among them being the case of the interstate commerce commission versus Louisville and Nashville railroad on June 24th. L. A. Shaver, special attorney of the commission, and W. W. Morden, Jr., of Savannah, will represent plaintiff. Edward Baxter, of Nashville, will appear for the railway.

NEW WAY TO SEA FROM MACON

Macon, Dublin and Savannah Given Terminal Facilities.

Macon, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the mayor and aldermen tonight, Alderman Morgan, chairman of the public property committee, submitted a report from the mayor, finance and public property committees recommending that the request of the Macon, Dublin and Savannah Railway Company be granted for certain land lying near the Central City park for depot, yard and shop purposes, provided that the company's road be extended from Dublin, its present terminus, to a point on the Seaboard Air-Line or to Savannah direct, and completed within twelve months, and the main shops and offices of the road be located at Macon.

The report was unanimously adopted by council and the proper contract will be drawn between the city and company and duly signed.

President James T. Wright, Vice President Dudley M. Hughes, John M. Stubbs and other officials of the Macon, Dublin and Savannah road, were in the council chamber at the time of the adoption of the report and they were highly elated over the unanimous action of the mayor and aldermen. They say the action of council tonight means a new road for Macon to the sea. The company says it has $1,000,000 in hand with which to build the extension and work will commence at once. The extension will, in all probability, be made to some point on the Seabord—Vidalia, in Montgomery county, of Lyons, in Tatnall county, which points are about fifty miles from Dublin and about six miles from Savannah. This road from Macon to Savannah would be about 170 miles, a much shorter road than any other existing line between the two points.

Chairman Moore, of the finance committee, introduced a resolution which was unanimously adopted, authorizing the mayor of Jacksonville to draw on the mayor of Macon for $250 for the benefit of fire sufferers. The chamber of commerce has appointed committees for receiving subscriptions and Mayor Smith has issued a request to citizens to give liberally. Liberal contributions are being made by citizens to the Jacksonville fund.

News Notes from Macon.

Macon, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—The Macon lodges of Odd Fellows will unite and give a basket picnic tomorrow at Indian Spring. A very large crowd of Odd Fellows and their friends will attend.

The funeral services of Harry Gostin, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Vance, were held this morning from the residence of the bereaved parents, Rev. J. B. Johnstone, pastor of First Street Methodist church, officiated.

Dr. J. E. Wright, who has been resident physician at the Macon hospital, has commenced the active practice of medicine and surgery in this city, having resigned his position at the hospital for that purpose.

Policeman Larry Travis has been granted leave of absence for a month to visit his mother in Ireland.

Large congregations are daily attending the revival services at Mulberry Street Methodist church. Rev. George B. Stuart, of Tennessee, is preaching highly interesting sermons.

Over $200 have been raised by voluntary subscriptions to the erection of a monument over the grave of the late Hon. Hope Polhill, solicitor general of the Macon circuit. It is expected that several hundred dollars more will be subscribed.

The remains of Samuel Solomon arrived from Atlanta today and were met at the depot by relatives and a large number of friends. The body was taken direct from the depot to Wolf cemetery, where the interment was made. Rabbi Marcuson officiated.

Tomorrow a large party will leave Macon for New Orleans to attend the Southern Baptist convention. The Maconites will be joined by persons from neighboring towns.

A large membership of St. Omar commandery left Macon tonight for Americus to attend the annual conclave of the grand commandery of Knights Templars of Georgia. The commandery carried with it a very handsome banner just purchased at a cost of $300. It is made of white satin, covered with gold ornaments and jewels. St. Omar is one of the largest and most prosperous commanderies in the state.

A petition has been filed in Bibb superior court by Messrs. W. W. DeHaven, J. H. B. Wilder, P. W. Jones, A. B. Subers, I. B. Boirs and W. J. Beeland for incorporation under the name of the Master Builders' Association of the city of Macon. Among the objects of the association is to prevent abuses in the building business and to prevent imposition on the part of irresponsible or incompetent persons.

The ladies' auxiliary of the Young Men's Christian Association held a largely attended and interesting meeting this afternoon in conference with Secretary McFadden. Matters relating to the advancement of the Young Men's Christian Association work was discussed.

The funeral services of Mrs. Sarah Nunn were held this afternoon from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. W. S. Diedrich. Rev. W. W. Pinson, of the Mulberry Street Methodist church, officiated. The pallbearers were Messrs. W. G. Solomon, G. P. Clarke, W. T. Wood, C. T. King, Charlton Adams and W. S. Diedrich. Mrs. Nunn died at Sylvania yesterday afternoon and the remains were brought to Macon today for burial. The deceased was seventy years old.

JUDGE RUSSELL IS IN MACON.

He Is Presiding for Judge Felton in Disqualified Cases.

Macon, Ga. May 7.—(Special.)—Judge R. B. Russell, of the Western circuit, arrived in Macon today to preside for Judge Felton in Bibb superior court in cases in which Judge Felton is disqualified. Judge Russell entered upon the trial of the first case this afternoon, namely, W. J. Moore, of Fort Valley, versus the Central of Georgia Railway Company. He sues for $10,000 damages. It is alleged that some months ago Moore tried to pass through one of the gates at the union passenger depot, when he was prevented by Gatekeeper Rogers, who was acting temporarily in that capacity. An altercation is said to have ensued in which Moore was hit on the head by Rogers with a stick. It is said that the defendant company will seek to show that Moore was intoxicated and was the aggressor. Moore is represented by Guerry & Hall and Felton Hatcher. The company is defended by Hall & Wimberly.

Malaria Causes Biliousness.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic removes the cause.

THE TOUR OF THE CONDUCTORS

They Leave Macon Saturday Night for the Great Northwest.

Macon, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—On next Saturday night at 7:10 the conductors special train, containing nearly one hundred and thirty conductors and members of their families, will leave Macon via Atlanta for Minneapolis, where the convention of the Order of Railway Conductors of the United States and Canada will be held. The special train, consisting of four Pullman coaches, a dining car and a baggage car, will be run under the auspices of the Macon division. A number of Atlanta conductors and their wives will be in the party. Conductors H. C. Holst and Fred Brooks, of the Mexican National railroad, reached Macon today from Mexico to take the trip. After the convention the Georgia conductors will make a tour of several states, going through Oregon and California and back through Yellowstone park and Colorado. The party will be gone about thirty days. Conductor W. F. Holt is delegate from the Macon division.

WILL HAVE A RIFLE RANGE.

County and Road Commissioners Grant Request of Military.

Macon, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—The Macon military will have a fine rifle range. This was decided today at a joint meeting of the two boards of county and road commissioners. The county commissioners granted to the military a splendidly situated tract of land near the city for a range and the road commissioners agreed to allow the chaingang to prepare a roadway to the range and put the range in shape. The military are highly pleased over the action of the commissioners. Colonel Cann, of Savannah, state inspector of rifle ranges, has inspected the site of the proposed range and he pronounces it one of the best in the south. Owing to the central location of Macon the military of the state may select it as the place for their annual rifle practice. The range is situated on the line of the Metropolitan street railway, which makes it accessible to the city.

Atlantans Out for Fun.

Savannah, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—Howell Jackson, Marion Jackson and Quil Orme, of Atlanta, and Lloyd Owens and Captain David Barrow left tonight for Warsaw on a marooning trip. The Atlanta gentlemen were down to attend the sale of the H. R. Jackson estate property at the court house, and decided to stay over for their maroon.

A Miscalculation.

A great many people feel that they cannot afford to pay a reasonable fee to a competent specialist for treatment, and believe that they are saving money by relying upon patent medicines at so much per bottle.

This is a common mistake. I have had patients who had spent their money for almost every advertised medicine, and were finally forced to come to me for a cure. They afterwards admitted that they would not only have saved money, but their health as well, if they had taken my treatment from the first. The best treatment is always cheapest in the long run.

If you suffer with any kind of chronic disease, you should obtain the proper treatment promptly. The more you experiment with ready-made medicines, the longer you postpone a cure. I give each case close study and treat all of its symptoms and conditions. My skill gained by twenty years' devotion to my specialty is at your disposal.

Free consultation invited either in person or by mail. Complete 64-page book and self-examination blanks sent free to any address.

Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. Private reception room for ladies.

Address J. Newton Hathaway, M.D., 33-8 Inman building, 23½ S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

JACKSON ESTATE AT AUCTION

Old Savannah Property Put Upon the Block.

FAIR PRICES ARE SECURED

Heirs Buy in Extensively, an Atlantan Being Among the Purchasers.

Savannah, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—Property of the estate of the late Henry R. Jackson was sold today at public outcry to the amount of $71,25[illegible]. Much of the property was bought in by or for heirs of the estate, Marion M. Jackson, of Atlanta, being a large purchaser. The four small stores at Broughton and Drayton streets brought $12,100 and the large residence at Oglethorpe avenue and Bernard, $10,050. The residence occupied by Captain D. G. Purse, on Liberty street, brought $7,200. Other pieces of property brought from $5,000 to $7,000. Other desirable property was disposed of by real estate agents, the Walden property on Bull and Jones streets being purchased by James R. Sheldon for $20,000. Mr. Sheldon also purchased the Savannah academy lot on Madison square for $9,200.

It was a good day for real estate agents, several of yhom made considerable sales, C. H. Dorsett selling a block of lots on Belton street east for $10,000. Much of the property which changed hands yesterday will be improved by the purchasers.

WHY MISS SNYDER RESIGNED.

She Explains Her Resignation as Columbus Public School Teacher.

Columbus, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—Miss Rosa B. Snyder publishes in The Enquirer-Sun, of Columbus, a statement explaining her resignation as a teacher in the public schools of that city. As has already been told in The Constitution, she was reprimanded by Superintendent Gibson for expressing herself very freely on one of the school regulations about watching the children on the playground during recess hours. Objecting to her open criticism, Superintendent Gibson reprimanded her in the presence of several other teachers. The matter was carried before the board and Superintendent Gibson was sustained, whereupon Miss Snyder resigned. In her statement she says:

In a recent issue of your paper, referring to my resignation as a member of the corps of teachers of the public schools, your statement is apt to be misleading as to the cause of my resignation. I did not resign because reprimanded by Superintendent Gibson in the manner your notice would impiy, but because a public meeting of teachers was called by him for the avowed purpose of administering a rebuke to me publicly and in their presence after having twice privately censured me for my alleged misconduct. My position was that superintendent Gibson had no right to openly and publicly humiliate me, and I asked the board to say whether under the facts he should not be required to undo the wrong in a proper apology.

My withdrawal from the schools was purely a private matter in which the public is not interested, but connected with it is a principle, and that is that every teacher in the schools is entitled to as much protection and to as strict enforcement of the rules and regulations of the schools as is the superintendent, and that every teacher should have a full, fair and impartial hearing on any grievance.

Miss Synder then recites her side of the case in full and claims that she was not given a fair hearing by the board, but that the superintendent took advantage of his position to do her an injustice and that she felt sure the board could not have acted as it did had she been heard from. She says:

Perhaps I am too prejudiced to express a fair opinion in this case, but it seems to me that severe reproof twice administered for words uttered where they could possibly harm no one, and violate no rule, was quite sufficient and that when the superintendent of the schools had found that this action in publicly humiliating and wounding my feelings before my associate teachers had given such distress to myself and the members of my family, it would have been the part of a high-minded man, who wanted to do no injustice, to at least have endeavored in a measure to have righted this wrong. Instead of this, knowing his power and influence with a majority of the board, and standing upon the pedestal of his exalted position as superintendent, he has forced all this unpleasant and unfortunate proceedings upon the board of trustees, and has succeeded in forcing me out of the schools, a step which my self-respect demanded that I should take.

Better for the Blood than Sarsaparilla for those living in the Malaria Districts. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

STANDING COMMITTEES NAMED

Savannah Fair Association Is Now Well at Work.

Savannah, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—The standing committees of the Savannah Fair Association were appointed today by President George W. Edwards. There will now be nothing to interfere with the work for the state fair. The appointments of directors to serve on the committees were as follows:

Building committee—A. B. Moore, Geo. W. Tiedeman, Albert Wylly.

Finance committee—B. H. Levy, Herman Myers, C. H. Dorsett.

Premium committee—Colonel J. H. Estill, Maior G. M. Rials, A. S. Gulkenhelmer.

Advertising committee—P. A. Stovall, Leopold Adler, J. W. Jackson.

Hon. Pope Brown, president of the State Agricultural Society, and Martin V. Calvin, secretary, are expected in the city tomorrow for a conference with Mr. Owens. Both gentlemen are to begin work at once in the interest of the state fair.

ONE NEGRO INSTANTLY KILLED

Elevated Track Gives Way and Three Men Are Caught Under It.

Savannah, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—At 8 o'clock this afternoon at the Plant system wharves one negro was killed and two others were painfully injured. By some means the elevated track of the tram road over the wharf, which is used to convey guano from the Savannah Guano Company to ships at the wharf, collapsed, and the engine and wagons fell to the wharf below, a distance of forty feet. Edward Williams was crushed to death in the ruins, and Ed Montgomery and David Gaines were badly injured. Williams was nineteen years of age, and was from Liberty county, where his body was taken for interment.

SUMTER DELEGATES SELECTED

Americus Veterans Are Now Ready for the Memphis Reunion.

Americus, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—Camp Sumter, Confederate Veterans, this afternoon elected six delegates to represent the camp at the Memphis reunion, though many more veterans are expected to attend. The local camp has determined to raise subscriptions for furnishing a room in the Georgia Confederate home in honor of the memory of Colonel A. S. Cutts, a gallant confederate officer and a former commander of this camp. Officers for the ensuing year were elected today.

The route for Georgians to the Pan-American Exposition is by Atlanta's own terminal, the Seaboard Air-Line railway. Office No. 7 North Pryor street, Atlanta.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR ARRIVING.

Americus Prepared To Entertain the Coming Visitors.

Americus, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—Delegations from the different state commanderies Knights Templars are already arriving to attend the conclave of the grand commandery of Georgia tomorrow. The commanderies will assemble tomorrow morning and the street parade will be an imposing spectacle.

OLIPHANT SUCCEEDS POUND

Trustees Elect President for Gordon Institute.

TWO CANDIDATES VOTED FOR

Col. Woodward, of Georgia Military Academy, Had Three Supporters on Board.

Barnesville, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—Professor G. Frank Oliphant was elected president of Gordon institute tonight to succeed Professor Jere M. Pound, at a meeting of the trustees held for this purpose. He was elected on the first ballot by a vote of six to three. The three opposing votes were cast for Colonel J. C. Woodward, of the Georgia Military academy. The votes were cast as follows:

[illegible]

For Oliphant, J. J. Rogers, president of the board of trustees; J. W. Stafford, J. W. Hightower, E. J. Murphey, E. T. Pound and Edward Elder.

For Woodward, W. B. Smith, J. W. Hanson and P. F. Matthews.

Professor Oliphant has been associated with the school here as vice president for a number of years, and in that time has proved himself an able educator and a man of culture and refinement. It is the universal opinion here that a worthy successor to Professor Pound has been elected.

HEETH RESIDENCE IS BURNED.

Family Narrowly Escapes as Flames Advance.

Thomasville, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—The residence occupied by P. S. Heeth and family was completely destroyed here this morning shortly after 3 o'clock. P. S. Heeth, Mrs. P. S. Heeth, Jr., and Harry Smith barely escaped. The fire started between a bedroom and the parlor and was of incendiary origin, as no fire had been in the house since the morning before. Hardly anything was saved. The building was insured in the Glenns Falls Insurance Company, J. T. Culpepper, agent, for $1,000, and the furniture in the Hartford, Hansell & Merrill, agents, for $750.

FOR THE ALUMNI BANQUET.

Athenians Are Preparing for the Great Event.

Athens, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—The committee in charge of the alumni entertainment at commencement is now beginning to make preparations for that affair. It was thought at one time that an old-fashioned barbecue would be given instead of a banquet, but that idea has been abandoned. It is deemed impracticable by the committee to give a swell banquet on account of the cost involved.

The decision has been practically reached to give an elegant lunch, such as was given so successfully last commencement, and to arrange for a number of short speeches from alumni present at that time. This affair will be on Tuesday evening, June 18th. On account of the large number of university men who will be present it has not been determined as yet at what place the lunch will be given. The committee now has in hand the work of providing a suitable place for that occasion.

HIS RESIDENCE IS DESTROYED

Family in Danielsville Has a Narrow Escape.

Athens, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—In a fire which entirely destroyed his house this morning just after midnight, James Gordon, of Danielsville, Ga., came near losing his wife and his aunt. The family were asleep when the flames broke out, and when they awoke the house was in a bright blaze. Without stopping to make an attempt to save anything, they started to get out of the burning building as quickly as possible.

The flames had made such headway as to almost cut off escape, and it was with great difficulty that Mrs. Gordon and her aunt succeeded in getting out of the house.

The house and all its contents were destroyed. The loss is $1,800, with no insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown. It occurred at an hour that precluded any knowledge of its origin.

MANY COMMISSIONS ISSUED.

New Officers of Military Companies in Different Parts of the State.

Attorney General J. W. Robertson yesterday forwarded commissions to a number of new officers recently elected by military companies in various parts of the state. Commissions were sent to the following:

John A. Hutton, first lieutenant, and George Freeman, second lieutenant, battery A, First battalion, heavy artillery, Savannah.

A. N. Chapman, captain, and A. S. Anderson, first lieutenant, company B, First infantry, Savannah.

E. W. Graham, captain; J. W. Evanst, first lieutenant, and A. C. Clements, second lieutenant, company A, First infantry, McRae.

Russell W. Fleming, first lieutenant, company I, Fourth infantry, Bainbridge.

James Sullivan Bond, first lieutenant, and Albert Borden Greene, second lieutenant, battery C, First battalion, heavy artillery, Savannah.

O. M. Morgan, first lieutenant, and G. D. Footman, second lieutenant, troop C, First cavalry, Springfield, Effingham county.

DEATH OF SANFORD T. JOHNS.

A Well Known Confederate Veteran Passed Away Yesterday from Stroke of Paralysis.

Sanford T. Johns, an aged confederate veteran, died yesterday morning at 10 o'clock at his home near the Chattahoochee river as the result of paralysis.

Mr. Johns was seventy-two years old, and was a member of Atlanta Camp No. 159, United Confederate Veterans. During the war he was a member of company K, Fifth Georgia regiment, of which Colonel John K. Jackson, afterwards brigadier general, was commander. Mr. Johns is survived by several sons, who reside in Atlanta.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the Riverside cemetery, near Casey's. A detail from his camp will escort his body to the grave. Among them will be Captain Henry T. Jennings, former captain of his company; Judge Landrum, Frank Hilburn, Robert P. Davis, W. H. White and several others.

Brewers' Union To Picnic.

Brewers' Union No. 109 will picnic at Ponce de Leon Springs tomorrow. All of the arrangements for the outing have been completed.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR FINALS

Coming Exercises at University Are Given Out.

OPENS ON THE 7TH DAY OF MAY

Speakers at Commencement Have Been Made Known by the Faculty.

Athens, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—A list of the finals at the university has been arranged. It is as follows:

FRESHMAN.

Latin, Monday, May 27th.
Greek, Tuesday, May 28th.
Mathematics, Thursday, May 30th.
Botany, Friday, May 31st.
Mathematics, Monday, June 3d.
Drawing, Tuesday, June 4th.
English, Thursday, June 6th.
German, Friday, June 7th.
Mathematics, Monday, June 10th.

SOPHOMORE.

Chemistry, Monday, May 27th.
Mathematics, Tuesday, May 28th.
English, Thursday, May 30th.
Physics, Friday, May 31st.
History, Monday, June 3d.
Greek and engineering, Tuesday, June 4th.
Physiology, Wednesday, June 5th.
Latin, German, Thursday, June 6th.
Mathematics, Friday, June 7th.
Drawing and agriculture, Monday, June 10th.

JUNIOR.

History, Monday, May 27th.
German, Tuesday, May 28th.
French and horticulture, Thursday, May 30th.
Greek and English language, Friday, May 31st.
Psychology, Monday, June 3d.
Chemistry, Tuesday, June 4th.
Physics, Thursday, June 6th.
Mathematics and agriculture, Friday, June 7th.
Latin, Monday, June 10th.

SENIOR.

German, Friday, May 24th.
Biology, Saturday, May 25th.
Physics, Monday, May 27th.
Chemistry, Tuesday, May 28th.
Ethics, Wednesday, May 29th.
Latin and Spanish, Friday, May 31st.
English literature and language, Monday, June 3d.
Engineering and French, Tuesday, June 4th.
Mathematics and history, Thursday, June 6th.
Geology, Friday, June 7th.

The men to compete for the two speakers' places at commencement have been announced. The speeches of the lawyers occur on the same day as those of the Seniors. The men who are eligible to compete are Hinton Booth, J. A. Branch, J. E. Brannen, E. N. Calhoun, Howell Cone, John DeHart, J. M. Hunt, W. C. Lankford and P. H. Odum. This contest will take place on the 15th.

ATHENS GREETS THE DELEGATES

Episcopal Diocesan Convention Is Now in Session.

ATTENDANCE IS QUITE LARGE

Opening Exercises Occur in the Afternoon and the Work Proves Interesting, While the Churches Are All Crowded.

Athens, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—The delegates to the Episcopal diocesan convention began arriving yesterday, and by the time all get here the number will reach 150. The outlook is that the present convention will be the most important and most satisfactory held in many years.

This afternoon at 4 o'clock the Georgia council of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew began its eighth annual meeting at Emanuel church. Quite a number of members were present, and were called to order by E. S. Elliott, of Savannah. The afternoon session was taken up with reports of officers and other business connected with the order, everything showing a hearty enthusiasm and much progress in the work. This order has demonstrated in many ways its value to the church, and it enters its ninth year with prospects of much better and more extended work than ever before.

Tonight at 8:15 o'clock the Brotherhood of St. Andrew held a devotional meeting, conducted by Rt. Rev. C. K. Nelson, bishop of Georgia, assisted by the clergy. The large auditorium of Emanuel church was filled, and the services were of rare interest to all present.

Following the opening hymn, "Onward, Christian Soldiers," Bishop Nelson conducted the evening service, and then the "Brotherhood Hymn" was charmingly rendered.

Dr. Henry C. White, president of the State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, and a leading official member of Emanuel church, delivered the address of welcome to the brotherhood. It was a beautiful address, and yas couched in terms that carried to everyone present an assurance of warm-hearted hospitality.

Rev. C. B. Wilmer, of St. Luke's church, Atlanta, delivered an admirable address on "Be of Good Courage, and Let Us Play the Men for Our People, and for the Cities of Our God."

Following the hymn, "Stand Up for Jesus," Rev. C. C. Williams, of St. Paul's church, Augusta, delivered an address full of interest and instruction from the text, "For as much as ye are zealous of spiritual gifts, seek that ye may excel to the edifying of the church."

The address of Rev. F. F. Reese, of Christ church, Macon, was enjoyed. He spoke from the text: "Building up yourselves on your most holy faith, praying in the Holy Ghost." The services were concluded with the hymn, "Ten Thousand Times Ten Thousand."

Tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock the diocesan convention proper will be called to order by Bishop Nelson, and will remain in session two days.

Tomorrow evening from 5:30 to 8 o'clock Dr. and Mrs. H. C. White will receive the members and friends of Emanuel church at their home on Milledge avenue, in order that all may meet the bishop and delegates to the convention.

Malaria Makes Impure Blood.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic cures Malaria, 50c.

THE SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

Georgia Superintendents Are Now in Session.

Athens, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—The county school commissioners of Georgia are in session in this city, and the present session bids fair to accomplish a great deal for the educational interests of Georgia.

Scores of the commissioners arrived during the day and others will be here tomorrow morning. Every section of the state is well represented, and there is a noticeable enthusiasm on all sides that shows how great is the interest taken in the educational affairs of the state by these distinguished educators.

The opening session of the convention was held this afternoon at half-past 3 o'clock at the Athenaeum Club house. President Rucker and his committee of reception, consisting of Chancellor W. B. Hill, President H. C. White, President E. C. Branson, Hon. John D. Mell, Superintendent G. G. Bond, Messrs. E. R. Hodgson, M. G. Michael, S. M. Herrington, G. H. Palmer, T. J. Shackelford and C. B. Griffith, received the guests with grace and hospitality.

The convention was called to order by the president, State School Commissioner G. R. Glenn, who made a few appropriate remarks.

Addresses of welcome were made by Mayor E. J. Smith in behalf of the city of Athens; President J. H. Rucker, in behalf of the Athenaeum; Chancellor Hill, in behalf of the University of Georgia; President E. C. Branson, in behalf of the State Normal school, and Hon. John D. Mell, in behalf of the city board of education.

To these addresses H. W. Wooding, of Banks county, responded. Colonel Wooding is one of the most entertaining speakers in the state and one of the most successful county school commissioners. His remarks elicited much applause and put everybody in the very best of humor for the proceedings of the convention.

The remaining portion of the afternoon session was given to a discussion of the question of how to secure good schoolhouses and good equipment. The discussion was led by Hon. J. E. Houseal, of Polk county. The great drawback to county schools in Georgia for past years has been poor schoolhouses and poor equipments. In many counties this deficiency has been in a measure remedied, but there is a great deal of work yet to be done in this direction. The discussion of the subject by the county commissioners brought out a number of ideas that will bear good fruit.

Tonight the session was taken up with a discussion of "local taxation," led by Hon. M. B. Dennis, of Putnam county, and of "Centralization of Schools," led by Hon. J. N. Rogers, of Washington county. Both subjects were full of meat. They involve considerable departure from the beaten track, but it is evident from the position taken by many that such reforms are not outside the probabilities of the near future.

An interesting feature of tomorrow's session will be the discussions of "State Uniformity of Textbooks," "Decorating Rural School Houses and Grounds," "Best Plan of Grading Country Schools," "School Libraries; How to Secure and Use Them," and "Qualifications of Members of Boards of Education."

The convention will remain in session until Thursday afternoon, at which time the Athens school exhibit will open and hold the attention of all present until Saturday afternoon. The larger number of the county school commissioners will stay over until the school exhibit closes in order to thoroughly inspect the school work from all over the country.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR KIDNEYS

The Most Important Organs in the Body—Symptoms of Disease and Cure—Free Advice.

The kidneys are simply flood filters. Every drop of blood in the body passes through and is filtered by healthy kidneys every three minutes.

Most diseases are caused by poison in the blood. The poison should be kept out. The kidneys are supposed to do this—that is what they are there for.

They generally do, but when they are diseased they can't; and then you get sick.

The kidneys may get weak or diseased from a thousand and one causes; from overwork, worry, a simple cold, from lifting or a strain, excess, high living, etc.

Many of our great men die from Bright's Disease because so many overwork themselves. Other folks suffer from Diabetes, Dropsy, Swelling of the Feet and Ankles, Rheumatism, Bad Blood, Gout, Gravel, Inflammation of the Bladder, Sleeplessness, Anaemia, Nervousness, Headache, Neuralgia, Urine looks badly, with strong odor, frequent desire to pass water, Dizziness.

All these diseases would go if the poison could be kept out of your blood.

If the kidneys would only do their work! If you will take Stuart's Gin and Buchu they will help your kidneys do their work, and Stuart's Gin and Buchu will destroy the poison so that a permanent cure is made after all else fails. All the symptoms promptly disappear and you feel better from the first dose.

Stuart's Gin and Buchu give energy, life and power to the kidneys. They cause the kidneys to purify the blood, to make it redder and healthier and more nourishing. Puts new life into your body, new color into your blood, new ambition into your mind, new use into your muscles. Sold at drug stores, or by express prepaid, $1.

Thoroughly tested for twenty years, Stuart's Gin and Buchu, pleasant to take. You can rely on this grand cure for weak kidneys. Free medical advice given on kidney troubles. Stuart's Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga.



JAPANESE FIRE SCREENS FREE

We will give a handsome JAPANESE FIRE SCREEN to customers who purchase on

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

any of the following goods:

$1.00 worth of Tea or Coffee
50c worth of Flavoring Extracts
45c worth of A. & P. Baking Powder or
1 lb. Thea-Nectar Tea.

This Special for Friday and Saturday Only.

The Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Co.

75 WHITEHALL ST.

JACOBS' PHARMACY. JACOBS' PHARMACY.

Boycott Still On.

The little local jobbers who are "standing in" with the retailers' combine to force high prices down the public's throat still refuse to sell Jacobs' Pharmacy because they claim

We Are Aggressive Cutters.

Of course we are aggressive cutters, and always will be. That's why the shoe pinches. We're too aggressive to suit the combine.

Every Druggist in Town is in this thing and a Fine Outfit it is.

Some Big Specials.

Armour's Glycerine Soap, 4 ounce cake, for..... 10c
Finest Parchment Note Paper, one pound boxes..... 25c
Linane, for cleaning your straw hat, makes it look like new..... 18c
Moerlein Beer, pints, dozen..... 90c

Jacobs' Pharmacy.

A BIG REVIVAL AT CUTHBERT

Resident Minister Is Being Aided by Visiting Preachers.

Cuthbert, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—The series of meetings which have been in progress at the Methodist church for the past two weeks, are being protracted this week. Rev. J. E. Wray, the pastor, is being assisted by Revs. Mather, of Macon, and Overby, of Georgetown. Several young people have united with the church.

A Very Remarkable Remedy.

"It is with a good deal of pleasure and satisfaction that I recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Druggist A. W. Sawtelle, of Hartford, Conn. "A lady customer, seeing the remedy exposed for sale on my show case, said to me: 'I really believe that medicine saved my life the past summer while at the shore,' and she became so enthusiastic over its merits that I at once made up my mind to recommend it in the future. Recently a gentleman came into my store so overcome with colic pains that he sank at once to the floor. I gave him a dose of this remedy which helped him. I repeated the dose and in fifteen minutes he left my store smilingly informing me that he felt as well as ever." Sold by all druggists.

HE WILL SINK OIL WELLS IN ALABAMA

Royal Baking Powder Man Has Invested Money.

HAS GONE OVER 1,000 FEET

Near Mobile the People Are Satisfied Oil Will Be Found in Great Abundance—The Search Is Now Going Forward.

Mobile, Ala., May 7.—(Special.)—Beverly Gaines & Denison, real estate men who have been acting as agents for Captain Joseph A. Rose, the New York capitalist and the president of the Royal Baking Powder Company, in the matter of the deal for the Cullom Springs property, announced tonight that the deal has been closed, and the transfer will take place tomorrow when Captain Rose will return to the city from Ocean Springs, Miss.

Captain Rose first offered $25,000 for the property, but Mrs. Dahlberg, the proprietress, held out for $30,000. It appeared for a few days that the parties to the deal would not come together on the price, but mutual concessions were made for a part of the property and for granting Mrs. Dahlberg privileges, Captain Rose pays the sum of $11,000. His agents say that Captain Rose will at once proceed to arrange for the boring of the well, which has already gone down 1,365 feet. Here the drills struck a layer of rock and were broken, causing the work at that time to be discontinued.

There were three bidders for the Cullom Springs property, two of them being local companies. But Captain Rose out bid them all, and has secured the property. Cullom Springs is about sixty miles from Mobile, and only a short distance from the Mobile and Ohio railroad at Waynesboro. It is also located very close to the river, thus affording easy transportation facilities.

Northern capitalists are boring a well in Escambia county, Ala., near the Florida line. This is said to be almost due east of the Choctaw county oil belt. Local parties are having bored a well, at a brick yard about four miles north of this city, where there are numerous indications and outcroppings of oil. There are said to be a large number of strangers in the Choctaw and Washington county districts. A local railroad man, who is handling the oil end of the business for his railroad, has advices that tend to show that there will be a rush to Mobile and this vicinity within the next few weeks of men interested in oil.

CARRIE NATION IS SUSTAINED.

President of W. C. T. U. Indorses the Kansan's Work.

Jackson, Miss., May 7.—(Special.)—In an interview on Mrs. Carrie Nation and her methods of conducting a temperance crusade, Mrs. L. M. N. Stevens, national president of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, who has been in the city several days attending the state Woman's Christian Temperance Union convention, expressed herself as follows:

"As president of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, I do not condemn Mrs. Nation for what she has been doing. I leave that for other tribunes. I would not advise any white woman to employ such methods in putting down the liquor traffic, but nevertheless I think Mrs. Nation has done much good and she has aroused the public conscience of Kansas and other states. I don't think that any other state except Kansas could produce a Carrie Nation. It produced John Brown, and it took Kansas, with its rough life and peculiar environments, to produce a Carrie Nation."

WENT FROM JAIL TO ALTAR

Broker Hogin's Slayer Is Released from Prison.

Memphis, Tenn., May 7.—(Special.)—Doris Noble, the young woman who recently shot and killed Broker W. Hogin, one of the most prominent members of the Memphis and New Orleans cotton exchanges, is a free woman. The murder charge against her was dismissed today by Assistant Attorney-General Norfleet, upon the request of the Hogin family. Since her release the woman has married Bert Lamont, a young man whom she met at the jail. He was recently sent to the work house, but was liberated in order that he might marry the woman. They will leave town, going to Paducah, the former home of the girl. Hogin, a wealthy man, left his wife and daughter at a theater, went to the home of the Noble girl and after a quarrel with her was shot. The affair caused a big stir in social and commercial circles.

FLORIDA LEGISLATURE IS BUSY

Quite a Number of New Bills Are Passed.

Tallahassee, Fla., May 7.—(Special.)—The senate bill appropriating $20,000 for relief of Jacksonville fire sufferers, passed the house early this morning and was immediately signed by the governor and the money made available for immediate use.

The senate concurred in the house resolution providing for joint committees to investigate and report what further assistance the legislature can render.

Resolutions touching the death of Admiral Beardslee, Senator Call and Congressman Sparkman were adopted.

New bills introduced in both houses: To enable cities and towns to fix water rates; to provide penalty for earthquake; to enable cities and towns to fix salaries of city officers; to authorize labor organizations to use trade marks and protect same; to amend local bills were also introduced. Several local bills were also introduced today were: To authorize labor organizations to use trade marks and protect same; to amend local bills were also introduced. Several local bills were also introduced.

The senate passed Senator Grillo's pure food bill and transacted a large amount of routine business.

The house passed a bill for the relief of aged teachers; bill fixing bond of commissioner of agriculture at $10,000; bill authorizing married women under age to convey real estate.

DIGGING FOR GOLD IN NORTH GEORGIA IS NOW TAKING ON A VIGOROUS LIFE

By Pascal J. Moran.

Dahlonega, En route through Georgia.—Gold is a subject so entrancing that its discussion is hard to be abandoned. When General A. J. Warner, the great Ohio advocate of the 16 to 1 theory, struck Georgia, and decided to become a Georgia miner, he concluded that here at least was a gold against which silver could hold no comparison, and he promptly advised a dropping of the whole subject. The Crown mountain property, which the general has secured, has passed through many mutations. It first attracted the attention of the late Dr. Stephenson, who, of all geologists, has done most justice to this section. Dr. Stephenson had a personal knowledge of local formations, by which the dogmas of the geologists were corrected. He found himself in the position of the man who visited his friend in jail, to advise him that they could not put him in such a place. "But I am on the inside of the cage," pleaded the prisoner. The books have theories in regard to gold deposits which the pick of the Georgia miner is constantly upsetting, so far as his locality is concerned. Therefore Dr. Stephenson held that there were not only pockets of gold in Georgia, but sure enough veins, full and bulging with yellow wealth. Crown mountain he regarded as the center of these vast deposits, which reach out for three miles on the one side and about ten miles on the other.



As to the New Mining.

There is, of course, much diversity of opinion as to the new mining. It is admitted on all sides that the hydraulic age has about gone the way of the pan age.

"The people of this section," says Judge Murray, "have been skimming over the surface and covering up their tracks until the country is largely denuded. The saprolitic strata is easy of manipulation, but requires hydraulic force. Running through this great mass of decomposed ore are numerous small and large quartz veins. Some of these veins are high-grade ore and will all be mined and milled with water along with the decomposed ores. The hard quartz within the saprolite veins, together with the decomposed ores constituting the saprolite, can be mined and milled with water at a cost of from 12½ to 15 cents per ton. There is estimated to be in this body thirty to forty million tons of hard and decomposed ore which can be mined and milled at the cost per ton stated. It is safe to say that this vast body of ore is worth $1 per ton or more. In this estimate the many rich veins outside of the saprolite veins are not included. A responsible gentleman, well acquainted with the property, proposed to take the free gold caught in the flues from the mines to the mill and pay all fixed charges for running the plant. This proposition was rejected. Having reached the sulphurettes, they cannot be treated by hand, and there arises the necessity for larger capital in order to give the gold to the world. While these new methods do not employ the same number of men as of old, a great public purpose is served by enlarging the volume of money."

In this connection Judge John B. Estes, of this circuit, cited a curious decision of the United States court. A gold miner wished to draw water across the farm of an adjoining neighbor, who refused consideration. He appealed to the courts, finally reaching the supreme court, where it was held that under the constitutional privilege of taking property for public purposes, that the extraction of gold was such public work as was then contemplated, and that a miner had the right to draw water for that purpose even over the property of another.

A Veteran Miner.

Colonel H. D. Ingersoll is the veteran gold miner of Georgia. He came to this state about thirty years ago as mining engineer, to take charge of the Hand properties. Ever since, though the management has often been changed, Colonel Ingersoll has remained, keeping a close eye upon developments here.

"I can see no occasion for a rush to Cripple Creek," said he, "so long as we have such prospects in Georgia. If the Georgia field had been thrown open to the prospector, when men might have staked and worked their own claims, this whole section would have been developed years ago. It is only within the last ten years that we could work refractory ores through chlorination, and even this process has been but half successful, and will have to give way to another which is now being placed upon the market. In ores out of which the chlorinator saved but $2 to the ton, the new process saves $7. If we consider what all this means, you will see how rich the beds of the rivers must be. For seventy years mining has been going on hereabout, two-thirds of the gold escaping into the river. If a man had the gold now in the bed of the Chestatee, he might rival some of our billionaires. There is more gold in the sulphurettes than has yet been extracted from the earth, and the capital now being invested will revolutionize the whole business. Some of the ore recently taken from Findlay mine has yielded $669 to the ton.

The Poor Man's Bank.

In many of the gulches and streams the poor people of the country have for seventy years "gone a-fishin'" for gold. As the dust is received in payment by merchants and professional men, there is ready recourse to the "bank." The girl in need of a new dress will select some quiet spot near the water, get a panful of dirt and begin the process of extraction. Within a day she is certain to make a dollar, and perhaps two. Large tracts being in possession of people at a distance, and as even owners cannot be everywhere at once, the gouging of land is quite common. Hence, whenever the countryman comes to town with a little dust, no questions are asked, but he is credited with from 90 to 95 cents per pennyweight, and he is invited to call again. As there are hundreds of miners in the country who are sometimes out of work, it is conceded that they have the right to pan a little dirt for present necessities. "The Poor Man's Bank" is a great institution, and has saved many a man from want, and made unnecessary the presence of the note shaver.

A Challenge to Atlanta.

General Warner, speaking of his success in transferring power fourteen miles by electricity, asked:

"Why do they not harness the Chattahoochee for Atlanta? You people dig into the mountains of Tennessee for coal with which to generate power and heat, paying enormously therefor, when by throwing a wire into the Chattahoochee as a fisher would his line, the entire force of the river could be transferred to the city at one-tenth the cost now paid. The river's rush, conveyed by wire, would be as the force of hundreds of thousands of horse, turning every wheel, operating street railway systems, heating houses, supplying electricity. This is the age of dynamic force, in which no man need move from his place, but each one can bring to himself whatever he wants. I would place my gristmill on the spot from which it would be most convenient to deliver my product, and run a wire out to the power. The Marietta and North Georgia road could be operated from Marietta to Knoxville by electric force held in the center of the system. Atlanta has always been regarded as a live town, and I am surprised that she should have neglected the Chattahoochee so long."

* * *

In support of his theory, General Warner has decided to use electricity in running the railroad from Gainesville to Dahlonega, which he has decided to build during the summer. Then we will have to bid adieu to the sole remaining, delightful old coach which for so many years has made the trip to the mountains and back.

Test for Yourself the Wonderful Curative Properties of Swamp-Root.

To Prove What the World-Famous Discovery, SWAMP-ROOT, Will Do for YOU, Every Reader of The "Constitution" May Have a Sample Bottle Free.



To Readers of The Atlanta Constitution:

For some time I suffered from a serious kidney trouble, and also gravel (calculi), which I believe was the result of carrying heavy loads and continual exposure. I had an almost continual pain in my back, was weak and run down generally. I fully realized that kidney disease was not only remarkably prevalent, but was also one of the greatest dangers of my own employment, as a large percentage of the deaths among letter carriers is due to some form of kidney trouble. After using other remedies without satisfaction, I decided to try Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, which is prepared in my own city and recommended by so many Binghamton people. Within a short time I realized a marked improvement, and in a reasonable time a complete cure was accomplished. It has been some time since I have had to use any of the remedy, and I have no fear of a recurrence of the trouble. Two of my fellow carriers (E. J. Casey and S. C. Sweeney) have also used Swamp-Root for about the same difficulty as mine, and with exactly the same results, and they gladly join me in recommending the remedy to anyone who suffers from kidney, liver or bladder disorders. Very truly yours,

C. E. Stebbins

We endorse the above statement.
E. J. CASEY.
S. C. SWEENEY.
Binghamton, N. Y., January 7, 1901.

C. E. Stebbins has been in the employ of the Binghamton Postoffice for fifteen years, E. J. Casey for ten years and S. C. Sweeney for seven years. This long service speaks volumes of their integrity, honest and efficient work.

(J. H. ROBERTS, P. M.)

EDITORIAL NOTICE—The wonderful remedy, Swamp-Root, is so remarkably successful that a special arrangement has been made by which all of our readers who have not already tried it may have a sample bottle of Swamp-Root sent absolutely free by mail. Also a valuable book telling all about kidney and bladder troubles and containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured by Swamp-Root. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., be sure and say that you read this generous offer in The Atlanta Daily Constitution.

How to Find Out if You Need Swamp-Root.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, and if permitted to continue *fatal results are sure to follow.* Kidney trouble irritates the nerves, makes you dizzy, restless, sleepless and irritable. Makes you pass water often during the day, and obliges you to get up many times during the night. Causes puffy or dark circles under the eyes, rheumatism, gravel, catarrh of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints and muscles, makes your head ache and back ache, causes indigestion, stomach and liver trouble; you get a sallow, yellow complexion; makes you feel as though you had heart trouble; you may have plenty of ambition, but no strength; get weak and waste away.

The kidneys must also filter and purify the blood, so when they are weak or out of order and fail to do their work you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected, and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

The cure for these troubles is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the world-famous kidney remedy. In taking it you afford natural help to Nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science.

If there is any doubt in your mind as to your condition, take from your urine on rising about four ounces, place it in a glass or bottle and let it stand twenty-four hours. If on examination it is milky or cloudy, if there is a brick dust settling, or if small particles float about in it, your kidneys are in need of immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is used in the leading hospitals, recommended by physicians in their private practice, and is taken by doctors themselves who have kidney ailments, because they recognize in it the greatest and most successful remedy for kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

If you are already convinced that this great remedy, Swamp-Root, is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere.

JOHNSON PROVES GREAT WINNER

Annual Field Day of University of Georgia.

OLD RECORDS STILL STAND

Athletes of the Present Year Were Not Up to the Standard Set by Their Predecessors—Many People Witness the Sport.

Athens, Ga., May 7.—(Special.)—The annual field day of the University of Georgia on the college campus was productive of excellent sport. While the records made were comparatively poor, the contests were interesting and several pretty races were run by the young athletes.

The feature of the day was the dual contest between Horace Johnson and Kelly McCutcheon for the prize cup offered by Phinizy Calhoun, 1900, to the winner of the greatest number of points. It was conceded early in the day that the handsome trophy would be won by one of these two men and their struggle for the cup was the center of attraction. Johnson proved to be superior in stamina and speed, though the football ex-captain pushed him hard. Johnson won the two sprints, the quarter-mile run and the high-jump, while McCutcheon won the broad jump and finished second in the sprints and the quarter-mile.

In the hundred-yard dash Johnson was not pushed and won easily in :10 4-5 seconds. As he has run this distance in 10 seconds, the time indicates the ease of his victory. McCutcheon and Ridley, captain of the 1901 football team, had a battle royal for second place.

Johnson and McCutcheon had it all to themselves in the furlong sprint, the former winning in :24 1-5 seconds. Hart was a poor third.

The quarter-mile was a pretty race, but the time was poor, as the runners loped for two hundred yards. Johnson's superior sprint landed him winner, with McCutcheon second and Camp third. Time, 30 seconds. Instead of making this race a sprint all the way, there was a tendency among the runners to "jockey." The half-mile and the mile were won easily by Wright and Hart respectively, who were not hurried by competition.

Hardy had little trouble in winning the high hurdles, and Captain Dean repeated his victory of last year in the low hurdles.

The performance in the jumps and weight events were poor. The competitors showed a lack of form, due to the absence of a coach for the track team. It is probable that a coach will be engaged next year, in which case much better records will be made.

In the pole vault Lattimer displayed excellent form and it is believed that with two weeks' practice he will be able to clear ten feet.

The relay race was a thrilling event. From the start the race resolved itself into a contest between the juniors and the lawyers. The former had a good lead till the last lap, when Earl Donaldson, probably the fastest middle distance runner in the south, ran for the "jacklegs." He ran a phenomenal race, cutting down the lead of twenty yards which Hardy had and winning easily. The time, 3 minutes and 40 seconds, was fast, considering the conditions.

The poor time of all the races was due largely to the miserable condition of the track, which resembled a common sandy Georgia road. The same performances on a cinder track would have been much faster.

Following is a summary of the events:

Hundred-yard Dash—Horace Johnson, 1901, first; Kelly McCutcheon, law, second; Frank Ridley, 1903, third. Time, :10 4-5 seconds. College record, 10 seconds, held by Horace Johnson, 1901.

Two Hundred and Twenty Yard Dash—Horace Johnson, 1901, first; Kelly McCutcheon, law, second; Jack Hart, 1902 third. Time, :24 1-5 seconds. College record, 22 3-5 seconds, held by Harmon Cox, 1900.

Four Hundred and Forty-Yard Run—Horace Johnson, 1901, first; Kelly McCutcheon, law, second; Edwin Camp, 1901, third. Time, :60 seconds. College record, :58 4-5 seconds, held by Harmon Cox, 1900.

Half-mile Run—Louis Wright, 1904, first; Will Thompson, 1901, second; Joe Manley, 1903, third. Time, 22 minutes 22 2-5 seconds. College record, 2 minutes 9 seconds, held by C. B. Marshall, 1899, law.

Mile Run—Jack Hart, 1902, first; Lamar Rucker, law, second; Hugh Scott, 1903, third. Time, 5 minutes 21 seconds. College record, 4 minutes 43 seconds, held by Neyle Colquitt, 1898.

One Hundred and Twenty-Yard Hurdles—Wilson Hardy, 1902, first; Ben Parks, law, second; Cam Dorsey, 1903, third. Time, 20 seconds. College record, 16 1-5 seconds, held by Walter Cothran, 1897.

Two Hundred and Twenty-Yard Hurdles—Sidney Dean, 1902, first; Wilson Hardy, 1902, second; Ben Parks, law, third. Time, 30 1-5 seconds, held by Charley Black, 1898.

High Jump—Horace Johnson, first; Guy Callaway, law, second; Frank Ridley, 1903, third. Height, 5 feet 2 inches. College record, 5 feet 5 inches, held by Arthur Wrigley, 1895.

Broad Jump—Kelley McCutcheon, law, first; Frank Ridley, 1903, second; Guy Calloway, law, third. Distance, 18 feet. College record, 20 feet 4 inches, held by Weaver, 1897.

Pole Vault—Lattimer, law, first; Jack Bower, 1904, second; Cam Dorsey, 1903, third. Height, 8 feet 9 inches. College record, 10 feet 3 inches, held by J. H. McIntosh, 1899.

Hammer Throw—Guy Callaway, law, first; Sam Hewlette, law, second; Archer, 1904, third. Distance, 74 feet 4 inches. College record, 92 feet, held by Threatt Moore, 1900.

Shot Put—Sidney Nix, 1902, first; Sam Hewlette, law, second; Guy Callaway, law, third. Distance, 35 feet 3 inches. College record, 36 feet 4½ inches, held by Price, law, 1895.

Relay Race—Law class team, Rucker, Callaway, Hewlette, McCutcheon and Donaldson, first; junior team, Lewis, Lamar, Camp, Nix and Hardy, second.

Individual score of points:

	1st.	2d.	3d.	Pts.
Johnson	4	0	0	20
McCutcheon	1	3	0	14
Callaway	1	1	2	10
Hardy	1	1	0	8
Hart	1	0	1	6
Hewlette	0	2	0	6
Dean	1	0	0	5
Lattimer	1	0	0	5
Nix	1	0	0	5
Ridley	0	1	2	5
Wright	1	0	0	5

Judges—Professor Patterson, Professor Herty, Colonel C. S. Webb. Timers—Cason, Dorsey, Hodgson. Starter—Von der Leith.

HOE HELPED HIM INTO OFFICE

South Carolina Farmer Worked as He Requested Votes.

Charleston, S. C., May 7.—(Special.)—George S. McCravy, recently appointed deputy United States marshal through the influence of Senator McLaurin, has a political record which is rather unique. A few years ago, when the state was seized in the grasp of Tillmanism, McCravy was an ordinary farmer. The political fever seized him, and he decided forthwith to hunt an office. When it was announced that McCravy was a candidate for sheriff his friends in Laurens county waited to see how the announcement would take. But McCravy did not wait. It was at the busiest season of the year for the farmers, and the corn fields and the cotton fields were overrun with the grass. McCravy knew that farmers would not lay off work to hear him talk, so he planned to work while he talked.

The first day out McCravy stopped in a corn field where several farmers were hoeing side by side. Without waiting to make his advance talk the candidate left his buggy, took a new hoe from under the seat and a moment later was helping to kill the grass. While he took his row and cleaned it, McCravy talked with his friends, and when the two rows had been finished the farmers had promised their support.

This plan of campaign was followed at other farms and in a few weeks McCravy was solid. He said he was not going to allow the grass to grow under his feet while he went over the county, but his chances of defeat would have been good had he not taken to the hoe.

A TRAINING SHIP AT NORFOLK

Monongahela Has Anchored in the York River

Norfolk, Va., May 7.—(Special.)—At the office of the commandant of the navy yard today information was received to the effect that the training ship Monongahela has arrived in the York river. It is there that the men of the crew and the apprentice lads aboard are taken ashore for exercise drills and are practiced in the use of heavy guns with full service charges. The training cruiser Topeka is still in the dry dock here, the work upon her having taken longer to complete than was at first expected. Stores were being placed aboard her today and she may soon depart.

HE WOULDN'T PLACE HIMSELF

Norfolk County Officers Couldn't Locate Their Prisoner.

Norfolk, Va., May 7.—(Special.)—Norfolk county officers this morning thought they had captured the dangerous lunatic murderer, Hy Steele, who recently escaped from Petersburg. A man was seen bearing stumps and swearing at them vociferously. He was captured at the point of a pistol. He said he was Charley Jones, and that he thought he came from Newport News.

HANGS IN COURT OF APPEALS.

Virginia Town Doesn't Know Its Liquor Status Just Now.

Richmond, Va., May 7.—(Special.)—The town of Farmville, in Prince Edward, will be a dry town for some time. This arises from the fact that Judge Hundley, of the circuit court, has granted the petition of C. M. Walker and enjoined the dispensary from opening. The town of Farmville will appeal to the court of appeals, and the town will be dry until that court decides whether or not the dispensary law is constitutional. Business men there are now worried over the state of affairs, as they did the best business last Saturday under no license that has been done in Farmville for many months.

DATE OF HANGING IS FIXED

Under New North Carolina Law Execution Will Be Public.

Raleigh, N. C., May 7.—(Special.)—Governor Aycock has issued his warrant for the execution of Lewis Council, colored, at Fayetteville, June 24th. Council was convicted four months ago of having on May 19th, last year, assaulted Mrs. West, the young wife of a farmer in Cumberland county. He was arrested the day after the crime. Mrs. West identified him positively. Mud on his clothing was precisely like that at the scene of the crime. Under a law enacted this year, all executions must be public, and this will be the first execution this year.

May Not Build Opera House.

Huntsville, Ala., May 7.—(Special.)—The promoters of the new opera house project will abandon their plans if the remaining stock of $1,000 is not taken within the next week. A meeting of shareholders was held yesterday, and they decided to do nothing unless the public takes more interest in the matter.

ASSAULTED AND MURDERED

The Awful Fate of a Young Girl in Kansas.

BODY THROWN INTO A WELL

Assailant and Murderer Will Be Burned at Stake If He Is Captured.

Leavenworth, Kas., May 7.—Ethel Bonnie, a daughter of G. W. Bonnie, an employee of the state penitentiary, while gathering mushrooms near Lansing, was knocked senseless by a blow on the head, after which she was assaulted and her body thrown into an old well. The name of her assailant is unknown.

She regained consciousness, reached the surface and went home, where she told of the crime, dying shortly afterwards. The murderer probably will be burned at the stake if captured.

Her assailant was a white man, presumably a tramp. The assault occurred this morning.

Board Canvasses the Vote.

Montgomery, Ala., May 7.—The state canvassing board today counted the vote cast in the recent election for constitutional convention. The total vote cast, according to the returns made to the secretary of state, was 115,810, of which 70,305 were for convention and 45,505 against giving the convention a majority of 24,800.

CLAIMS FILED FOR $13,000

Parties Who Held Policies in Manhattan Fire Company.

CLAIMS BIGGER THAN DEPOSIT

Local Agents Seek To Secure Return of Unearned Premiums for Customers.

Claims have already been filed with State Treasurer R. E. Park against the Manhattan Fire Insurance Company for considerable more than the $10,000 which the company has on deposit in Georgia.

Two of these claims were received by the treasurer yesterday. One of them was from the R. N. Fickett Paper Company for $2,000, the loss having been sustained in the fire in the old Markham house block. The other claim was from J. L. Riley & Co., local agents for the company, who ask for $5,000 for the purpose of refunding to their patrons premiums paid on policies in the Manhattan Fire Company.

Other claims received by the treasurer are all the way from $700 to $3,000, and the aggregate about $13,000. All of these except the claim of J. L. Riley & Co., for their patrons, are for losses sustained in fires. If these all stand and there is no other provision made to pay, the loss in unearned premiums to policy holders will be considerable.

According to the statement of the company's business, however, its assets exceed its liabilities by over $10,000. It is possible, therefore, that all of the debts will be paid.

A BANK BUILDING WAS SAVED

National Bank of Jacksonville Was Not Lost in the Big Fire.

The statement was incorrectly made in The Sunday Constitution that the National bank building of Jacksonville was destroyed in the fire of last week. A photograph of the building was presented for the benefit of the readers of The Constitution to show one of the largest and handsomest of the business structures of the city that escaped the fire scourge. The national bank building was not touched by the fire and the business of the concern has continued steadily.

GOOD FOR YEAR MORE IN JAIL

Caleb Powers' Attorneys Ask for More Time.

PRISONER'S HEALTH IS BROKEN

Brother of the Convicted Man Now Moving on Toward Mexico.

Frankfort, Ky., May 7.—(Special.)—In the appellate court today there was a favorable action on the prayer of the attorneys of ex-Secretary of State Caleb Powers for thirty additional days in addition to the thirty days already granted them in which to file a petition for a modification of the opinion recently handed down in Powers's case. The original opinion granted Powers a new trial for his alleged share in the murder of Governor Goebel, but the lawyers of the accused man went to ask for more latitude for the defense in the next hearing.

The granting of additional time means that Powers will not be tried this year, as the appellate court will adjourn for the summer before the petition reaches them. As a result Powers's confinement in the jail will last at least twelve months longer. It is feared this will prove fatal to him, as his health has been failing steadily for some months.

It is reported that his brother, Captain John Powers, who is a fugitive, charged in the complicity in the murder of Governor Goebel, is reported to have left his hiding place in the Kentucky mountains and to be en route to Mexico in disguise.

TWO BOYS DROWN TOGETHER.

One Lost His Life Trying To Save the Other.

Victoria, Tex., May 7.—Lawrence, twelve years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Sibley, and Roland, ten years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sibley, were drowned this morning in Spring creek on their grandfather's place. There were no witnesses to the accident, but it is supposed that Lawrence lost his life in trying to save Roland.

For a stiff neck there is nothing better than a free application of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It quickly relieves the stiffness and soreness, effecting a complete cure. For sale by all druggists.

FOR IMPAIRED VITALITY take

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Puts new life, new energy and new ambition into a debilitated system. Restores the appetite, strengthens the nerves and induces refreshing sleep.

THE GENUINE BEARS THE NAME "HORSFORD'S" ON LABEL.

Toast your friends with

YELLOW LABEL WHISKEY



GOOD RYE is soothing—that's Yellow Label. It's mellow, old and oily—the ideal stimulant and invigorator. (Good to have in the family medicine chest.

WE'LL TREAT. The difference is great between this and ordinary whiskey; to show the difference will send you sample bottle free, on receipt of 12cts. to defray packing, etc. Address

CHAS. M. PFEIFER & CO., 47 Main St., Cincinnati, O.
Props. of Estill Springs Distillery.

CALL FOR IT WHEREVER GOOD LIQUOR IS SOLD

UNION LEADERS AND FINANCIERS

Discuss the Relations of Labor and Capital.

TO STOP INDUSTRIAL WARS

Conciliation Is Favored as a means of Maintaining Peace—Union Leaders Tell How the Laborers Want To Be Treated.

New York, May 7.—Conciliation as a means of maintaining industrial peace between labor and capital was discussed by leaders of unionism and finance at the chamber of commerce this afternoon. The meeting was arranged by the industrial department of the National Civic Federation. The speakers were Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; Bishop Potter, John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America; Charles R. Flint, president of the American Rubber Company; Daniel J. Keefe, of the Illinois board of arbitration; William H. Sayward, of the National Association of Builders; James O'Connell, president of the International Association of Machinists, and Herman Justi, commissioner of the Illinois Coal Operators' Association. Samuel Gompers presided, and in opening the meeting expressed the hope that a new epoch had come in the relations of labor and capital. "We want industrial peace, but not at the sacrifice of any of the elements of manhood," he said. "The laboring people insist that they be regarded as something more than wage-earners. They are men with rights and hopes and aspirations and love."

Potter Favors Conciliation.

Bishop Potter expressed his gratification at the growth of the spirit of conciliation. He praised the humanity of American diplomacy in China, and said that it offered a splendid example for emulating.

"If you rise to this opportunity," he said, "you will set the world another example that it will be your privilege to remember with pride all of your lives."

John Mitchell said that he was for peace because he had known the bruises of war. "The relation of labor and capital," said he, "is purely a business proposition. There is no sentiment in it. Peace is better for both, and I am for peace, if we can have an honorable peace. I believe there never would be strikes if the employers and employees could meet in fair conference. If we could have got a hearing last year the great coal strike would have been averted."

He said the public was a party to every strike, and should be consulted.

Charles R. Flint, the capitalist, was humorously introduced as the walking delegate of the American Rubber Company, who worked fourteen hours a day. He expressed his confidence in the good that would come of closer relationship between labor and capital. He exhaustively reviewed the export trade of the country and the accomplishments of the skilled American laborer, and said that in this, the greatest industrial evolution, the world had ever known, there was no room for strikes between American labor and American capital.

Laborer Wants Square Treatment.

William H. Sayward said the laborer did not want sympathy, but good, square treatment, and when he got it he generally returned good, square treatment.

Herman Justi said in commencing:

"Under the old dispensation employer and toiler sought for differences; under the new dispensation they seek points of agreement."

He related the experience in Illinois with a policy of conciliation, and said that it had worked excellently. "I hope this is the beginning of a great movement. Our national prosperity depends upon the steady employment of every wage-earner at a decent wage, and I believe every employer in the country with a heart in his breast or a brain in his head knows it."

Samuel Gompers in closing said that the thorough organization of labor presaged complete protection for the honest employer against his dishonest competitor who "nibbled" at prices.

No larder is complete without a pale of WHITE COTTOLENE. No household can be called "well regulated" that denies itself this improvement in domestic science.

The age of progress in which we live demands that we lay aside such indigestible, unpalatable substances as hog fat and eat foods that are wholesome and appetizing.

White Cottolene

is a pure, vegetable product. There is no department of cookery in which it will not give better results than butter or lard, using one-third less.

As WHITE COTTOLENE is neutral—having no taste or smell—it brings out all the natural flavor and goodness of food. Try it today.



The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago—Sole Manufacturers.

FREE! Our dainty booklet, "A Public Secret," mailed free to any address. For two 2c stamps we will send free our 128 page recipe book, "Home Helps," edited by Mrs. Borer.

P.S.—No Hog Fat in COTTOLENE

BILL WAS SENT TO MACON

Exceptions to Mandamus Decision Submitted to Mr. Guerry.

IT MAY BE FILED ON FRIDAY

Only One Chance for New Class of Widows To Get Pensions This Year.

The bill of exceptions to the decision of Judge Candler in the mandamus suit against State Treasurer R. E. Park was sent to Macon yesterday to be submitted to Hon. Dupont Guerry, one of the leading counsel for the treasurer. The probability is that it will not be filed in the supreme court before Friday or Saturday, though it is not likely this will delay the hearing before that court, as it would hardly be assigned for an earlier date if it were filed at once.

There are many conjectures as to the final outcome of the case and a general desire is expressed by all interested that the supreme court pass upon every feature of it. A decision which will permit of the temporary use of the entire public property fund is the only thing which will give the new class of widows any chance at all to get their pensions this year. If the court simply affirms Judge Candler's decision there would not be enough money left in the treasury to pay these widows. If all of the school warrants can be paid from the public property fund it might be possible to use that portion of the general fund remaining in the treasury, amounting to $77,000, to pay these widows, as that amount will likely be more than sufficient for the purpose.

RAILROAD NOTES.

J. E. Crossland has been appointed assistant general freight agent of the Plant system vice W. C. Denny.

On May 30th the Illinois Central, the Big Four and Lake Shore will inaugurate a through car service between New Orleans and Buffalo via Memphis and Cincinnati.

General Passenger Agent Lynch, of the Big Four has been making prophecies about Buffalo and the Pan-American exposition. He said to a Buffalo reporter last Monday:

"We expect to run an excursion on May 15th from Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Louisville, and all intermediate points, at a cent a mile. The exposition will probably be in as good shape then as later on, May 20th. Our next excursion will be on Decoration day. You mark my words. After this year there will be no gateway to the east, except through Buffalo. I am suffering now from the effect of the World's Fair on our western trade. Our highway to the west is by way of St. Louis, but after the Columbian exposition people would not go west except by way of Chicago. They would even buy a ticket from Cincinnati to Kansas City by way of the Windy City, disdaining to look at the map. After the Pan-American is over Pittsburg and the other great junction points in the east will be forgotten."

It is reported from San Francisco that C. M. Hays, president of the Southern Pacific, is about to introduce a radical change in the management of the system. He will form a cabinet of advisors, to be composed of the heads of practically all the principal departments of the road, with the exception of the law department. The object of this cabinet arrangement is to centralize the authority and responsibility. By this means President Hays will have a firmer grasp on the details of operation of the vast system, and all orders will be issued directly by him after consideration by the cabinet. It is understood that the cabinet will have no authority to interfere with the president, but the members in reality will be advisers to the president, who will be responsible only to the board of directors. It is also stated that H. E. Huntington will not accept re-election to the vice presidency, but that he will continue to be a member of the cabinet.

L. M. Erskine has succeeded R. G. Trezevant as agent of the Ocean Steamship company at Savannah and William Estes, chief clerk in the general freight department of the Central, takes his place as agent of the railroad company at the same point.

Purchasing Agent J. W. Comer, of the Central of Georgia and the Ocean Steamship company, has retired and will hereafter devote his time to personal interests.

Those who intend to visit the Pan-American exposition will do well to give heed to the instructions governing the transportation of baggage, which has been prepared by the roads terminating at Buffalo, and follow them to the letter if they wish to escape endless annoyance and vexation.

These provide that all baggage be plainly marked with the owner's name and permanent or home address, so that if it should go astray it will not be indefinitely lost. Hand luggage should not be checked and passengers are asked to keep it in their possession. All baggage should be indentified by owners from the point of departure, and they are requested to keep memoranda of the number of the check, the full lettering of all railroad or express transfer checks, and the date and place at which same was obtained.

A circular from Traffic Manager Pleasants announces the appointment of L. A. Shipman as traveling freight and passenger agent of the Ocean Steamship Company, with headquarters at Birmingham.

Excursion rates on the certificate plan have been arranged for members and delegates attending the following meetings:

Annual convention United Daughters of the Confederacy of Tennessee, Lebanon, Tenn., May 8th-10th.

Georgia State Board of Pharmacy and Georgia Pharmaceutical Association, Atlanta, Ga., May 20th-22d.

Annual convention State Baptist Association, Thomasville, Ga., June 5th-9th.

A rate of one first-class fare for the round trip is announced to Monteagle, Tenn., and return, account Monteagle Assembly Bible school, July 30th-31st, and Monteagle Assembly Sunday School institute, August 12th-23d; and to Old Point Comfort, Va., and return, account annual convention National Travelers' Protective Association of America, June 3d-8th.

The Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern railway, Atlanta and West Point railroad, Central of Georgia railway, Southern railway and Western and Atlantic railroad announce a rate of one first-class fare for the round trip plus 50 cents admission to the chautauqua to Marietta, Ga., and return from points within a radius of one hundred miles, account of Marietta Chautauqua, Marietta, Ga., June 30th, July 6th.

Also a rate of 1 cent per mile in each direction per capita for military companies and brass bands in uniform, twenty or more on one ticket, to apply from same territory.

Tickets restricted to continuous passage in each direction, to be sold daily from June 29th to July 6th inclusive, with final limit July 7th.

Molineux Case in June.

New York, May 7.—It has been decided that the Molineux case will be argued before the court of appeals in June. The appeal has been printed and part of the matter is now in the hands of ex-Senator Hill, who will argue the case for the district attorney.

CUBAN TOBACCO WILL BE FOUGHT

Cigar Leaf Association Opposed to Reciprocity.

PRESENT SCHEDULE SUITS

Only Amendment Wanted Is One Looking to Uniform Rate for Leaf Tobacco—Resolution Looking to Blacklisting Killed.

New York, May 7.—The third annual convention of the National Cigar Leaf Tobacco Association was continued this afternoon. John R. Young, of Philadelphia, presided. The secretary, Walter G. Wilson, of Philadelphia, read the report of the committee on resolutions. One resolution presented declared that the association was credibly informed that manufacturers in various sections of the country, and notably in Cincinnati, were doing a leaf tobacco business without having paid the special tax required of dealers in leaf tobacco, and that they avoided this tax by taking refuge under the section of the law which permits manufacturers to sell to other manufacturers such leaf tobacco as may be suitable for their own use. The following resolution was passed to meet this situation:

"Resolved, That the National Cigar Leaf Tobacco Association protests against the continuance of this evil, and requests the internal revenue authorities to investigate into the matter and to apply the proper remedy, so that all manufacturers of leaf tobacco and leaf tobacco dealers shall be on an unprejudiced and equitable footing in regard to their obligations to the government.

Weight of Imported Tobacco.

The next resolution taken up dealt with the method of calculating the weight of imported tobacco in assessing the duties. At present the "dock weight" is taken, and this is usually much greater than the weight taken after the tobacco has been in the warehouse for some time. There is some difference of opinion among the members of the association as to just what it would be best to agitate for, but they want some change made. One member said yesterday that the English method ought to be adopted, whereby a sample is taken at the dock and thoroughly dried out by artificial means. From the weight lost in this operation with the sample the net weight of the entire invoice is calculated. A resolution was passed referring the matter to the legislative committee, with instructions to work for a change in the administrative section of the tariff law, so as to have the net weight taken in assessing the duty if it shall be deemed impracticable to secure the repeal altogether of the requirement that the dock weight shall be taken.

Another resolution passed directs the legislative committee to keep a representative as heretofore at Washington. Still another resolution was passed, however, directing that no effort be made at present to secure the amendment of the tobacco schedule in the tariff, except so as to secure a uniform rate as to leaf tobacco.

To Fight Cuban Reciprocity.

The real importance of this last mentioned resolution does not appear, it is said, to the lay mind merely in its text. It does not contain the slightest reference to Cuba and yet its real purpose, it was said today, was to commit the association to oppose any legislation looking toward reciprocity arrangements with Cuba by which Cuban tobacco could come into the United States free of duty or at a lower rate. This was not mentioned in the debate, which was very brief, but members who were asked about the matter admitted that the resolution was inimical to reciprocity arrangements which would cover tobacco coming from "Cuba or any other country," as one member expressed it.

Another resolution passed requested the department of agriculture to continue its investigations regarding the growing of tobacco and to extend them to all states where it is a product. Another expressed a desire for co-operation with the Cigar Manufacturers' Association in all matters of mutual concern.

Still another provided for the appointment of a special committee on membership with instructions to use energetic efforts to get all important dealers in the country to join the association, so that the wants of the trade might be agitated for with more assurance of success.

A resolution was also submitted providing that when a salesman leaves one employer who is a member of the association he should not be employed by another member so long as he might be indebted to his previous employer. This resolution was defeated by a large vote.

Henry Meyer, of Cincinnati, extended an invitation for the association to hold its convention in that city next year. The association accepted the invitation. The association adjourned until tomorrow morning.



HOTEL EMPIRE

BROADWAY AND 63d ST., N. Y. CITY.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

MODERATE RATES

From Grand Central Station take Broadway and 7th Ave. cars, seven minutes to EMPIRE.

From the Fall River Boats take the 9th Ave. Elevated to 59th Street, from which Hotel is one minute's walk.

Within ten minutes of amusement and shopping centers. All cars pass the Empire.

Send postal for descriptive booklet.

Allenhurst Inn

AND COTTAGES

"From Lake to Ocean."

ALLENHURST, N. J.

A DELIGHTFUL COMBINATION OF

OCEAN, LAKE AND WOODLAND

Finest Golf Course in America--Varden

Both Hotels under the management of W. JOHNSON QUINN.

The National Oil and Pipe Line Co.

OWN THE BEATTY WELL.

Biggest Oil Well on Earth!

Estimated 70,000 Barrels Daily.

WE HAVE OIL! OIL!! OIL!!!

Largest Organization Under Texas Laws.

Strong Enough to Take Care of Our Own Products.

MANAGED BY WELL-KNOWN OIL MEN.

CAPITAL $5,000,000

Nearly One-Half in the Treasury for Benefit of All Shareholders.

PAR VALUE $1.00, FULL PAID, NON-ASSESSABLE,

OFFERED TODAY FOR 75 CENTS.

This price will not prevail long. Reference: First National Bank, Beaumont. Agent's Depository: L. C. Stacy, Atlanta, Atlanta National Bank.

Any amount over twenty-five shares can be subscribed.

L. C. STACY, 16 GRANT BUILDING, ATLANTA, GA.

THREE-MILLION DOLLAR HOTEL. ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF!

PARK AVE. HOTEL

PARK AVE. (4th AVE.) 32d TO 33d ST.

NEW YORK.

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COURT GARDEN WITH FOUNTAINS, FLOWERS AND MUSIC.

Travelers from the south take 23d Street cross-town cars and transfer to Fourth Ave., cars direct to the Hotel.

American Plan, $3.50 to $5.00 per day.
European Plan, $1.00 to $4.00 per day.
REED & BARNETT, Proprietors.

Mountain Park Hotel,

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The healthiest place in America. Reduced rates for summer, July 1st to Oct. 15th. Mineral baths. The medicinal virtues of its waters are unexcelled. Swimming pool, riding, golf and tennis. For booklet, address JOHN C. RUMBOUGH, Prop.

LONG BRANCH.

WEST END HOTEL AND COTTAGES,

Situated on bluff facing ocean.

Cottages Open Saturday, June 8.
Hotel Opens Thursday, June 20.

New York office, 115 Broadway (Room 76).
W. E. HILDRETH, Mgr.



THE CHICAGO BEACH

Has nearly 1000 feet of veranda like the above. A high-class residential, tourist and transient hotel on the lake shore, 450 outside rooms, 220 bath rooms. Most delightful abiding place in summer or winter in the West, 10 minutes by Ill. Central exp. from theatre and shopping district of Chicago. Finest hotel on great lakes with golf, tennis, boating, bathing and fishing. Send for handsome new illustrated booklet.

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The Homestead Hotel and Cottages.

Most delightful Summer Resort in the Allegheny Mountains.

Finest bath house in America. Waters very beneficial to persons suffering from rheumatism and gout. Excellent roads for riding and driving. Well equipped livery.

Casino and fine orchestra. First class golf course. Terms very moderate for July and August. FRED STERRY, Manager.

Mrs. John L. Eubank. Mrs. E. T. Glover.

WARM SULPHUR SPRINGS,

EUBANK & GLOVER, PROPRIETORS,

BATH COUNTY, VIRGINIA.

Warm Springs, Bath Co., Va., are now open for guests. For particulars and terms address Eubank & Glover, Warm Springs, Bath Co., Va.



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OR BREAK THE JOURNEY BY

SUMMER NIGHT SEA TRIP

TO THE

PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION

Buffalo, N. Y., May 1 to Nov. 1, 1901.

Georgians will take Atlanta's own terminal line to this splendid display of America's art and progress, either

VIA RALEIGH, RICHMOND, WAHINGTON.
VIA NORFOLK (Steamer to WASHINGTON.)
VIA NORFOLK (Steamer to BALTIMORE.)
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RATES AMAZINGLY LOW.—For Business or Pleasure.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway is the Shortest Line to Norfolk, with through Pullman Service, Vestibuled Limited Trains; drawing rooms and buffet. Service unexcelled. Solid equipment Atlanta to New York without change.

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SUMMER HOMES.

In the LAKE COUNTRY of Northern Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Upper Peninsula of Michigan, on the line of the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul

RAILWAY

Are hundreds of most charming Summer resorts. Among the list are: Fox Lake, Delavan Lake, Lake Geneva, The Lauderdale Lakes, Waukesha, Oconomowoc, Palmyra, The Dells at Kilbourn, Elkhart Lake and Madison, Minocqua, Star Lake, Frontenac, White Bear, Minnetonka, Marquette, Spirit Lake, Okoboji, Big Stone Lake, etc., etc.

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and

"IN THE LAKE COUNTRY"

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C. M. & St. P. R'y. Chicago, Ill.



To shoe a horse requires brains, experience and skill, as many horses are ruined by being poorly shod. All I ask is a trial to show you that I understand by business thoroughly.

J. M. Jackson,

(Successor to Jackson, Nelson & Co.)
Bell phone, 1585.
Standard 'phone, 988.

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The Perfection of Quality is Assured

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Parian Floor Paints.

SOLD BY DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE SOUTH.

MANUFACTURED BY

PARIAN PAINT CO.

ATLANTA, GA.

FREEDOM NEAR FOR YOUNGERS

Serving Life Sentence for Robbery and Murder.

PAROLES WILL BE GRANTED

Prisoners Have Been in Stillwater Penitentiary Since 1876—Cole and James Younger Were Members of James Gang.

St. Paul, May 7.—At the regular meeting of the board of managers of the state prison today at Stillwater, unanimous action was taken paroling Cole and James Younger, now serving life sentences.

Before the parole can be effective all three members of the state pardon board must approve it, and the action will be submitted to that body as soon as possible. This is in accordance with the new law which allows the parole of life prisoners after about twenty-four years imprisonment, being thirty-five years, less time gained by good behavior.

Paroles usually are granted by the prison managers alone, but in the case of life prisoners, unanimous approval of the board of pardons is also necessary and such paroled life prisoners cannot leave the state.

The pardon board does not meet regularly until July, but a special meeting may be called if the members of the board consider one necessary.

Cole, James and "Bob" Younger have been in Stillwater since 1876 for the Northfield, Minn., bank robbery and the murder committed during that raid, in which they participated with the James gang. The James brothers, Jesse and Frank, escaped to Missouri. Two members of the gang were killed and Bob Younger died in prison. Owing to the peculiar circumstances surrounding the capture of the Youngers, efforts have been unceasing to obtain their pardon. They might have escaped at the time, but remained behind to care for one of the gang who was mortally wounded, and whom, it is said, the others favored killing.

For six years attempts have been made during every session of the legislature to secure the enactment of a law permitting the parole of life prisoners. This winter a bill to that effect passed both houses and went to the governor. Before it was signed it was recalled, reconsidered and killed. The next day it was reconsidered, passed and became a law.

The Youngers were sons of Colonel Henry W. Younger, a wealthy southerner, who moved to Missouri in 1830. After the guerrilla warfare incident to the civil war they joined the James gang and evaded all efforts at capture until their sensational midnight raid on Northfield.

At the Lyceum Theater.

This week's excellent bill at the Lyceum theater has so far had the effect of drawing tremendous crowds to that playhouse. Yesterday afternoon and last night two audiences which rivaled that of Monday night were on hand, and each individual act went with remarkable pleasure to all.

The big headliner, Adele Purvis Onri, has unquestionably made the dancing and juggling hit of the year. Her spherical dance with the elaborate electrical effects never fails to rouse audiences to enthusiasm. Her assistant, Little Tsuda, the marvellous little Jap, gives a remarkable exhibition in acrobatics. This act is one of the prettiest and daintiest acts yet seen at Manager Anderson's Lyceum.

"The Three Rubes"—Dixon, Bowers and Dixon—give a screamingly humorous act, in which the deaf man wants to learn to play a violin, and a dumb man wants to take singing lessons. This idea, in itself ludicrous, was worked out so faithfully that the trio has taken rank at the top of "the best bill yet."

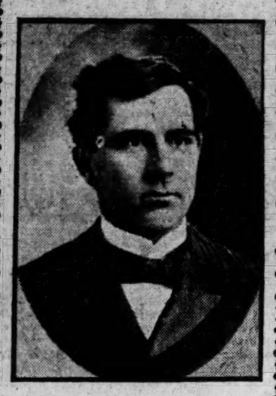
Burt Haverly, in his monologue, among other things gives an artistic imitation of John L. Sullivan, in that famous slugger's last drama.

John W. World, who is lately from Rose Coghlan's support, has made a distinct hit in his artistic eccentricities.

Another of the great hits is the Three Musical Willards, whose act is not only a distinct novelty, but shows the three to be possessed of great musical talent. This act has won more encores during the engagement here than any similar act ever put on.

In this bill there is little doubt that Manager Anderson has the record breaker for this house. Everybody is pleased with it; it is well worth seeing.

SENATOR PRITCHARD AND THE TWO MEN WHO ARE MENTIONED TO SUCCEED HIM

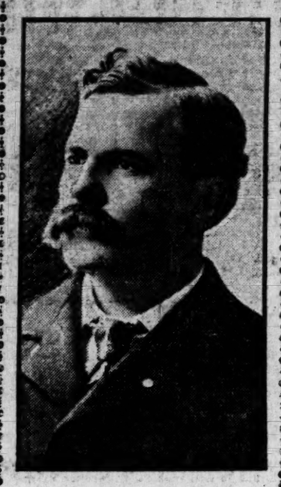


HON. LOCKE CRAIG.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., May 7.—(Special Correspondence.)—One of the hardest as well as the ablest workers of the state is Hon. Locke Craig, of Buncombe county, the polished and cultured gentleman, who is an avowed candidate for the United States senate to succeed Senator Pritchard, republican.

Mr. Craig was born in Burtie county in 1860 and is the son of a much beloved and eloquent Baptist minister. He was born to poverty, but reared to an honorable life with high ideas. To great natural gifts, Mr. Craig adds the benefits of a university education, having graduated from the State university in 1880, taking the degree of A. B. After obtaining his license to practice law, he removed to this city. Here the young man, by his own efforts, soon began to rize in his profession, until today he is considered an able lawyer, high up among the distinguished attorneys of the state. In 1892 he was one of the national electors on the democratic ticket. In 1896 he was an elector at large. From 1897 to 1899 he was city attorney of this city. In 1898 he was nominated as a candidate for the house of representatives and his campaign, extending up to the eve of the election, was the most brilliant, the cleanest and best sustained that has marked a political canvass in the state for many years. His splendid eloquence was a powerful factor in swinging Buncombe county so strongly into the democratic column. He was elected by a majority of 664, overcoming an adverse majority of 500, his opponent being Colonel Lusk. Among others, Mr. Craig has introduced the following bills in the North Carolina legislature: To prevent removal of cases to the federal court; the school law, which he revised and which he introduced into the senate. His resolution passed over all the "jim crow car" bills. He was chairman on the education committee, and a member of judiciary, insane asylums, courts of court districts.

In the legislature just adjourned, he has wielded a strong influence on legislation. He introduced the impeachment proceedings against Judges Purches and Douglas and his magnificent speech, which thrilled the people massed in the house, has been complimented throughout the state. It was an impassioned and burning plea for the observance of the constitution of North Carolina, the safeguard of the liberties of the people and was a fitting prelude to the exciting moments when the roll was called and the offending judges were impeached by an overwhelming vote by the house. As one of the board of managers before the house he was a power.



SENATOR J. C. PRITCHARD.

MARSHALL, N. C., May 7.—(Special Correspondence.)—Perhaps in no other country on the globe is man born into the world as little handicapped as in the United States. This country is about the only country that has what Americans are proud of—self-made men—men who have won success, not by a social code, but by the results of persistent effort. As a type of self-made men, United States Senator Jeter C. Pritchard stands a success, who now resides at Marshall, N. C.

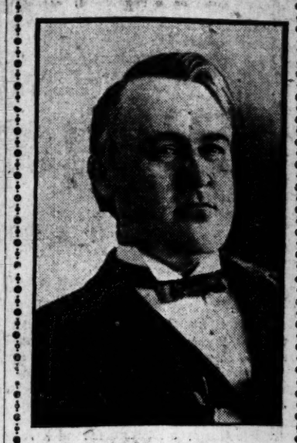
He was born at Jonesboro, Tenn., July 12, 1857. His father died fighting the battles of the confederacy. Our subject was apprenticed to Dr. W. C. Wheeler, proprietor of The Herald and Tribune, of Jonesboro, Tenn., at the early age of twelve.

After learning the printer's trade he worked as an office journeyman on the Union Flag, at Jonesboro, and subsequently attended Martin's Green academy, where he remained until June, 1874. H then went to Bakersville, N. C., and established a paper with the Rev. V. W. Bowman, known as The Bakersville Independent. This paper was afterwards converted into The Roan Mountain Republican and Senator Pritchard was connected with it until 1877.

At that period he moved to Madison county and held various positions in the revenue service until 1884, when he was elected to the lekislature as a member of the house. Again in 1886 he was re-elected. Two years later he was the republican candidate for lieutenant governor. In 1890 he was again elected to the legislature and was the republican nominee for United States senator in 1891, at the time the late Senator Vance was elected.

In 1892 he was a candidate for congress and succeeded in greatly reducing the democratic majority in his district. In 1895 he was elected to the United States senate to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Vance. Two years later he was elected for a term of six years. His record in the senate is well known to the public through the daily newspapers.

Senator Pritchard was licensed to practice law in 1887 and has enjoyed a lucrative practice ever since, having appeared in nearly all the important criminal cases in the western part of the state.



HON. LEE S. OVERMAN.

SALISBURY, N. C., May 7.—(Special Correspondence.) — Having been nominated by the democratic caucus in 1897, to be voted for by the democrats in the legislature in opposition to Senator Pritchard, the republican candidate, and having been beaten by him, Hon. Lee S. Overman, of Salisbury, N. C., thinks he is the logical candidate to succeed Senator Pritchard.

In the list of brilliant citizenship of North Carolina, none stand higher on the golden roll of promise than Lee S. Overman, member of the recent legislative body and one of our best known and most distinguished attorneys. As a member of the house of representatives Mr. Overman was the peer of any man in that representative body. A man of magnificent physique, with a smooth-shaven, intellectual face, a kindly beaming eye, Lee S. Overman has endeared himself to the people of North Carolina.

A North Carolinan by birth, he first saw the light of day at Salisbury January 3, 1854. He springs from an old and distinguished family, from whom he derives those marvelous traits which have made him a man among men. In 1874 he graduated from Trinity college; in 1876 he received the degree of A. M. In 1878 he was admitted to the bar. Previous to that period he was appointed private secretary to Governor Zeb Vance in recognition of valuable services rendered the democratic party in 1876. This position he resigned in 1879 to take up the practice of his chosen profession at Salisbury, where he has since resided, enjoying a large and lucrative practice. His political career began in 1876 and since that time his voice and aid has been given actively to the interests of his party. He was elected a member of the legislature in 1882, 1884 and 1886, declining to run again in 1888. Again in 1893 he was called upon and at that session was elected speaker of the house. As a presiding officer of the house he was without a peer in the south. Mr. Overman has been a director of the penitentiary, a member of the board of directors of the North Carolina Railroad Company and subsequently president of the road. In 1895 he was the democratic nominee of the caucus for United States senator. In 1898 he was again urged to make the race for the house, and did so, being elected by the handsome majority of 1,500. His work on the judiciary committee as well as chairman of the committee on rules and a member of the constitutional committee needs no comment.

CHURCH FLOOR GAVE WAY

Negro Congregation Precipitated to the Ground.

AN EXCITING PANIC RESULTED

Some Thought Judgment Day Had Come and Jumped Through the Windows.

The floor of Shiloh or Little Bethel church, near the corner of Haynes and Mangum streets, gave way last night during religious services, and three or four hundred negroes were precipitated to the ground.

Pandemonium immediately reigned, and in the panic the men and women jumped from the windows.

Bicycle Officers Jones and Stanley heard of the commotion and hastened to the scene, to find negroes pouring out of the church in all sorts of ways and rushing pell-mell for their homes.

A negro woman was holding services, and the small church was packed almost to suffocation. The flooring was unequal to the strain, and it went down with a crash.

As the preacher had been dwelling with great solmenity on the judgment day and the terrible fires in the lower regions, many of the congregation thought the world was coming to an end when the cracking timbers lowered them to the ground.

It was a wonder some of the people were not seriously hurt and even killed in the panic.

After the confusion had subsided one old negro was found under a bench, where he had crawled, and when they pulled him out he exclaimed:

"An' I t'ought de jedgemint day had sho done cum!"

CAMP CREEK CASE RESUMED.

New Theory Advanced by Defendant's Witness as to Collapse of Culvert.

After a postponement of several days, testimony in the Camp creek damage case was resumed yesterday morning. Three witnesses occupied the stand during the day's session.

D. W. Lum, the bridge engineer of the Southern, who was on the stand when the case was postponed Thursday resumed his interrupted testimony. He said in his opinion, after a careful examination of the ground immediately after the wreck, the fill north of the culvert had been washed entirely away by the flood and the train, falling in the hole, knocked the culvert on the other side over when it struck it. He also testified to the great strength of the culvert.

T. D. Stewart took the stand to correct a possible misunderstanding of a part of his former testimony. He said he had not meant that the piling had been driven ten feet through the bed of the culvert, but that it had been driven ten feet below the surface of the ground just north of the culvert.

The chief engineer of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railroad, Hunter McDonald, was the next witness. He gave it as his opinion that the bank or fill north of the culvert had first been washed away, and that the south bank had pushed the culvert over. He believed that the ill-fated train had run into a yawning abyss, both banks and the culvert having collapsed before its arrival. He said his theory was that the rains that had been almost incessant for a month had undermined the banks, and that the water gradually seaped through them, the final flood completing the work of ruin.

HERE IS HEALTH



EDITOR'S NOTE—The Slocum System of Treatment for the cure of Consumption, Pulmonary Troubles, Catarrh, General Debility, and nearly all the ills of life, is medicine reduced to an exact science by the world's foremost specialist.

By its timely use thousands of apparently hopeless cases have been permanently cured.

The Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is needed by some, the Tonic by others, the Expectorant by others, the Jelly by others still, and all four, or any three, or two, or any one may be used singly or in combination according to the needs of the case.

Full instructions with each set of four free remedies illustrated here. Readers of The Atlanta Constitution are urged to take advantage of Dr. Slocum's generous offer.

THE WAY TO HEALTH FREE.

Do you cough?
Do your lungs pain you?
Is your throat sore and inflamed?
Do you spit up phlegm?
Does your head ache?
Is your appetite bad?
Are your lungs delicate?
Are you losing flesh?
Are you pale and thin?
These symptoms are proof that you have in your body the seeds of the most dangerous malady that has ever devastated the earth—consumption.

Consumption, the bane of those who have been brought up in the old-fashioned beliefs that this disease was hereditary, that it was fatal, that none could recover who were once firmly clasped in its relentless grip.

But now known to be curable, made so by the world-stirring discoveries of that man whose name has been given to this new system of treatment.

Now known to be preventable and curable by following and practicing his teachings.

The new system of treatment will cure you of consumption and of all diseases which can be traced back to weak lungs as a foundation.

It is not a drug system, but a system of germ destruction and body building.

Not guesswork, but science.

Not a step backward, but a stride out of the old rut.

In plain English a system of modern scientific disease curing.

The System consists of Four Preparations illustrated above, which act simultaneously and supplement each other's curative action.

You are invited to test what this system will do for you.

WRITE TO THE DOCTOR.

Send your name and full address to DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 96 Pine street, New York, mentioning The Atlanta Constitution, and the Four Free Preparations will at once be forwarded to you with full directions.

The system is a positive cure for consumption, that most insidious disease, and for all lung troubles and disorders complicated by loss of flesh, Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, etc.

Thin, pale weak people become fat and hearty by its use.

The test is to try it.

THE LIBRARY TRUSTEES MEET

New Carnegie Library Building May Not Be Occupied Before Next August.

The annual meeting of the board of trustees of the Carnegie library was held yesterday afternoon. Several matters were considered and the session proved interesting.

It was developed during the meeting that the new library building will probably not be occupied before August 1st. The building is being pushed to completion, but it will be some time before it will be ready to begin serving the public with knowledge.

The annual reports of the officers were submitted and they showed the library to be in good condition. A vote of thanks was tendered to the chairmen of the various committees and to Miss Anne Wallace, the librarian, for their energetic and splendid work.

Another meeting will be held this afternoon at 5 o'clock, at which time the reorganization of the board of trustees will be effected. Tomorrow afternoon the annual banquet of the association will be given at the Aragon hotel.

CHIEF TO VISIT RED MEN

Great Incohonee Wiley Comes Here on the 16th.

TO BE ROYALLY ENTERTAINED

State Council Is To Meet at Griffin on the 14th and Many Will Attend.

E. D. Wiley, of Des Moines, Iowa, the great incohonee of the Improved Order of Red Men of the United States, is coming to Atlanta on the 16th of this month and will be the guest of honor of the members of the local tribes.

J. F. Kellam, the great senior sagamore of the Great Council of Georgia, has communicated with the local Red Men and it is probable that Mr. Wiley will be entertained handsomely while here. A committee will doubtless be appointed to show him over the city on the afternoon of his arrival, and in the evening a grand rally of all the tribes will be held at Comanche tribe's wigwam, where he will be welcomed with all due formality.

The great council of the state will meet about the middle of the month at Griffin, and great preparations are being made for the event. Fully fifty Red Men of Atlanta will leave here on the afternoon of the 13th in a special car, and it is expected that the council will be attended by more than 100 representatives from all parts of the state.

There are now 4,000 members of the order in Georgia and about 600 new members have joined in Atlanta within the past year. It is one of the most flourishing organizations of its kind in the state, and the gathering at Griffin is expected to be the most successful yet held.

Among the important matters that will be transacted at Griffin will be the selection of the great sachem, other officers and a place of meeting for next year. J. F. Kellam, of Atlanta, is to be made the great sachem, while M. C. White, of Columbus, will succeed to the place of great senior sagamore.

William H. Beck is at present great sachem of Georgia, and he will be made one of the three representatives to the great council of the United States, one of the highest honors that could be paid him.

Savannah and Athens are both anxious to secure the next meeting of the great council of the state, and the delegations from these places will make a strong effort to secure the honor. Last time the council met in Atlanta.

TO GO BEFORE COMPTROLLER

Council Committee To Seek an Adjustment of Taxes at Meeting Today.

Members of the special committee appointed last Monday by council to secure an adjustment of taxes of steam and electric railroads will wait upon the comptroller general this morning at 10 o'clock to talk over the matter.

The committee was appointed under a resolution offered by Councilman Reed. A meeting of the committee was held yesterday at the city hall and it was then decided to go before the comptroller general today. Councilman Reed arranged with the comptroller general and the attorney general for this meeting.

The meeting this morning will doubtless prove an interesting one and matters of some concern to the city government will probably be discussed at length.

Cures Blood Poison

Cancer, Ulcers, Eating Sores.

Many Suffer and Don't Know It—Read Symptoms.

Many suffer from Blood Poison and Cancer in a mild form and don't know it. If your ancestors suffered or if you have persistent Pimples Sore Lip, Ulcerated Throat or Mouth, Chronic Ulcer, Eating Sore, Swellings or Risings on the Skin, Aching Bones or Joints, Itching Scabs, Scales or Watery Blisters, you have Blood Poison or the beginnings of deadly Cancer. To cure, take Botanic Blood Balm, which kills the poison in the blood, heals every sore and cures the worst cancer and most advanced stages of Blood Poison, giving the skin the rich glow of perfect health. Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) has cured thousands of cases that had resisted Hot Springs, patent medicines and doctors' treatment, even where the patient was a mass of sores and boils, or where bones had become affected. Many cured in two or three weeks. Botanic Blood Balm is the standard treatment for blood poison and cancer. Used successfully in private practice for over 30 years by Dr. Gillam, the great southern specialist. Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) makes the blood pure and rich, and is a perfect food for the blood, bones and nerves. It improves the digestion. Druggists, $1 per large bottle, with complete directions for home cure. Trial treatment free by writing Dr. Gillam, 105 S. Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given.



Dr. Gillam.

DEATH OF SISTER ROMUALD.

She Passed Away Yesterday Afternoon at St. Joseph's Infirmary.

Sister Romuald died yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock at St. Joseph's infirmary, after an illness of about one month.

She was 56 years of age and had been connected with the infirmary for about ten years. The remains will be shipped to Savannah tonight and the interment will occur in that city tomorrow.

Sister Romuald has no relatives in Atlanta, but she has a sister in New York and one in Ireland.

WICKLESS
Blue Flame
OIL STOVE

It will do any cooking that can be done on any kind of a stove. It is clean, quick, convenient, and cool for the cook. It uses the cheapest fuel—kerosene—but without wicks and without the least danger or odor. It does better cooking than a coal range, with the convenience of a gas range, at a fraction of the cost of either. Made in various sizes, from one burner up. If your dealer *does not* have them write to the nearest agency of

STANDARD OIL COMPANY



We Recommend and Sell These Stoves.

Hightower & Graves, 90 Whitehall St.

We Recommend and Sell These Stoves.

SAFE AND COMMON-SENSE!

Read the following proposition and admit that it is one which must commend itself to careful and conservative investors. It is not proposed that investment shall be made wholly upon expectation or indications. . . . . .

MECCA OIL COMPANY,

Principal Office, No. 224 Tevis Street, BEAUMONT, TEXAS.

Capital Stock, $500,000. Par Value $1.

All Stock Being Full Paid and Unassessable.

DIRECTORS.

BERNARD W. LAYTON, President, Wapakoneta. O. Asst. Sergeant-at-Arms, United States Senate.

SHEPPARD H. VAN WORMER, Vice President, Beaumont, Texas. Director in Beaumont National Bank.

HON. MELVILLE D. SHAW, Secretary, Wapakoneta, Ohio. Ex-State Senator Ohio and Oil Operator.

JAMES KING DUFFY, Treasurer, of Wertheimer & Duffy, New York City.

HON. SAMUEL B. COOPER, Beaumont, Texas. Member of Congress Second Dist., Texas.

CHARLES N. HASKELL. Ottawa, Ohio. President D. & L. N. Ry. Co.

HENRY M. AUBREY, San Antonio, Texas. Vice President, San Antonio Tel. Co.

J. E. BOYNTON, ESQ., of Boynton & Boynton, Esqs., Attorneys, Waco, Texas.

CHARLES H. DUFFY, 302 Broadway, New York City.

Depository: Beaumont National Bank, Beaumont Texas.

Subscriptions for a limited amount of full paid-stock, offered for purposes of development, will be received at 25 cents per share. Nothing more will be due or payable until the company shall have developed an output capacity of 400 barrels of oil per day, when a further payment of 25 cents per share will complete the purchase. This means earnest work and quick development, and MEANS FURTHER that AFTER oil has been reached and the investment is lifted out of uncertainty and placed upon the solid basis of assured fact, the investor still may take his purchase at the same low rate usually offered as first inducements. Four hundred barrels daily is not a big output for the Texas field—we confidently expect to exceed it by far with our first well—but it is sufficient to assure a handsome premium upon the entire capital of the company and demonstrate beyond question the value of its holdings.

M. D. Shaw, a practical oil man of fifteen years' experience in the northern oil fields, made careful selection of the lands to be developed by the company months ago, and his judgment of values is to be relied upon.

The company holds:

100 acres (Josiah Dyches survey) on Pine Island Bayou, Jefferson County; 40 acres on North side of Pine Island Bayou, 460 acres (D. Choate survey) on same bayou, making 600 acres, all with abundant water for hydraulic drilling, and all in accepted oil territory.

Derrick is now being built and machinery is moving in with which to commence work without delay.

WE ARE HUSTLING FOR OIL AND ARE SURE TO STRIKE IT!!!

The company has deposited with the Beaumont National Bank, full paid and unassessable stock, to secure the subscribers under the plan here offered to the full amount of stock so to be sold.

All information can be obtained from, and subscriptions sent to

S. B. TURMAN, Agent, Alabama Street, Atlanta Ga., or to James King Duffy, Treasurer, 224 Tevis Street, Beaumont, Texas.

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Discussing the Trusts.

In the last number of The North American Review there is an interesting symposium on the question of great combinations of capital in railroads and other lines such as are, in popular discussion, grouped under the general head of "trusts." The term is not literally applied, for these are not trusts in the literal or legal sense, but in the discussion over the problem they present it has been found easier to use the generic term.

This particular symposium is in a sense one-sided, as it is participated in only by men connected with the great combinations, the single exception being Russell Sage; and Mr. Sage rather naturally is the only man of the half-dozen who sees danger in the present tendency of capital to consolidate.

Mr. James J. Hill, of the great northwestern combination of railroads; Mr. Flint, of the rubber trust; Mr. Logan, of the envelope trust; Mr. Schwab, of the great steel combination, and Mr. Thurber, who has become a sort of press agent for all combinations, are the others who avail themselves of the invitation of The North American Review to set forth their views. These latter gentlemen see only good in the present tendency and their reasons are worth studying.

Mr. Hill holds that there is a radical difference between the present combinations and trusts, holding that the latter were justly criticised, but that those criticisms cannot properly hold against the recently formed combinations which he considers good business propositions. The trust, he argues, was constructed on the idea of adding to the number of high salaried officials; these combinations are operated on opposite lines, the management being consolidated by cutting down the high salaried men and the output being increased in a way to add to the number of workingmen. Their purpose, he says, is to put an end to wasteful competition and wasteful production—though just how he distinguishes between this "wasteful" production and the greater production which the combinations are intended to promote, he does not make exactly clear. One part of his contribution is particularly interesting in view of the present speculation. He contends that there has not been over-capitalization or general inflation, for he holds that earning capacity, not cost, is the true basis of value, and that the rise in prices is due to the country getting to a three-cent basis, as Mr. Hanna has explained, all values increasing in consequence.

Mr. Schwab goes somewhat more into detail on the matter of reduction of expenses under the consolidations, pointing out that the cost of supervision under the old system was very great, and that a great portion of this is cut off by the consolidation. He cites specific instances to prove this, notably that of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, where one president does, through one system, the work that was originally done by eighteen presidents under eighteen systems. He says more laborers are now employed by the one big system than by the eighteen and that better wages are paid. Mr. Schwab contends that "the larger the output the smaller relatively the cost of production."

Mr. Flint, of the rubber trust, advances the rather unique theory that combination has resulted in the distribution of wealth rather than its concentration. "Where under the old conditions there were a hundred stockholders," he writes, "there are today a thousand or two thousand. Never before was there such a wide distribution of manufacturing interests." In which, it seems, the rubber man either stretches his imagination a good deal or confounds the interests of speculators in stocks with those of legitimate investors.

Mr. Thurber tries to show that there has been a lessening of cost to the consumer. The New York World, in its review of the symposium, thinks Mr. Thurber—

rather unfortunate in his defense of consolidation. He quotes the figures, juggling them to try to show that consolidation has meant lower prices. But he does not succeed in explaining away the facts shown by his own citations of prices—that in 1893, when the Standard Oil Company was still fighting independents, the price of oil was 4.2 cents a gallon, while today, with production enormously increased and the Oil Trust in absolute control, oil is 7.8 cents; that the year before the formation of the sugar trust the difference between the cost of raw and of refined sugar was 64 hundredths of a cent in the pound, while today, with more and cheaper raw sugar and cheaper refining processes, the trust has raised this difference to 95 hundredths of a cent in the pound; that while the paper trust was forming paper was 2.02 cents a pound, while today the trust charges 2.50 cents a pound.

And The World adds: "In mockery of the contentions of these gentlemen, the current news tells of a rise of $2 a ton in steel rails, a rise of $1 a ton in coal; and according to the report of the interstate commerce commission, 824 changes in freight rates were made on January 1st, of which 818 produced advances in rates and but six resulted in reductions."

These gentlemen may theorize about the effect of these consolidations until they are black in the face, but there will still be room for doubt of their value to the consumer. They may be all right for the man who holds stock, but the middle man, who is literally swept off the face of the earth, and the people who either do now or will in the near future pay higher prices for the products of these consolidations will hardly see the beauty of them.

The Young Man's Duty.

It is the duty of the young man to fit himself for the civic responsibilities which must sooner or later be placed upon his shoulders. It is the duty of the young Atlantan, the duty of every young man in every community, to make himself ready for the opportunity sure to present itself. In the pleasures of the present, he should keep in mind the part he will have to play in the future.

Here in Atlanta certain enterprising and patriotic citizens have been chiefly instrumental during the past decade in carrying through to success every project for the advancement of the city. The chamber of commerce, the Business Men's League and other organizations have been carried by these gentlemen; they have been the active supporters of all public projects; they have carried on to a great degree the work of the churches—have, in short, assumed the responsibility for every enterprise entering into the city's life.

Are Atlanta's young men in training to take their places. They should be. The sons of these men, most of them better equipped in a material sense than were their fathers, should be coming to the front; the hundreds of other young men who have come to make Atlanta their home should be taking their places in all these enterprises and projects, entering into a friendly contest for that leadership which will fall to the most capable.

It is a contest in which all start with practically equal opportunity. There are no handicaps. The young man from Virginia or the Carolinas, from Alabama or Mississippi or Tennessee, or even from the northern states, who has become a citizen of Atlanta has equal chance with the Georgia boys to front place in the ranks of Atlanta's most progressive citizens.

The young man should not wait for the passing of his elders from the fields of usefulness, but he should get in the harness now. He should get to the front in every line that goes to make up good citizenship. He should be doing his part in his church; no public movement should be without his helping hand. The young man who succeeds in life is he who grasps the opportunity when it is presented, and it is his duty to himself to be preparing for the opportunity to play his full part as a good citizen.

Republican Troubles.

Evidences of republican unrest over the tariff question continue to multiply. The more independent republican newspapers keep pointing out the necessity for changes in the existing rates, much to the discomfort of those hide-bound protection organs which stand for the over-protected trusts and which are now doing their utmost to discourage tariff discussion.

The New York Sun, one of the typical representatives of this latter class, evidently believes in disciplining every man who dares suggest that the Dingley law is anything else than Mr. Hanna pronounced it—"the most perfect work of human ingenuity; one which must not be disturbed." The Sun is after Mr. Babcock, of Wisconsin. Of him and his proposition it says:

So far as Mr. Babcock is concerned, a not improbable fate for him is to receive a sound party spanking for the irresponsible revivication of an issue always disturbing to the commercial mind, regardless of its disadvantage or advantage to the republican party in particular.

The Sun undoubtedly reflects the sentiments of the interests which control the republican party, just as Mr. Hanna reflected them in his apotheosis of the Dingley law. In any contest inside the party these interests are certain to win. But all is not harmony in republican circles and there are breakers ahead.

There is no stauncher republican newspaper than The Hartford Courant, Senator Hawley's paper. The Connecticut senator cannot be charged with ever having been untrue to the protection faith, and yet he differs very strongly from Senator Hanna. Commenting on that gentleman's utterances, The Courant says:

Senator Hanna is quoted—whether correctly or incorrectly we don't know—as proclaiming the Dingley tariff "a most perfect work of human ingenuity," and declaring that it "must not be disturbed." This seems rather imperious—rather previous, too. We are not aware that any republican is proposing to "disturb" the tariff needlessly or capriciously. Hon. Marcus A. Hanna is one member—a very distinguished member, it is true—of a party that includes today nearly or quite eight millions of voters. A large and rapidly growing percentage of these voters are resolved that the tariff shall not be perverted from its proper and laudable uses to the enormous enrichment of monopolies. They intend to "disturb" it to whatever extent may prove to be necessary to prevent that abuse of it.

In another editorial, Senator Hawley's paper discusses the infant industry problem in this way:

When a protected interest reaches such prosperity and growth as to build up a trust and control the markets of the country, then protection has done its work and should be removed from that particular industry. The purpose of protection is to enable an industry to establish itself so that it can get along without protection. When it reaches that point, then there is no further need of protection. There is no question that establishing a trust to control the whole country is evidence conclusive that the "infant industry" period has passed.

And there is no doubt that certain industries still benefited by heavy protective tariffs are combined in trusts, and are using the tariff to make America pay more than the rest of the world for goods and to add to their own ample profits. This will not be tolerated after it is understood.

Representative Babcock meanwhile continues his advocacy of a bill placing on the free list the products of the great trusts. The danger to the republican party of failure to heed Mr. Babcock's advice is aptly put by The Washington Post, which, though independent, has been a staunch supporter of McKinley in two campaigns and has always been rated as an advocate of protection. Speaking of Mr. Babcock's views, The Post says:

When, just before the expiration of the last congress, Mr. Babcock brought out must, in his opinion, precede a hopeful his anti-trust legislation scheme his action was equivalent to a formal announcement to his party that such legislation appeal to the voters for a further lease of legislative power. The arguments he offers in favor of the repeal of duties on articles which we manufacture cheaper than any of our competitors are absolutely unanswerable. He knows that if such duties are left untouched, the charge that the republican party is dominated by the trusts cannot be successfully met. And he feels that in view of the record of the last congress, in which anti-trust legislation was most carefully avoided, the charge of republican servility to the trusts and combines would be fatal to his party. All this is inevitably inferred from Mr. Babcock's utterances. And the country is with Mr. Babcock despite the opposition of Chairman Payne and a few representatives of over-protected industries.

Additional reason why these views are worthy of special consideration is given by The Post, which recalls the Wisconsin man's activity as a party leader:

No man understands the situation better than he does. Three successive republican houses have been elected under his management. It is true that in 1896 and 1900 the presidential campaigns rendered his work comparatively easy. But "it was a famous victory" that he won in 1898 for the chances at the outset were against him. It was the consummate tact of Chairman Babcock, his thorough knowledge of what must be done and how to do it, that saved the republicans from defeat in the midst of President McKinley's first term.

But none of this advice is going to be heeded. The trusts own the republican party and they are going to do as they choose with their own.

Mr. Hanna declares that Mr. Babcock's proposition is "not worthy of consideration," and that the Dingley law will not be "tampered with." He knows.

The only chance for a sensible reform of the tariff lies in democratic control of the government.

The Horse Show.

In view of the splendid success of Atlanta's first horse show held last fall, the meeting yesterday of the committee having in charge this important and popular feature of the interstate fair was one of more than ordinary interest.

In the election of Mr. Thomas Egleston to the chairmanship of the horse show committee a choice was made which in itself guarantees both the success and the popularity of the coming exhibition.

Under the direction of Mr. Robert F. Maddox, the horse show of last fall took rank second only to the annual display at Madison Square Garden and ahead of anything of the kind ever held in the south. It was only natural, therefore, that the name of Mr. Maddox should have been first suggested yesterday for the chairmanship.

For business reasons the former chairman declined a re-election. In a graceful speech he himself then nominated Mr. Egleston for the place. With Mr. Egleston at the head of the committee, the management of the Interstate Fair Association and the public at large confidently count on a horse show for the coming fair that will be a credit to Atlanta and to Georgia.

In South Carolina.

Nobody is surprised at General Wade Hampton's prompt rejection of the overtures made him on behalf of Senator McLaurin with regard to the Columbia postmastership, overtures which involved the possibility of the general being used, wittingly or unwittingly, toward the building up of the republican party in South Carolina.

The newspapers of that state are devoting much attention to the controversy over this Hampton episode, which Senator McLaurin and some of his friends are endeavoring to explain away by their strong protestations of admiration for Hampton, but the essential facts seem to be that Senator McLaurin sought to help along his own cause by using General Hampton; that the latter saw through the scheme, and that the old warrior responded in a way to give the McLaurin movement a political black eye.

The statements given out by the senator and his friends do not exactly agree as to who was responsible for the first suggestion of offering the postoffice to General Hampton, but there is no difference of opinion concerning the reception with which that suggestion was met. "The people of South Carolina ought to know by this time that I cannot be bought," responded the general; and according to the men who broached the subject to him, the reply "came like shot from a cannon."

Senator McLaurin's efforts in the role of federal office dispenser for the republican administration have been far from successful. If the South Carolina estimate can be taken as reflecting the true situation, there has been no political strength in any of his appointments. Senator McLaurin seems to have lost the respect and confidence of the men who have supported him in the past, and yet he has not won much respect from republicans, since his utterances show he has not the full courage of his convictions.

He wants to be a republican and at the same time march under the democratic banner. He holds on to his place in the senate, though repudiating the policies of the party that put him there.

If Senator McLaurin believes in republican principles, the place for him is in the republican party. He cannot retain his own self-respect, much less gain the respect of others, so long as he occupies his present position, using his senatorship to give aid to the enemy. Judged by his utterances and his record, he considers the democratic party wrong in all its principles, but he hangs on to the office given him by the democrats of South Carolina.

If Senator McLaurin had resigned his seat in the senate he would be in better odor with friends and enemies and in a better position to push his crusade. The suggestions of some sort of a deal are given color by his present course in using his high office to aid the republican party. This may be the senator's idea of political astuteness, but it is not calculated to bring results. Senator McLaurin should resign.

Acknowledges His Guilt.

The limit of shamelessness has been reached. The man who wrote "An English Woman's Love Letters" has finally acknowledged his guilt.

His name is Laurence Housman. He lives in London and is said to be a nephew of Daniel Gabriel Rosetti. As if Rosetti didn't have enough to stand before.

That no innocent may be taken in by these suggestions, it is added as a sort of postscript that "An English Woman's Love Letters" is simply maudlin rot.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

Lady Mary.

Sez I—sez I to Mary:
"Needn't toss yer head:
Ef I plow the cornfield
You must bake the bread.

"Fur away from riches,
Poverty my lot:
Ef I reap the harvest
You must keep the cot.

"When of work a-weary—
Home'ards comin' late,
You must have a welcome
At a rosy gate.

"Sorrows will be plenty
Whar our lot may be:
You must bear the burdens
'Long the road with me."

Tossin' of her head still,
Tells me, plain an' fair:
"Think I'll take the city,
An' a millionaire!!"

* * * * *

"Yes," said the old inhabitant, "old man Jinks climbed a pine tree to git rid o' the life insurance agent, an' a harricane come 'long an' blowed the tree down, an' the agent wus the fust to pull Jinks from under it; an' he wus head pallbearer at Jinks' funeral, an' preached a sarmont on the uncertainties of life, an' insured the whole town, an' went his way rejoicin'!"

* * * * *

His Future Field.

"John says he'll have his graduation papers purty soon."

"What's he been a-larnin' of?"

"Greek, an' Latin, an' French, an' German, an' so forth."

"An' what's he goin' to do atter he comes clear?"

"Well, ef he don't go to splittin' rails, or farmin', I reckon he'll spend the rest of his days a-writin' of dialect!"

* * * * *

When the World Turns Round.

Trouble, trouble, trouble—
Light in darkness drowned,
But we'll all sing hallelula
When the
World
Turns
Round!

Then we'll reap the sunshine—
With the wreath be crowned,
Glody hallelula
When the
World
Turns
Round!

* * * * *

"Jim Wilkins broke jail Wednesday night, jest like all his people before him did," says a Georgia exchange.

* * * * *

The Joy Denied.

I.

A tender word to say,
To make the dark the day,
To kiss your care away.

II.

To serve—to wait, to stand
There, at your beckoning hand—
Your lips, with sweet command.

III.

To me this was not given,
Though Love for this hath striven;
For me too much of heaven!

* * * * *

A Prolific Tree.

"Take care of the forests," says The Columbus Enquirer-Sun, with this news item for a text.

"Out of a sinkle tree in Dyer county, Tennessee, it is reported, Ed Johnson got four cords of firewood, three gallons of 'Mountain Dew' and honey and five raccoons." It is an old saw that one cannot get all the 'coons up one tree, but this comes about as near it as any report that has come in."

* * * * *

Cole Young Rice has this on "Silence" in the New Literary Review:

"Silence is song unheard,
Is beauty never born,
Is light forgotten—left unstirred
Upon creation's morn."

* * * * *

A reviewer says that Mr. Martin Baddles' new volume of verse is "not half bad."

No: it is altogether bad.

* * * * *

A Musical Diversion.

"Sue, have you milked the cows?"

"Yes, dad."

"An' killed a shoat fer Sunday?"

"Jest have."

"An' hoed the garden?"

"All over."

"Well, then, put on the greens fer dinner, an' you kin go an' play the planner fer yer gran'daddy!"

* * * * *

An exchange says the librarian of a city library received the following request, written on a scrap of wrapping paper: "Please sent me daniel bone or lettle Lord founder roid."

* * * * *

The Unsatisfied.

Folks, they growl from left to right;
(Don't it seem amazin'?)
Don't half like this worl' so bright,
Nor yit the next worl' blazin'!

Not a thing kin satisfy
Any one in seven;
Earth's too small fer them; an'—my!
Road's too rough to heaven!

* * * * *

Perhaps the sultan thought he was killing that physician in self-defense.

* * * * *

Hot Time Over There.

"Any word from my poor husband in the other world?" asked the widow, of medium.

"Nothing more," replied the medium; "than a request for some ice and a palmetto fan."

* * * * *

Says The Whitsett Courier: "Uncle Jeff Ashburn is in deep trouble, having just lost his fifth wife. Cheer up, Uncle Jeff; you'll meet them all over there!"

Perhaps that's just what's troubling Uncle Jeff.

* * * * *

Goodbye—Good Morning!

W'en de night a-fallin',
What de use in sighs?
Heah de sun a-sayin'—
"Goodbye, 'twell I rise!"

Den w'en dreams is over
Heah dat word er his
Ez he lights de clover:
"Mawnin'! Heah I is!"

* * * * *

"Will these novels that reach the hundred thousand mark live?" asks a literary exchange.

No matter: they enable the authors to.

* * * * *

The Bookman for May has a fine portrait of George Horton, the poet and novelist, whose "Like Another Helen" is one of the successful novels of the year. For some time past Mr. Horton has been doing literary work for Chicago newspapers.

* * * * *

Light and Storm.

What if tempests thunder
From their home on high?
They ripple out the rainbows
Like ribbon in the sky.

F. L. S.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Kansas City is kicking on its ticket scalpers. Buffalo, with its Pan-American exposition, has a condition confronting it, says The Kansas City Times, similar to the one that confronts this city. Buffalo is the half way station between the seaboard and Chicago for half a dozen trunk lines of railways, and, like Kansas City, is a favorite headquarters for the scalping fraternity. The railway companies are backward about coming forward with cut rates to the exposition because of the notable advantages that would accrue to the scalpers in getting half rates from Buffalo to New York, to Boston, Philadelphia and other eastern cities.

Four years ago an anti-scalping law was enacted at Albany. It was afterward declared unconstitutional, and the purveyors of cheap fares have accordingly been doing a rushing business ever since. Of late a similar law has been re-enacted, this time in what is believed to be a consitutional form; and only waits Governor Odell's signature to go into effect.

Such a legal ordinance, whether opposed or not to the organic law of the state, appears to be a prerequisite to the cheap fare arrangements which the Pan-American managers desire to make with the railroad companies, and its sturdiest supporters are to be found among the exposition promoters.

The situation in Kansas City is almost the same as the one at Buffalo. If the city council passes the anti-scalping ordinance it will mean a difference of many thousands of dollars revenue to our merchants, manufacturers and other business men.

Kansas City must either give up her hopes of cheap fare concessions from the railway lines centering here or give up her scalpers.

If there is any specimen of the genus politician who keeps his ear closer to the ground or gets ready more quickly to mount the crest of the newest popular wave than an Ohio republican congressman with gubernatorial or senatorial ambitions, he has not yet announced himself or been discovered, suggests The Philadelphia Times. In the matter of trimming sails to the popular breeze with the hope of getting wafted into a safe and lucrative political harbor, the Ohio politicians are in the front rank.

The latest illustration of this well-known Ohio trait is furnished by Congressman Dick, republican state chairman of Ohio. The lesson of the spring elections which elevated democrats to the mayoralty in Columbus, Cleveland and Toledo on a street railway issue was not lost on Chairman Dick. In an address to the Presidential Postmasters' Association at Columbus, he declared for government ownership of telegraph and telephone lines. He doesn't propose that Tom Johnson and Golden Rule Jones shall get ahead of him with their advocacy of municipal ownership of public conveniences.

The significance of the Dick declaration for government ownership of telegraph and telephone lines is that the Ohio republican leaders have discovered that a tub must be thrown to the government ownership whale to save the republican organization craft from being capsized and its crew pitched overboard. The telegraph and telephone stocks are not heavily held by Mark Hanna and his friends, and Chairman Dick is willing to sacrifice the big profits of the corporations in which his friends have the least invested. His declaration for public ownership of even one monopoly is a confession that popular sentiment must be pandered to, and an announcement that Chairman Dick doesn't mean to play the role of the farmer under the hay wagon if he can help.

Thanks to Walker and Parkhurst.

Washington Post: The visit to the south of a party of northern philanthropists last month has naturally elicited a flood of comment from all sections of the country. As the Rev. Parkhurst was a member of the delegation, it goes without saying that it will for all time be identified as the Parkhurst pilgrimage. We, therefore, identify it in that way now. Judging from some utterances by the governor of Georgia apropos of Parkhurst, we assume that the gentleman last mentioned did not make a particularly favorable impression on the benighted natives. We quite expected that, however. Mr. Parkhurst is not adapted to the simple and transparent civilization of Georgia. He belongs to the complex and intricate civilization of New York. There he shines. A hot-house product of purity, he is the appointed antagonist of hot-house impurity. He missed the key of the southern social organization because he had never seen anything like it, and could not believe that the south was capable of perpetuating its institutions without his help. So it happened that Governor Candler wearied of his somewhat oppressive prevalence and expressed himself to the effect that his state, if no other, felt able to get along in the path of a reasonable decency upon the strength of its own momentum.

The tour, however, ought to be productive of much good. Even Mr. Parkhurst put off the garb of prophet, priest, and autocrat long enough to take a few common-sense observations and to discover the fact that the blacks in the south receive more really substantial opportunities than those of the north. And what is much more important and authoritative, Mr. Parkhurst's impulsive conclusions have since received the sanction of the Rev. C. T. Walker, pastor of the largest colored congregation in New York, who says:

"Having lived in the south all my life, except nearly two years spent in the pastorate in this city, from my personal observation I must confess that prejudice against my race in some sections of the north is as strong as in the south, only it is met and dealt with in a different way. The south gives every man an opportunity to earn a living, the northern negro is given an opportunity spend his living without the opportunity to earn it."

The two gentlemen were not discussing the same particular point. They simply spoke to the same effect, to-wit, that the negro's largest opportunity is at the south, and that the southern whites have not only more wish for but a deeper interest in his success. We do not find the Rev. Mr. Walker's declaration wholly satisfactory, for it is much too limited and, it seems to us, unnecessarily qualified. Nevertheless, it is encouraging to find a northern sight-seer like Mr. Parkhurst agreeing with a life-long colored resident of the section on the general proposition. Of course, Booker Washington is worth the two of them combined as an authority on negro prospects and environments in the southern states, but every little helps, and we pay our grateful tribute to Parkhurst and Walker in equal volume.

Must Be True.

Atchison Globe: The Globe lately printed a story to the effect that a certain Atchison woman was too tender-hearted to kill a chicken, but wanting the chicken for dinner, and being pressed for time, she picked the chicken alive and then waited for her husband to come home to kill it. The story has been doubted. It was told The Globe by J. F. Woodhouse, so prominent a member of Trinity church that he often conducts the services, and is known as Father John.

SUNNY SOUTH CALLS FOR HOMESICK MASCOT

Tom Davis, homesick mascot, is to depart for the sunny Carolina shore with the sailing of the next Clyde line steamer, says The New York Sun. For three years Tom has followed the fortunes of the Fourth United States infantry. He attached himself to the regiment in the exciting summer of 1898, when the Fourth was under canvas at Greenville, S. C. All that summer the Fourth was awaiting orders. They came when the cotton began to ripen in September, and the Fourth went to Camp Meade, Pa., to recruit for Philippine service.

Instead of staying to help his foster parents in the cotton fields, Tom, who is a likable little darkey, smuggled himself aboard the train with the soldiers, and came north with them. From Camp Meade the regiment went to San Francisco, and then out through the Golden Gate to Honolulu and to Manila, and Tom went along. But he found the Philippines hotter than Greenville, and yellow fever found Tom out. So also did a letter from his foster mother, Mrs. Josephine Adams. The letter depressed Tom so much that the Fourth infantry decided to send him back to Greenville. Transportation from Manila to New York was found for him, and he got here a week ago.

Being so much nearer Greenville, Tom became much better in health, and when his money gave out he began to ask in stores and offices for a job. One man in a Park Row office building questioned him a little, and wrote to Mrs. Adams at Tom's dictation. The man agreed to hold for Tom any letter received in reply. The answer came, and here it is:

"my dere Son: I waz visiting my ant in Carli[s]le wen yur leter cam. I waz so glad I krid, do com hom my dere son if onlee for 2 das. We hav ben wanting yu for so long. Last Krismas mamie sav som of her Santy Klaw for yu. She krid in her slep and she kris for yu som on nits sins. We want yu com back soon and not go wa any farder wit the soldiers your loving mother Mrs. Josephine Adams."

Mrs. Adam is the wife of Preacher Adams, of some Greenville fame. Mamie is Tom's sister.

Mrs. Adams is the wife of Preacher love her all mah life," said the homesick mascot yesterday to Magistrate Crane in Jefferson Market police court, where he had drifted through a combination of circumstances. "She took me when Ah was littler 'n nothin' after mah own deah mother died and she done foh me like mah own deah father and mother would have if dey 'd been heah on earth. Preacher Adams is jest a fraud. His preaching doan do people no good. When Ah worked pickin' cotton an' brought de money home to Mis' Adams—she's mah mammy—he done took it and spent it. Ah was a little feller then. When Ah get back Ah wont be afraid of him. Ah'm most 13 now.

"Ah done de people good when I prayed one time. Dey was all in de church an' Ah 'est stood up an' said Ah was only little, but that, brothers and sisters, if you want to be saved jest come down on your knees. An' dey jest flopped right down, all of them. Ah went right on tellin' them how to be saved an' dey hollered right out an' some of them got saved when Ah went away from Greenville. But Preacher Adams doan do much good. He jest preaches."

The man who acted as Tom's amanuensis, for Tom cannot read or write, although he was ten years old when he left Greenville to serve his country as mascot, sent the boy to a Broadway department store as a likely place to get a job. The head of the store's detectives interviewed Tom and then took him to Jefferson Market court with the hope of setting in motion such official machinery as would move the lad on toward Preacher Adams's house.

Magistrate Crane heard Tom's story and after telephoning to the Clyde line pier gave him a card of application for aid addressed to Superintendent Blair of the Outdoor Poor Bureau. When the magistrate supplemented the card with half a dollar and some oral good cheer as to the possibility of Tom's soon reaching Greenville, the pickaninny clasped his hands between his knees and seemed to undergo a sort of physical paroxysm of joy. Then he limbered his joints for a shuffle and sang:

"I ain't agoin' tah wuik on de railroad,
I ain't agoin' tah wuk on de fahm.
I'll wait, wait till dah freight train comes,
An' roll, roll along to mah mammy's shms."

After leaving the police court Tom visited a restaurant, where he ate till the half dollar was almost gone. Then he moved on to Superintendent Blair's office. He received there the promise of transportation on the next Clyde line steamer for either Wilmington, N. C., or Charleston, S. C., whichever might be found to have the best connections for Greenville.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

For Missions and Favors Hell.

Editor Constitution: Allow a subscriber, who has read your paper for thirty years, to express appreciation and thanks for your article on foreign missions in Sunday issue. It has the true ring about it and most fairly and broadly states the case. I can well remember when only a few isloated ports in foreign lands were open to commerce or the Bible; in view of this and other discouraging limitations the success in bringing the heathen to Christianity has been wonderful.

And I as much thank you for your editorial of this date on "Let Hell Alone." There are many (over forty) direct scriptures that declare hell to be a place located in "outer darkness," the present abode of the "devil and his angels," to which unrepentant sinners, final rejectors of Christ, are to be congregated in darkness and despair for eternity. "The smoke of their torment," says God's word, "ascended forever and forever, where their worm dieth not and their fire shall never be quenched," and many other similar passages. Yes, sir, the doctrine of an endless hell of unmitigated punishment has served God's purpose in all ages of the gospel dispensation and men reject it at their peril. What doctrine of the New Testament is more plainly and fordefully taught than the doctrine of hell? Not missions, not baptism, not self-denial.

Again thanking you for myself and hosts of your old-fashioned readers, I am,

Yours respectfully,
WILLIAM HENRY STRICKLAND.
Decatur, Ga., May 7, 1901.

Commercialism in Literature.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "You'll have to wait and see the boss. We like your book all right and believe it would prove a great success. But we can't touch it until we get permission from the boss. He may say he's got as many as he can handle now."

"May I ask who the boss is?"

"He's the advertising man. He's the man who has made all our big successes. If he takes hold of a book it sells. It's got to sell. No matter how poor it is, it sells. No, he doesn't spare the money. But, gracious, we get it all back again. You must wait and see him."

Prefers Private Product.

Washington Star: "What a hollow mockery that line 'U. S. Mint' is," said Colonel Stillwell.

"Why, that's where they make the money."

"That's all. Mere vulgar money. Whenever I see it I am reminded of how the agricultural department has been for years distributing flower seeds, calculated to make anybody's front yard look like an aggravated specimen of cheap calico, and this at the utter neglect of some of the noblest products of our soil. We have U. S. chrysanthemums and U. S. marigold and U. S. bachelors' buttons. But have yet to see any genuine U. S. mint."

Humility and Pride.

Denver Times: "You," growled the Great Man to his menial, "get a hump on yourself and push that work through. I won't tolerate any laying back."

"You," said the better half of the Great Man, after he had left the dinner table, "get a hump on yourself and give me sufficient money to take Helen and myself to the mountains this summer, and hurry up about it. I won't tolerate any laying back."

"Yes, dear," replied the Great Man, meekly.

American Prosperity.

London Daily Graphic: Certain statistics compiled by sociological investigators in New York go to prove that the physical characteristics of the American people are changing. "Among 1,000 New Yorkers from the age of twenty upward over 28 per cent showed an abnormal development in the abdominal region."

To Frank L. Stanton.

I heard a southern poet sing,
And clearly felt his caroling.
He beckoned me, and straight I came
To tread with him, a leafy lane,
Where spacious shades lay cooling sweet—
And here he sang—how lovely meet
Those strains that filled the fragrant air—
They stirred my soul, and languished there.
Softly he led me by the hand,
And in his tender-trilling way
He sang of the awakening land
That sunbeams kiss; where shadows play;
And how the sunny summer day
Came like a bright-robed youth at morn—
Ah, truly, those like thee are born
Not made; and what a gracious gift
To see, and understand, and lift
Thy voice to Him, who gave thee voice
To make thy fellow-man rejoice.

C. W. DOERFLINGER.
In Sandusky (Ohio) Register.

THE STATE PRESS.

A "Strong" Market.

Americus Times-Recorder: Americus truckers are now shipping new onions to New York and Philadelphia. The onion market is strong and they expect to realize good prices from these shipmnets.

Rambling Through Georgia.

Elberton Star: No more pleasing incident have we to record this week than to refer to the visit of Mr. P. J. Moran, one of the editors of The Constitution, to our county last week. Mr. Moran is an excellent writer and polished gentleman, as those who met him know. His articles will be reproduced in these columns, and we feel sure our people will be pleased. These articles will do great good in calling attention to our farming, granite and manufacturing industries, and it is to our interest to encourage further advertising along this line. Mr. Moran has promised to return in June and visit every district in the county and write it up as he sees it. In behalf of all our people, we invite him to return.

A Grady Story.

Augusta Chronicle: Orth Stein is dead, but the "By-and-By" column in The New Orleans Times-Democrat continues, and very creditably too, at that. Here is a specimen from the new man, which will interest Georgians:

"I was interviewed once by Henry Grady," said a venerable merchant in Conti street, "and, while I do not mean to say anything to his discredit, he made more mistakes in reporting what I said than any newspaper man I ever talked to before or since that time. I was living in Atlanta at the time and I had met Grady several times and had learned to like him. One day he had to interview somebody about sheep raising, and sheep raising in Georgia particularly. 'But I know nothing in the world about sheep,' I said to him. 'Tell me something about sheep,' he said, with an insistent accent, and we drifted into a jerky conversation on the subject. Really he knew more about sheep than I did, and I learned much from him. He left and I thought no more of the matter. The next morning I was simply paralyzed when I picked up The Constitution at the breakfast table. I was quoted enthusiastically to the extent of a column and a half. Grady made me convert Georgia into one grand, bleating ranch. The old clay hills of the state were literally covered with browsing herds, the plains and the valleys were filled with sheep, and one could almost hear the tinkle of sheep bells and the bleating of lambs in the streets of the cities, and wool was actually growing on cobblestones. My friends prodded me so much about the enthusiasm I had displayed in the interview that I made up my mind to find Grady and get him to straighten the matter out in some way. I asked him to write a correction, because the interview had placed me in a really foolish light. He listened very patiently to what I said and treated me with great deference. 'I will not write a correction,' he said, politely; 'I never go back on anything I say in print. But you may write something and sign it, and I will ask the paper to publish it.' I wrote something and it was published, and it took exactly two columns of space for me to rid Georgia of the sheep that Grady had ushered in with his pencil. We were always staunch friends afterwards, and we had many good laughs over the sheep story. But for a while it was a sore point with me, and I told my wife we would quit eating mutton until I got over the sting."

A Curiosity in Secrecy.

New York World: When the Standard Oil Company had perfected its secret conspiracy for the monopolizing of the oil trade and the destruction of all competitors, the president of the plot gave these final verbal instructions to his associates on the eve of the beginning of that great inflow of ill-gotten wealth:

"You must not seem to be prosperous. You must not put on style. You must not drive fast horses or have fine rigs. You must not even let your wives know of this arrangement."

That has remained the cardinal principle of the "Standard Oil crowd" to the present day. And even in this moment of enormous, world-controlling operations these multi-millionaire monopolists are carefully secluded behind their banker and lawyer agents and live in comparatively modest retirement.

As unparalleled as the wealth and power of these oil dealers is their personality. When before has the world seen such power, such ability to indulge in all the vanities and ostentations dear to the average human being, combined with such aversion to fame, to the show of power, to the display of wealth?

Does this course signify absence of vanity or that deeper vanity which gets its satisfaction in secret gloating? Or does it signify fear and caution?

A la Mode.

Detroit Journal: "How becoming," protested the missionary, "is the air of humility!"

The savage young person shrugged her shoulders deprecatingly.

"To extremely slender figure, perhaps," said she. "Otherwise it does not lend itself to the straight front effect. When one wears only an air, quite plain, I should say an air of hauteur were more suitably, generally. Oh, decidedly! Yes!"

And Easter, too, of all the days in the years!

MINISTERS LEAVE SUNDAY LEAGUE TO CITIZENS' MEETING

Question of Sunday Observance Left to the People.

PASTORS FAIL TO START MOVEMENT

Evangelical Association Agrees To Act in Concert with Citizens of Atlanta — Dr. Landrum Talks at the Meeting.

A general mass meeting of the citizens of Atlanta will be held for the purpose of inaugurating the Sunday League movement.

The formal organization of the proposed Atlanta league was not effected at the regular monthly meeting of the Evangelical Ministers' Association yesterday morning as was expected.

This action was due to the fact that the ministers, as a body, preferred not to form the league and the matter was postponed in order that a general citizens' mass meeting can be held. It is the intention to have the membership of the league composed of citizens generally, whether members of the church or not—all those who desire to see the Sunday law enforced.

A committee consisting of Dr. A. R. Holderby, Dr. W. W. Landrum and Rev. A. F. Ellington, was appointed to solicit members for the league and it is proposed to call the citizens' meeting when one hundred names have been secured. Several names were reported at the meeting yesterday and all of the members of the association present who had not previously done so, signed the agreement to work to secure the enforcement of the Sunday law.

Dr. Landrum made a talk on the proposed league and he stated that he was not in favor of the ministers' association taking the initiative in the organization of the league. His idea is to have the ministers join the league as citizens, working for the welfare of the people.

He stated that he does not desire to force any person to accept his religious beliefs and opinions, but that as a Christian citizen he desires to have the law enforced.

In this connection he stated last night that he coincided generally with the remarks upon the Sunday league, made last Sunday by Rev. C. B. Wilmer, rector of St. Luke church. Dr. Landrum says that he does not know just when the meeting of the citizens will be called.

A MARSHAL LEVIES ON CARS.

Is Seeking To Collect Back Taxes from Roads Said To Owe Large Sums.

City Marshal Riley and Investigator J. T. Collier were yesterday engaged in levying upon cars belonging to the Express Coal Line, and other lines under the same system, for back taxes said to be due the city.

It is altogether probable that the matter will be taken into the court for adjustment and the legal department of the city government is now preparing the case in the event the matter takes that course.

The amount of taxes being sought is $80,000. It is claimed that of this sum the Express Coal Line is liable for $17,910. Some fifty cars, it is understood, have already been levied upon, many of them being chained to the tracks.

The work is being done under the direction of the city tax committee, the matter having been considered by the committee some time ago. Several efforts have been made to collect the taxes that are said to be due, and it is expected that the companies will carry the case through the courts before agreeing to any payment.

CHARGED WITH COW THEFT.

R. C. Parker, a White Man, Arrested Yesterday by County Police.

R. C. Parker, a white man, occupies a cell in the Tower charged with a very smooth cow theft. Parker was arrested yesterday morning by County Policemen Chambers and Dunbar, and he is alleged to have stolen a cow belonging to A. P. Brown, yard master of the Seaboard Air-Line Railroad Company.

Mr. Brown missed his cow early Monday night and Chief of County Police Turner detailed the two above mentioned officers to work on the case. The officers searched for the animal Monday night, and although they discovered her tracks for some distance, they failed to locate either her or the thief.

It was learned, however, that Parker was seen looking at the cow Monday afternoon, and the officers yesterday morning found Parker coming into the city with a load of meat.

In the meantime the officers had discovered the hide and head of the missing animal at the slaughter house of J. O. Pitts.

Parker denies his guilt and advances as his defense that another man sold him the cow. He says this man showed him the cow and represented that the animal belonged to him.

Youth and Springtime,

Beauty and manliness, then betrothal. Have you secured the engagement ring? We can help you; come and see our superb stock of diamonds, already set in delicate gold, or loose, awaiting your selection and instructions as to setting.

MAIER & BERKELE,
31 Whitehall St.

DR. HAWTHORNE IS HERE

Fund for Rebuilding Richmond Edifice Nearly Complete.

HE TALKS OF HIS ENDEAVORS

Former Atlanta Pastor Leaves for New Orleans Tomorrow, Where He Expects More Money.



DR. J. B. HAWTHORNE.
He Announces That the Work of Raising a Fund To Rebuild His Richmond Church Is Almost Completed.

Dr. Hawthorne, former pastor of the First Baptist church, arrived in the city yesterday morning from Louisville, Ky., and his wife arrived from Richmond, Va., in the afternoon. They are the guests of Philip Dodd.

Dr. Hawthorne preached in his old Broadway church in Louisville Sunday and succeeding in raising $500 to be applied to the rebuilding fund of his Richmond church, the Grove Avenue Baptist, which was destroyed by fire last fall. Thus far over $34,000 has been collected toward this object and from $6,000 to $8,000 more will be necessary to complete the handsome new edifice according to the plans. Dr. Hawthorne expects to be able to raise a considerable part of the deficit at the New Orleans Baptist convention, which he is en route to attend, and from there will go to Montgomery, where he expects to receive liberal assistance from his old parishioners of the First Baptist church. He will remain in Montgomery a week, preaching a series of sermons.

To a representative of The Constitution Dr. Hawthorne spoke enthusiastically of the rebuilding of his church. The structure, when completed, will represent an investment of $50,000, exclusive of the lot. Some of the old walls and the foundation were saved from the fire and did not have to be replaced. The location is the most desirable for church purposes in Richmond, right in the stream of progress, the wealth and social culture of Virginia's historic capital centering about it.

Dr. Hawthorne said that work on the new church is progressing very satisfactorily, and it is already under roof. By the 1st of September the congregation expects to worship in the lecture room, and the contract calls for the completion of the edifice by December 1st.

Dr. Hawthorne feels very grateful for the manner in which he has been supported in his brave efforts to rebuild his church and dedicate it free of debt. He said the contributions had come from all sources and were by no means confined to the Baptists of the south, nor, indeed, to church organizations. John Skelton Williams, president of the Seaboard Air Line railway, was one of the most generous donators, and the Jewish people of Richmond presented the building committee with $1,200.

Dr. Hawthorne will leave for New Orleans Thursday morning, as he prefers to take the trip in the daytime. His health is rather feeble still, he having but recently resumed his labors after a severe illness. Mrs. Hawthorne will visit friends in Atlanta for a week.

WILL CONFER ABOUT TAXES

Special Committee of Council Is To Hold Important Session Today at Noon.

The special committee of council, of which Councilman W. C. Rawson is chairman, will meet today at noon at the city hall for the purpose of conferring with representatives of public utility concerns regarding the matter of taxes.

The meeting will be held in the committee room adjacent to the mayor's office. The committee was appointed some weeks ago under a resolution presented to council, and Mayor Pro Tem. Johnson on last Monday, during council's meeting, announced the appointment of Mr. Rawson as chairman of the committee.

Mr. Rawson is also chairman of the city finance committee, one of the most important committees of council. The other members are the chairmen of standing committees. It is expected that several of the representatives of the various companies in the city will appear before the members of the committee today to discuss the matter.

FEET OUT.

Curious Habits.

When a person has to keep the feet out from under cover during the coldest nights in winter because of the heat and prickly sensation, it is time that coffee, which causes the trouble, be left off.

There is no end to the nervous conditions that coffee will produce. It shows in one way in one person and in another way in another. In this case the lady lived in Vermillion, South Dakota.

She says: "I have had to lie awake half the night with my feet and limbs out of the bed on the coldest nights, and feel afraid to sleep for fear of catching cold. I had been troubled for years with twitching and jerking of the lower limbs, and for most of the time I have been unable to go to church or to lectures because of that awful feeling that I must keep on the move.

When it was brought to my attention that coffee caused so many nervous diseases, I concluded to drop coffee and take Postum Food Coffee to see if my trouble was caused by coffee drinking. I only drank one cup of coffee for breakfast, but that was enough to do the business for me. When I quit it my troubles disappeared in an almost miraculous way. Now I have no more of the jerking and twitching and can sleep with any amount of bedding over me and sleep all night, in sound, peaceful rest.

Postum Food Coffee is absolutely worth its weight in gold to me." This lady's name can be given on application to the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

EGLESTON AT HEAD OF HORSE SHOW

Robert F. Maddox Nominated, but He Declined.

THE COMMITTEE IN SESSION

Mr. Maddox Complimented for His Work of Last Year.

ROUTINE MATTERS ARE CONSIDERED

Mr. Thomas Egleston Was Nominated and Unanimously Elected. Acceptance Probable.

The horse show committee of the Interstate Fair Association met at the association rooms in the chamber of commerce at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon for the purpose of organization. There were present Messrs Robert F. Maddox, John M. Miller, John K. Ottley and Brooks Morgan. On motion of Mr. Ottley Mr. Robert F. Maddox was made chairman of the meeting as soon as the committee was called to order. Mr. Maddox then announced that the committee was ready for permanent organization, and declared that the first order of business was the nomination of a permanent chairman of the horse show committee. Captain John M. Miller obtained the floor and paid a high tribute to the executive ability of Mr. Maddox, chairman of the recent committee, and reviewed the success the show attained under his administration, concluding his remarks by nominating Mr. Maddox to succeed himself as permanent chairman.

Mr. Brooks Morgan seconded the nomination of Mr. Maddox and no other names were offered in nomination. Mr. Maddox in a graceful talk thanked the members of the committee for the compliment paid him in making him temporary chairman of the committee and in renominating him for the position of permanent chairman, but stated that he could not under any circumstances accept the office for another term. He stated that a faithful discharge of the duties of the office consumed much time and demanded zealous attention at a season when his business matters required his exclusive time and that he could not in justice to his business interests devote the attention which the success of the horse show would demand.

In referring to the flattering comments of Captain Miller upon the success of the preceding horse show Mr. Maddox stated that the splendid results attained were not to be attributed to the efforts of the chairman, but were the logical results of the old Atlanta spirit as exemplified by the energetic co-operation of the citizens of Atlanta and of all the members of the general committee, without whose intelligent labors the show would have been a disappointment and a failure.

He stated that the position of chairman was one of labor and responsibility and that it was only fair that other shoulders should bear the burden of the coming show, and that whatever honors the office might involve should also be tendered to others who had helped to make the movement a success. He then nominated as permanent chairman of the horse show Mr. Thomas Egleston and asked that the nomination be approved by acclamation, which was done, and Mr. Egleston was declared elected as permanent chairman.

On account of the absence of Mr. Egleston in Jacksonville the temporary chairman continued to preside, but only detail matters were considered during the remainder of the meeting.

MR. OWEN SMITH CAME FIRST

First Honor at Atlanta Dental College Is Won by an Atlanta Boy.

The first honor of the class which graduated at the Grand Monday evening from the Atlanta Dental college was won by Mr. Owen Smith, of Atlanta.

The class numbered thirty-three young men and was composed of students from all parts of the south, many of them coming from Mississippi and Louisiana to



OWEN SMITH.
The Atlanta Boy Who Graduated with First Honor from Atlanta Dental College, Class of 1901.

take the three years' course in the college. Only one honor was awarded, this being won by Dr. Smith. Those receiving honorable mention were G. W. B. Smith, W. M. Kennady, J. R. Bivens, B. L. Graham, A. S. Hopkins, P. A. Bethrea, W. C. Smith, A. W. Meyer, P. R. Whitley and W. W. McCord.

Dr. Owen Smith is a son of Dr. David Smith, who up to the time of his death, seven years ago, was one of the most prominent dentist in the city. He is also a brother of Dr. D. B. Smith, the well-known dentist of Atlanta.

The class of 1901 was examined on last Friday by the state board of examiners and every member passed successfully, receiving a license to practice within the state. Dr. Owens has not decided definitely where he will locate, but the faculty of the college predict for him a brilliant future wherever he may determine to practice his profession.

COULDN'T LIVE WITHOUT HER

Robert Mosby Shoots His Wife for Leaving Him.

Hoxie, Ark., May 7.—News reaches here that Robert Mosby, aged fifty-five, residing in this county on Black river, shot his wife Saturday afternoon with a pistol, inflicting two wounds. She died last night. They had separated several times and were living apart at the time of the shooting. Mosby was trying to get her to return to him and on her refusal shot her. He is in jail at Powhattan.

TO SEND CLOTHES TO JACKSONVILLE

Atlanta Will Ship $1,000 Worth of Garments Tomorrow.

MEETING OF COMMITTEE

All Who Have Subscribed and All Who Desire, Are Urged To Send Their Subscriptions to Chief Joyner Without Delay.

Atlanta will send $1,000 worth of clothing to Jacksonville tomorrow.

The relief committee has cash in hand and subscriptions amounting to more than $700, and in addition to this many people are sending in articles of clothing to be included in the contribution that Atlanta will make.

In order that the clothing may go forward tomorrow and reach Jacksonville in season to be of the greatest use it is necessary that all subscriptions, both in cash and clothing, should be in the hands of the committee today. The committee recognizes that the speed with which a charity is done constitutes one of its most essential elements, and for this reason will send the clothing forward to Jacksonville at once.

All those who have subscribed but have not sent in their subscriptions, as well as all who are desirous of aiding in the cause, are requested to send in their subscriptions to the treasurer, Chief W. R. Joyner, of the fire department, without delay. Chief Joyner already has a number of packages of clothing at fire headquarters and today and tomorrow morning the special committee, composed of Chief Joyner, R. F. Maddox and Harry Schlesinger, will invest the $700 cash in clothing and see that it is shipped at once by Southern Express to Jacksonville.

The relief committee held a final meeting in the mayor's office yesterday morning and decided upon the course outlined above. The committee will make no further personal canvass on account of the lack of time, and for this reason it is requested that all further subscriptions be sent at once to Chief Joyner. There is greater need in Jacksonville for clothing now than for anything else—ready made clothing of all kinds—and it is this fact that decided the committee to invest the balance of the fund in this way.

The report of the committee showed in the neighborhood of $2,500 raised in cash, provisions and clothing. At the request of Chief Joyner the committee decided to set aside $100 for the benefit of the Jacksonville firemen, who, in all the rush and excitement, seem to have been forgotten.

The following additional subscriptions were received yesterday:

Woodward Lumber Co.	$ 25.00
Inman, Smith & Co	25.00
Cash	20.00
Atlanta Milling Co	25.00
J. J. Finnegan & Co.	10.00
C. E. Sciple	10.00
Dr. R. E. Hinman	5.00
Atlanta Business College	5.00
James O. Wynn	20.00
Montag Bros.	10.00
A. Montgomery	5.00
Cash	6.50
I. C. Clark	1.00
Total	$172.50

In addition to the foregoing subscriptions in cash Chief Joyner has received a big dry goods box full of clothing from an unknown party, one package of clothing each from Mrs. George Hinman, Mrs. S. E. Duncan and George Hinman, two packages from Dr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Hinman and a fifty-pound canister of coffee from C. J. Kamper. These and any similar contributions received today will be forwarded to Jacksonville tomorrow.

The women of the Episcopal church will hold a meeting this morning at 11:30 for the purpose of aiding Jacksonville. To this end the following call has been issued:

"With feelings of the deepest sympathy for our church people in Jacksonville and especially for the beloved rector of St. John's church, who has suffered material loss, a mass meeting of the women of the Episcopal churches in and around Atlanta is called in the chapel of the cathedral Wednesday morning, May 11th, at 11:30 o'clock."

A CONVICT STEALS A HAT

She Had Been Sentenced to Work at Police Barracks and She Robbed Another Convict.

Jennie Bain, a colored girl, who was already a convict, was arraigned in the police court yesterday afternoon for stealing a hat from another convict.

The prisoner was tried in the recorder's court Monday afternoon and fined $10.75. Instead of being sent to the stockade she was kept as a housemaid at the police barracks. There was another negro girl serving out her sentence in the same way and from this convict Jennie Bain stole a straw hat.

Recorder Broyles gave Jennie an additional fine of $10.75, and ordered that she be sent at once to the chaingang.

Through Pullman service of most modern date by the Seaboard Air-Line railway to the Pan-American Exposition. Office No. 7 North Pryor street, Atlanta.

Clothes that fit

That superior excellence in style, fit and fabric is the winning feature about "Hirsch" clothes.

The busy business man can safely spare time for clothes investigation here. And while at this point allow us to remark on the courteous treatment we accord our guests. Plenty of bright Spring ideas now ready.

Hirsch Bros.,
44 Whitehall

CONFERENCE ON RAILROAD TAXES

Council Committee To Meet Comptroller General Today.

EFFORT TO INCREASE THEM

Atlanta Railway and Power Co. Has Made Its Returns.

CITY PROPERTY PUT AT $614,000

Vice President Glenn of That Company Will Be Present at the Conference.

There will be an important conference between the committee appointed by council under the resolution of Councilman Reed and Comptroller General W. A. Wright at the latter's office at 10:30 o'clock this morning. Attorney General J. M. Terrell will probably also attend the conference, the object of which is to determine whether some means cannot be devised to increase the assessments of street railroad property.

Vice President T. K. Glenn, of the Atlanta Railway and Power Company, will also be present at the conference. Shortly after Councilman Reed had called on the comptroller general yesterday and made the engagement for this morning, Mr. Glenn called also, stating that his company was deeply interested in any steps that might be taken or proposed, and asking if he would be permitted to attend the conference. Comptroller General Wright told him there was no objection so far as he knew, and invited him to attend.

The Atlanta Railway and Power Company is the only Atlanta railroad that has made its returns to the comptroller general for the current year, for state, county and municipal taxation. This company's property within the city limits is returned at $614,000, while its total returns for property inside and outside the city are $1,328,070.

The basis for the returns of this company was fixed by award in 1899, the agreement being reached by W. T. Gentry, representing the Atlanta Railway and Power Company, and Judge Spencer R. Atkinson, who was appointed by the comptroller general to represent the state. The returns for the current year show some increase over those for last year, but this increase is due entirely to newly acquired property, the returns being made still upon the basis agreed on in 1899.

The object of the conference this morning will be to consider some steps or plans by which the assessments on street railway companies can be increased, and more taxes derived from this source. It is another move in the fight toward this end that has been going on in council for some years.

Whether the conference can accomplish anything definite is a mooted question. If it should be found it cannot do so, it is not unlikely that legislation looking to the desired end will be sought at the next session of the general assembly.

MOODY TIRES OF THE TOWER

Makes Request That He Be Sent to the Asylum or Given His Release.

Judge John R. Wilkinson, the ordinary, yesterday received a letter from Ralls Moody, the young man who was recently adjudged insane and who is confined in the Tower, requesting him to either send him to the asylum or release him from jail.

The letter was the result of the article in The Constitution yesterday morning, which stated that Superintendent Powell, of the asylum, had instructed Judge Wilkinson to send three parties, who have been adjudged insane, to the institution. Young Moody appears to be growing very tired of his confinement and when he noticed the article, in question, he communicated with the ordinary in an effort to secure action in his case.

Young Moody stated in the letter that he wanted to go to the asylum or be released. He stated that he is now competent to govern himself and that if he is given his liberty he will leave the state.

It is stated that the three persons who are to be sent to the asylum were selected by Superintendent Powell, as he does in all cases, and that Judge Wilkinson did not select them. It is not yet known what action the judge will take in reference to the request of Moody.

THE TAX COMMITTEE TO MEET

Will Hear Complaints Regarding Contemplated Changes in General Ordinance Today.

The tax committee of council will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock for the purpose of hearing from persons dissatisfied with the changes that the committees contemplate making in the general tax ordinance for 1901-1902.

Last week the committee made some radical changes in the old ordinance, in many cases doubling the prices of licenses for certain businesses. The report of the action of the committee attracted widespread attention, and a number of interested persons asked to be heard concerning the matter.

In deference to these wishes the committee decided to hold a special meeting for the purpose of hearing complaints. After the committee agrees upon a suitable ordinance, it will be reported to council with the recommendation that it be adopted. This report will not be presented for several weeks, and even then council may not agree to every item of the recommendation. The new tax ordinance will become effective July 1st.

DR. JACOBS WAIVED HEARING

Gave Bond in Both Cases To Appear for Trial at Next Term of Superior Court.

The Elkin-Jacobs case did not come to a hearing before Justice Orr at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. When it was called the attorney for the defendant said he desired for his client to waive the preliminary examination. Justice Orr fixed Dr. Jacobs' bond at $500 in the assault with intent to murder case and $300 in the case for carrying concealed weapons, and he was accordingly held in these sums to the next term of the superior court. The bonds were signed by John and Nym McCullough, Leopold Haas and Isaac Leibman.

One Fare to Chattanooga and Return via Western and Atlantic Railroad.

On account of the Chattanooga Spring Festival the Western and Atlantic railroad will sell round trip tickets to Chattanooga and return at rate of $4.10 for the round trip, May 9th to 10th inclusive, final limit May 13th, 1901. For information call on

C. B. WALKER, T. A.,
Union Depot, City.
J. A. THOMAS, C. T. A.,
No. 1 Brown building, city
CHAS. E. HARMAN, General Passenger Agent.

ICE CREAM WITHOUT LABOR

THE OLD WAY.



Delicious and smooth. No back-breaking crank-turning.

XXth Century Freezer Does It.

The bucket is made of indurated fiber which holds the cold.

Nothing to break. Nothing to get out of order. The salt can't get to it, and the cream will remain in its frozen state three times as long as any other.

Freezes hard so that it can be cut and served in dishes. It freezes Ice Cream, Sherbets and Ices better and cheaper than any other method.

THE NEW WAY.



Demonstration of this freezer will be given

WEDNESDAY,

THE 8TH, from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

The public and especially the ladies, are cordially invited to call and witness the same and test the cream which will be DISPENSED FREE. Manufacturer's agent will superintend demonstrations.

KING HARDWARE CO.,
53 AND 55 PEACHTREE STREET.

EISEMAN BROS. | EISEMAN BROS.
Washington, D. C. ATLANTA, GA. Baltimore, Md.

Genuine Panama Hats, $5

It used to be that only elderly dressers were partial to Panama Hats—liked them because they were cool, and pretty nigh indestructible. Now-a-days young men wear 'em because they come in the new stylish shapes. There's one thing about a Panama hat; you don't ever mistake it for any other kind of straw hat. You see, the Panama is woven in one piece. And when they are brought to the U. S. they're shaped like a cone, guiltless of bands and sweat-leathers. Then comes the blocking, and that is altogether a different process than that used with the sewn-braids.

This year we had some difficulty in getting our order booked for Panamas—don't know if we can duplicate it. But as long as they last, **$5.**

Boys' straw hats, wash blouses, kilt suits—all his fixings. You can bring the boy when he's 2 and we'll clothe him as you say, plainly or sumptuously—but always in good taste.

Sole Agent for
HESS SHOES

EISEMAN BROS.,
Outfitters to Men and Boys,
11, 13, 15, 17 Whitehall St.

THE CONSTITUTION has for more than a third of a century been recognized as the

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN THE SOUTH

Your Advertisement in the

"WANT"

——COLUMNS——

will place you in touch with every desirable interest in the city.

PRICE, TEN CENTS PER LINE : : : :

No "want ad" guaranteed classification after 8 p. m. All advertisements received after that hour will appear under "Unclassified."

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—For a customer, young man stenographer (Smith operator preferred). H. M. Ashe, Y. M. C. A. building.

WANTED—A first-class collector; only one with references need apply. X. Y. Z., care Constitution.

RELIABLE MAN with $500 to lend or invest; can get position in grocery at once. R. J. Moore, Constitution.

WANTED—Young man bookkeeper for small set of books. Give references and address, "Jim," care Constitution.

WANTED—A good all round harness maker; one who understands wax and Landis machine and is a fair salesman. G. E. Lyndon, Washington, Ga.

WE ARE constantly placing people in good positions and are daily having calls for bookkeepers, stenographers and other help. Call and let us place you. The Empire Business Bureau, 115½ N. Pryor st. 4-17-1mo

WANTED—For a customer, rapid stenographer (Smith Premier operator); salary $35 or $40. H. M. Ashe, Y. M. C. A. building.

ACTIVE man by large manufacturing house to work at home; $36 in cash paid for twelve days' trial; promotion and permanent position if satisfactory. Address S. P. Co., 720 Ranstead street, Phila., Pa. 5 5 3t

WANTED HELP—Female.

WANTED—A girl to work in manufacturing department. Apply 11 N. Forsyth street.

WANTED—A young lady to work at soda fount. Best of reference required. Apply at 209 Whitehall.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

WANTED—Position by a first-class planing mill man; capable of taking entire charge. Address L. G. M., care Constitution.

WANTED—Situation by competent ice and refrigerator engineer; either system. State size of plant and salary willing to pay. Address Engineer, 28 Auburn avenue, Atlanta.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

YOUNG lady of refinement, speaking both French and English fluently, as companion to elderly lady of refinement. No objection to travel or governess to small children when entire charge is given. Address Miss H. G., 49 13th st.

WANTED—Agents.

WANTED—Man or woman for state agent; reference. Arbutus Toilet Co., Box 25, Lewiston, Me. 5-4-5t

PERSONAL.

YOU HAVE never advertised very much, you say. If you have not you will not; times and conditions are rapidly changing in the south, and it is "the early bird that catches the worm." The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., will furnish cuts at very low prices. Write them.

OUR ICE is made from the same water druggists use in compounding prescriptions—Distilled Water. The price is the same as you pay for Frozen Fever Germs. 'Phone 894 for Book of Ice Tickets. Kelley Coal and Ice Co., Ice Manufacturers. Distilled Water for sale. d tf

THE MERCHANT nowadays who advertises and does not illustrate his advertisement with cuts is not in it. His competitor will soon outstrip him in the race for trade. Write the Southern Engraving Company Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., for rates and information.

MORPHINE, opium, laudanum, cocaine and liquor habits permanently and painlessly cured at home. No detention from business; no inconvenience; action immediate; leaves system of patient in natural, healthy condition without desire for drugs. Cure guaranteed for $10. Write for particulars. Dr. Long & Co., Atlanta, Ga. Reference: Capital City National bank, Atlanta. 3-13—3mos

EVERYTHING in the art of engraving made on the shortest possible notice. We pride ourselves upon the promptness with which we execute orders. When we promise you your work you get it at the promised time, and that means a lot. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

LADIES' COLUMN.

LADIES, $500 reward for a case of suppression Old Dr. Jackson's monthly regulator fails to relieve in 24 hours. Positively guaranteed. No Regot or Pills. Many saved from suicide. Ideal safe home treatment. Mail $3. Dr. Jackson, R. C., 809, 167 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill. 5-5-7t.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

WANTED—Equitable Loan and Security Co. stock, class B. Address P. O. Box 623. 4-6-sat-wed-8t

THE MERCHANT nowadays who advertises and does not illustrate his advertisement with cuts is not in it. His competitor will soon outstrip him in the race for trade. Write the Southern Engraving Company Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., for rates and information.

THE BEST zinc etchings made in this country are furnished by the Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga. Write for prices.

ARCHITECTS, contractors, supply dealers, insurance agents and other business men will find our Daily Construction Bulletin" and "Weekly Construction Sheet" invaluable in securing news in advance of all other sources from the southern states. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga. d tf

FOUR PER CENT INTEREST, compounded July and January, paid by BANKERS' TRUST CO., corner Broad and Alabama Sts. 3-28-6mo

EVERYTHING in the art of engraving made on the shortest possible notice. We pride ourselves upon the promptness with which we execute orders. When we promise you your work you get it at the promised time, and that means a lot. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

BOARDERS WANTED.

A FEW BOARDERS can be accommodated at 183 Whitehall street. Standard 'phone 232.

EXCELLENT BOARD, bed to yourself, in front room, $3.50 per week. A nice front room for couple, 63 and 65 East Ellis. Standard 'phone 2073.

WANTED—First-class rooms and board can be had at 42 Walton street; close in; rooms all newly papered; all new furniture. J. M. W., care Constitution.

NEW YORK CITY select private boarding house, in theater and shopping district. Mrs. Warner, 19 West 38th st. 4-14 10t wed sun

SAVINGS BANKS.

BANKERS' TRUST CO., corner Broad and Alabama Sts., PAY FOUR PER CENT ON SAVINGS. START NOW.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

500 LEAKY and rusty metal roofs wanted at once. Our celebrated "A. G." roof coating will stop the trouble. T. C. McDonald Roof Paint Works, 447 Central avenue, Atlanta, Ga.

IF IT'S GOOD we can reproduce it for you. If you want original illustrations we can make them for you. Anything known in the art of engraving promptly executed. Newspaper illustrations a specialty. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

EVERYTHING in the art of engraving made on the shortest possible notice. We pride ourselves upon the promptness with which we execute orders. When we promise you your work you get it at the promised time, and that means a lot. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

EVERY dry goods merchant in the southern states should advertise and illustrate his advertisement. The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., is prepared to make the best illustrations on the shortest notice at reasonable prices.

THE MERCHANT nowadays who advertises and does not illustrate his advertisement with cuts is not in it. His competitor will soon outstrip him in the race for trade. Write the Southern Engraving Company Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., for rates and information.

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FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

TO THOSE who use malt for cow feed will find plenty at the Atlanta Brewing and Ice Co. every day.

FOR SALE—Sound planting seed. Cook, Black Rattler Bender cotton seed. Address Estate John P. Richardson, New Orleans.

FOR SALE—New and second hand photo outfits and studio furnishing at a bargain. Address Atlanta Photo Supply Co., 23½ Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga. 4-19-1m

START YOUR BOY TO SAVE HIS MONEY. FOUR PER CENT paid by BANKERS' TRUST CO., 16 South Broad. 3-28-6mo

IF IT'S GOOD we can reproduce it for you. If you want original illustrations we can make them for you. Anything known in the art of engraving promptly executed. Newspaper illustrations a specialty. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

PUT YOUR SAVINGS in BANKERS' TRUST CO., corner Broad and Alabama Sts., and get four per cent. compounded. 3-28-6mo

"FORTUNES quickly made in oil." Write for new booklet (just out), also special bulletin and advices on oil investments, mailed, free. Beckley & Co., Bankers, 50 Broadway, New York.

SPLENDID opportunity to secure complete Baking Powder plant and outfit, all new, at reasonable cost, for sale. 1 B. sifter and mixer, enamel and galvanized F. and L.; pulleys, 30 mash, mfd. by J. H. Day & Co., Cincinnati, O.; 25 barrels Cheshire Crown bi-carb soda; 25 barrels choice pulverized starch; 10 barrels 99 to 100 per cent cream of tartar; 10,000 1-lb. baking powder cans; 5,000 ½-lb. baking powder cans; 5,000 ¼-lb baking powder cans; all new and fresh goods. Address Charleston Impts. & Ex. Co., Charleston, S. C. 5-5-4t e o d

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FINANCIAL.

BANKERS' TRUST CO. pays FOUR PER CENT, COMPOUNDED. Why not let your money earn something? Open account today. 3-28-6mo

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Five-room house with large basement, on 50x275 foot lot, fronting C. R. R., just outside city limits; fine well of water, shade trees, flowers, fruits and vegetables. G. J. Dallas, 19 S. Broad st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

S. W. CARSON, 6½ South Broad, will lend home money on real estate quicker and cheaper than anybody. 5-8-6mos

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

SALARIED PEOPLE and retail merchants furnished money without security; easy payments. Tolman, 524 Austell building. 5-3-12m

STRAIGHT loans and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission. E. S. McCandless, Kiser building.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on improved Atlanta real estate at low rates. Second floor front Gould building.

MONEY TO LEND on real estate, stocks or bonds. Save money by seeing Equitable Loan and Security Company, first floor Gould building, before borrowing.

TEETH.

PHILADELPHIA DENTAL ROOMS, 36½ Whitehall street. Best set artificial teeth ($5, S. White) $3; silver fillings 75c and $1 per filling. All work guaranteed. 5-2-70t

REGAL SHOES $3.50

A Popular Shoe

The Regal Shoe will give better satisfaction for the money invested than any other shoe you ever wore. This is a strong claim and it can be easily proven. Let us send you a pair. Give them a trial. Wear them. Work them. In all weathers. At all seasons. Don't spare them. Put them to the severest test. This is all we ask. If the shoes are what we claim them to be you are wasting money in buying others. If they are not what we claim them to be, then hundreds of thousands of regular Regal wearers all over the world are mistaken in their convictions. Regal Shoes are the best for the money. A trial will prove it.

THE REGAL

37 Whitehall Street.

Stores in the principal cities.

Women's Regal Shoes are made in all the popular styles, both dainty and mannish. The same reasons which account for the superiority of Men's Regal Shoes apply equally well to the Women's styles. Women's Regal Shoes are obtainable through the Mail Order Department. Address: L. C. BLISS & CO., 109 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

Catalogue of Men's and Women's Shoes sent on application. 6

Will be at 37 Whitehall during construction of Viaduct.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed to Prevent contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. $1.00

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ANNUAL PICNIC OF THE BREWERS' UNION NO. 108 AT PONCE De LEON SPRINGS, THURSDAY, MAY 9TH, 1901. Tickets, 25 Cents.

JULIUS R. WATTS & CO. JEWELERS. 7 West Alabama Street. Cash Paid for Old Gold and Silver.

SIGN PAINTING.

W. W. REYNOLDS, the sign painter (lately of Whitehall), has moved his paintery to 49½ E. Alabama st.

WATCHES.

WATCHES CLEANED 50c—Main springs warrante. 50c; jewelry repaired like new; old gold made into rings; work warranted first-class. Boley, 141 Peachtree.

STORAGE.

SECURITY Warehouse Co.—Storage of all kinds; separate rooms for furniture. Foundry st., W. & A. R. R. Tel. 1956. 3 calls

WALL PAPER.

WALL PAPER and room mouldings, all work guaranteed. J. M. Quick & Co., 29 E. Hunter and 48 S. Pryor. 'Phone 728.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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OUR ICE is made from the same water druggists use in compounding prescriptions—Distilled Water. The price is the same as you pay for Frozen Fever Germs. 'Phone 894 for Book of Ice Tickets. Kelley Coal and Ice Co., Ice Manufacturers. Distilled Water for sale. d tf

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FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—Splendid nine-room residence, 251 Capitol ave.; has large lot, servant's room, coal house and stable. Apply Brown & Allen, 24 Whitehall st.

SEND for weekly rent bulletin, full description of everything to rent; we move tenants free; see notice. John J. Woodside, renting agent, 50 N. Broad. 2-14tf

THE BEST zinc etchings made in this country are furnished by the Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga. Write for prices.

FOR RENT—Furnished Houses.

FOR RENT—Furnished house on Peachtree, large lot, stable and garden. P. O. Box 433, City. 5-8-10

BASEBALL GAMES

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

Cincinnati 4, St. Louis 3.

Cincinnati, May 7.—With the bases full in the eleventh inning and one man out, Irwin hit a little fly to short left, which Wallace muffed. Quick as a flash he threw to the plate. Ryan caught the ball on a fly and threw to third and a double play apparently had been made, but Ryan was standing fully three feet from the home plate when he caught the ball and Umpire Emslie allowed the run to score, giving Cincinnati the game. Protests from the St. Louis players followed. The crowd floated out on the field. Some one struck Jesse Burkett in the back and the latter turned around and struck Clyde Watson, a spectator. In a moment men and boys were climbing over each other in an effort to reach Burkett, but the police interfered and prevented a serious clash. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati.. .. 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1—4	9	2	
St. Louis.... .. 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3	10	2	

Batteries—McFadden and Kahoe; Powell and Ryan. Time, 1:55. Umpire, Emslie. Attendance, 1,800.

Brooklyn 4, Boston 2.

Boston, May 7.—Poor work by the Boston infield enabled Brooklyn to win today in the first inning. Attendance, 2,000. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston... .... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2	7	4	
Brooklyn..... .. .. 3 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—4	7	4	

Batteries—Willis, Lawson and Kittredge; Donovan and McGuire. Time, 1.45. Umpire, O'Day.

Pittsburg 8, Chicago 0.

Chicago, May 7.—Taylor was very easy for Pittsburg today and was batted all over the lot, while Chesbro was at his best. Attendance, 600. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago.,. .... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	3	2	
Pittsburg.. .. .. 1 0 2 1 1 2 0 0 1—8	16	2	

Batteries—Taylor and Kling; Chesbro and O'Connor. Time, 1:50. Umpire, Mr. Dwyer.

New York 5, Philadelphia 4.

New York, May 7.—Timely batting and errors by Conn and Cross aided the New Yorks in again defeating the Philadelphians today. Attendance, 4,200. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
New York.. .. .. 1 0 0 1 2 0 1 0 *—5	10	3	
Philadelphia .. .. 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—4	10	3	

Batteries—Taylor and Bowerman; Duggleby and McFarland. Time, 1:45. Umpire, Nash.

AMERICAN LEAGUE GAMES.

Baltimore 14, Philadelphia 10.

Philadelphia, May 7.—Today's game was characterized by heavy hitting and continued objections to Umpire Haskell's decisions Attendance 3,835. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore.. .. .. ..1 1 1 0 1 4 1 3 2—14	15	3	
Philadelphia. .. .. 4 1 0 1 1 2 0 1 0—10	11	3	

Batteries—Howell, Schmidt and Robinson; Platt, Milligan and Powers. Time 2:15. Umpire—Haskell.

Boston 7, Washington 3.

Washington, May 7—Kellum, with faultless support today, pitched Boston to victory. He permitted only five men to reach first base. Attendance 1,545. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Washington. . . .1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1—3	4	2	
Boston..... .. .. 0 0 1 2 0 1 0 0 3—7	11	0	

Batteries—Carrick and Clark; Kellum and Criger. Time 1:45. Umpire—Cantillon.

Detroit 9, Milwaukee 2.

Milwaukee. Wis., May 7.—Milwaukee was outclassed today, the visitors' batting and fielding being far superior. Attendance 1,800. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Milwaukee.. .. . .1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2	6	6	
t..... .. .. .0 4 0 1 0 3 0 1 0—9	10	3	

Batteries—Sparks and Leahy; Frisk and McAllister. Time 2 hours. Umpire—Connolly.

No Game at Cleveland.

Cleveland, May 7—The American League game between Cleveland and Chicago was postponed today on account of wet grounds.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE GAMES.

Shreveport 4, Little Rock 1.

Shreveport, La., May 7.—Shreveport won an excellent game from Little Rock today. The contest consumed but one hour and fifteen minutes. McNamara umpired, but there was no wrangling, both sides being satisfied with his decisions. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Shreveport.. .. .. ..0 0 0 0 1 3 0 0 0—4	10	0	
Little Rock.. .. .. .0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	7	2	

Batteries—Stultz and McGuire; Crow and Lynch.

Memphis 10, New Orleans 3.

New Orleans, La., May 7.—The southern league season opened here today at Athletic park. The New Orleans team made a poor showing against Memphis, though McKevitt and Meyers succeeded in making two home runs. Memphis started piling up runs from the beginning. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
New Orleans.. ....0 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—3	9	3	
Memphis.. .. .. .. .1 1 3 0 2 1 1 1 *—10	15	1	

Batteries—Mulkey and Abbott; Robb and Swacina.

Nashville 4, Chattanooga 0.

Nashville, Tenn., May 7.—Nashville defeated Chattanooga here today in the best all-around game ever seen on a local diamond. The score was 4 to 0, and 1,200 people witnessed the sport. The game abounded in sensational fielding on both sides, while the box work was of high order, Sanders yielding but three hits. Not a Chattanooga man got to third base. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Nashville.. .. .. ..0 0 1 2 0 0 0 1 0—4	5	1	
Chattanooga.. .. .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	3	1	

Batteries—Sanders and Ballantyne; Morris and Wood.

Birmingham 8, Selma 4.

Selma, Ala., May 7.—A double, triples and single and three men given bases on balls and one error won the game this evening for Birmingham in the first inning. Score:

	R	H	E
Selma.. .. .. .0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 1—4	10	2	
Birmingham . . . . . 6 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 *—8	7	1	

Batteries: Sechrist and Alexander; Wilhelm and Culver.

Virginia-Carolina League.

Raleigh, 7; Norfolk, 2.
Portsmouth, 8; Richmond, 4.
No game at Wilmington; rain.

College Baseball.

Virginia Institute, 7; Washington and Lee, 6
Harvard, 13; Amherst, 2.

WANTED TO GET IN HOSPITAL

Veteran from Greene County Came to Atlanta with Pension Check Uncashed.

Charles L. Langford, an invalid confederate veteran, came to Atlanta from Greene county yesterday for the purpose, as he stated, of getting into the hospital of the Soldiers' Home. His friends had told him that if he would come here they would probably put him in the "hospital" of the home, and take care of him, so without writing for information about it, he came on to Atlanta expecting to be taken into the home.

Langford had his pension check for $60 with him, not having had it cashed, and he said he brought it for the purpose of giving it back to the state so that he could enter the home. He was informed by Captain "Tip" Harrison that the home was not yet opened, and the best thing for him to do would be to return to his home until June 3d, when the Soldiers' Home will be opened. He was also informed that he could use $25 of his pension money between now and that time, refunding $35 to the state, it having been decided that pensioners who enter the home are entitled to the portion of their pension that accrues up to the time they go into that institution.

Inquire at the Seaboard Air-Line railway office, 7 North Pryor street, Atlanta, for amazingly low rates to the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

HOURS OF SALE.

1st SALE 8 o'clock to 11 o'clock a. m.
2d " 2 " " 5 " p. m.
3d " 7 " " 10 " p. m.

THESE are the HOURS OF SALE EACH DAY until the

$20,000 FIRE SALVAGE IS CLOSED OUT.

NO USE COMING BETWEEN THESE HOURS, as the intervening time will be necessary to remove all sold articles and replace them with goods from the warehouse.

IF THE crowds are too great and you can't get waited on the first day, remember we have more and greater bargains left, and that the sale will last at least a week or ten days.

EVERYTHING FOR CASH--NOTHING C. O. D.

74-80 WHITEHALL. SPEAR & CO. 74-80 WHITEHALL.

In the World of Sports

AT MORRIS PARK

BANASTER, WITH ODOM UP, WON TOBOGGAN HANDICAP

New York, May 7.—Banaster, winner of the Metropolitan handicap on Saturday, won the Toboggan handicap at Morris park today. He took up 130 pounds and won cleverly by two lengths from King Pepper.

With Voter scratched, Banaster was made a hot favorite, being played from 8 to 5 to even money. Unmasked was second choice at 3 to 1. Banastar broke well, but Odom let him settle into his stride and he ran in fourth place for half a mile. Then Odem shook him up and he moved up to Unmasked and King Pepper, who were fighting for the lead. He caught them at the last furlong pole and for a sixteenth the three ran head and head; then Banastar gradually drew away and won. King Pepper, ridden out, beat Unmasked half a length for the place.

The Larchmont, at seven furlongs, was the other fixture. Smile, the favorite, won easily after Paul Clifford had made the running to the stretch. Turner rode the winner. It was his first mount of the season in the east. Spencer had the mount on Tom Kenney, the first since his suspension last fall for his careless riding on Commando in th eMatron stakes.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Water color, 1 to 25, won; Cervera, 20 to 1 and out, second. Time, 1:14½. Two starters.

SECOND RACE—Mile, selling: Duffoon, 13 to 5, won; Animosity, even and out, second; Scurry, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:41¾.

THIRD RACE—The Larchmont, seven furlongs: Smile, 8 to 5, won; Poul Clifford, 3 to 1 and even, second; None S, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:27½.

FOURTH RACE—The Toboggan handicap, six furlongs: Banaster, 130, Odom, even, won; King Pepper, 8 to 1 and 5 to 2, second; Unmasked, 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:13⅗.

FIFTH RACE—Four and a half furlongs: Gunfire, 30 to 1, won; Golden Cottage, 8 to 5 and 3 to 5, second; Miss Hastings, 6 to 1, third. Time, 0:54⅘.

SIXTH RACE—Mile; The Parader, 11 to 10, won; Sidney Lucas, 6 to 5 and out, second; Sailor King, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:41.

Entries at Morris Park for Today.

First Race—St. Nicholas hurdle, mile and a half: Semper Ego, 168; The Last Chord, 165; Islington, 164; Draughtsman, Pasco Partout, 161; Charawind, 151.

Second Race—Handicap, Eclipse course: Heliobas, 131; Hesper, 115; Red Patch, 111; Colonel Padden, 107; Hultzilopochtli, 100; Donna Henrietta, 95; Ondurdis, 87; Cervera, 85.

Third Race—Eclipse course: Illuminate, C. Rosenfeld, 112; Postillion, 110; Red Damsel, 107; Shandon Field, 106; Bonus, 104; Rightaway, Honolulu, 103; Lady Caprice, 101; Silver Chimes, Geraldyn, Vellada, 100; Equalize, 99; The Referee, 94; Rona, Ashbrook, 91.

Fourth Race—The Bouquet, Eclipse course: Dolce Fair Niente, 112; Lady Holywood, 109; Vagrant, 108; Sir Tom Tiddler, Elsie L., 107; Criss Cross, 106; April Showers, Misleader, 105; Edwin Kenton, 104; Cryptogram, 102; Laodice, 100; Carrington, Portillion, 97; Sincere, 96; James Fritz, 94; Maru, 89.

Fifth Race—Last seven furlongs of Withers mile: The Amazon, 116; Sweet Lavender, 113; Petra II, Katherina, La Valliere, 103; Balloon, Queen Pepper, Candle, 98; Edna J., 97; Donna Henrietta, 95; Mintage, Award, Lady Chester, 93.

Sixth Race—Withers mile: Speedmas, 108; Blueaway, Matt Simpson, Lucky Star, 104; Tyrshena, Robert Metcalf, 102; Mercer, 101; Lance Man, 99; Petra II, 98; Alard, 96; Balloon, 84.

ALKAHEST LECTURE COURSE.

Partial List of Attractions Secured for Next Season Is Announced.

The course of lectures and entertainments given at the Young Men's Christian Association hall under the management of The Alkahest Magazine having closed, it is early in announcing its list of attractions for next season. The course the past season was a decided success, and it has a list of popular concerts, entertainers and lecturers, also a number of twentieth century lectures, which will be given by men of leading thought and Christian culture, during the next season.

The attractions already contracted for are as follows: September, Ralph Bingham, story teller, violinist and impersonator; October, Hon. John R. Clarke, on "To and Fro in London;" November, the Schubert male quartette; December, Edward H. Fryer, in "David Harum;" January, Dr. Eugene May, in "The Passion Play;" February, Ladies' Imperial quartette, of Chicago; March, W. Hinton White, of Australia, "Australia as It Was and Is;" April, The Johnson-Swiss Hand Bell Ringers and Concert Company.

The Alkahest course is under the management of the following gentlemen as a board of directors: Professor A. C. Briscoe, J. E. Wilhelm, Rev. J. J. Bennett, Rev. T. C. Cleveland, John L. Moore, Frank J. Cohen, Rev. J. O. Flynn, J. W. Awtry, W. H. Harris and Rev. M. F. Harman.

Visitors to the Pan-American Exposition can take the most direct route by the Seaboard Air-Line via Richmond. Office No. 7 North Pryor street.

PILLSBURY WILL GIVE MEMORY TESTS AT CLUB

H. N. Pillsbury, the champion chess and checker player of the world, is in Atlanta again, stopping at the Kimball house. Pillsbury's remarkable feat of playing numerous games of chess and checkers simultaneously, and with his back to the boards, at the Y. M. C. A. here some weeks ago, will be well remembered.

Tonight at 8 o'clock Mr. Pillsbury will give an exhibition in chess and checker playing and other mental tests at the Atlanta Athletic Club. Players who attend are requested to bring their chess and checker boards to the club. Mr. Pillsbury will play eighteen games of chess at one time.

"I will try some memory tests in addition to the feats performed in this city some time ago," Mr. Pillsbury said yesterday. "I will ask some thirty persons in the audience to stand one at a time and give me their names. After this I will call out each name indiscriminately as each one rises in his place.

Mr. Pillsbury said he would also perform some tricks with cards, and the exhibition promises to be a remarkable one in every detail.

SHARKEY LOSES ON A FOUL TO MEXICAN PETE EVERITT

Cripply Creek, Col., May 7.—"Mexican Pete" Everitt tonight got a decision over Tom Sharkey on a foul in the second round of what was to have been a twenty-round go before the Olympia Athletic Club.

The first round was give and take, Everitt making as good a showing as the sailor. In the second, a few seconds after the round was called, the ttwo men came together in a mix-up. Pete received a blow which sent him to his knees. While he was down Sharkey struck him on the head, and the referee gave the fight to Everitt.

After the decision Sharkey offered to fight Everitt at once for $1,000 aside and Everitt accepted the challenge, but friends of both men interfered.

AT LOUISVILLE

WENONAH STAKES TAKEN BY FLEET EDDIE BUSCH

Louisville, Ky., May 7.—In spite of threatening weather, the Wenonah stakes and a good card drew a fair sized crowd to Churchill Downs this afternoon. They were rewarded by witnessing some of the best racing seen so far at the meeting. John Peters was withdrawn by the Schorrs from the Wenonah stakes and this left Eddie Busch alone to carry their colors. He was made an even money favorite and lots of money was put up on his chances.

There was the hottest sort of tip out on Cold Stream, a colt belonging to F. B. Van Meter. It was his first time out, but he was heavily played. The rest of the public's money was about evenly divided among the other candidates.

They were a fractious lot at the post and it took Starter Brown twenty minutes to get them off in line. Cold Stream ran his race at the post, running clear to the turn in almost every break. They were finally sent away to a fair start, with Hans Wagner in front. At the turn Cold Stream overtook him and the pair raced together until well into the stretch, where Cold Stream drew away. The Van Meter colt seemed to have the race won when Eddie Busch came from behind with a rush. He caught Murphy, on Cold Stream, napping and beat him a half length. Jack Ratlin, an outsider, got third money. The Schorr colt went the distance in 55½.

FIRST RACE—Seven furlongs, selling: Pat Garrett, 3 to 5, won; Full Dress, 10 to 1, second; Rodd, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:29.

SECOND RACE—Four furlongs: Sweet Billie, 6 to 5, won; Dodie S., 10 to 1, second; Foundling, 4 to 1, third. Time, :49½.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Farrell, 4 to 1, won; The Butcher, 7 to 5, second; Sam P. Cochran, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:15.

FOURTH RACE—The Wenonah stakes, four and a half furlongs: Eddie Busch, even, won; Cold Stream, 13 to 5, second; Jack Ratlin, 10 to 1, third. Time :55½.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Andronicus, 6 to 5, won; Lee King, 2 to 1, second; Edith Q., 20 to 1, third. Time 1:48⅕.

SIXTH RACE—Five furlongs, selling: Survive, 4 to 1, won; Onamastus, 13 to 5, second; Donald Bain, 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:10¼.

Louisville Entries for Today.

First Race—Five-eighths of a mile: Lady Appleby, 105; Corinne C., Harry Beck, 105; Kentucky Muddie, The Boston, Endurance by Right, 110; Pentrost, Bella Commoner, Runnels, 113.

Second Race—Five and a half furlongs: San Andres, 102; Conundrum, Charles Dehler, The Conqueror, 104; Dolly Wagner, Moses, Prince of Africa, 107; Velasquez, 109; Bedner, Johnnie McCarty, Omdurman, G. W. W., 112.

Third Race—Selling, mile and fifty yards: Scorpolette, 86; Prosper la Gai, 88; Janowood, 95; Mosketo, 106; Teckia, 107; Locust Blossom, 109; Tom Middleton, 111; Andronicus, 114.

Fourth Race—Mile, the Frank Fehr stakes: Reseda, 101; General Mart Gary, 102; June Gayle, Miss Soak, Scarlet Lily, 105; Whitfield, The Barrister, 106; Chorus Boy, 105; Mr. Phinizy, 108. Chorus Boy and Mr. Phinizy coupled as H. Robinson's entry.

Fifth Race—Seven-eighths of a mile: Passion Flower, 97; Lyror Bell, Temptress, Trinity Bell, 105; Ethel Wheat, 112.

Sixth Race—Selling, three-quarters of a mile: Velma Clark, 97; Gawaine, 101; Wilwa, Farrell, 102; Princess Otillie, 103; Fleuron, 107; Tetucer, 109; Lee King, 111; Onomastus, 116.

AT NEWPORT

Cincinnati, May 7.—Horsemen at Newport are of the opinion that Andy Williams is about the best two-year-old colt at the track. The youngster won another race today, showing his heels to the field of crack colts and fillies. The filly, Rose of Red, owned by J. Dearmond, after winning the third race, was run up from $500 to $600 by Billy Carroll. She was retained by her owner. Weather cloudy; track fast.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; Spree, 15 to 1, won; Sundown II, 5 to 1, second; Nancy Seitz, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:16.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs: Unsightly, 12 to 1, won; Springswell, 8 to 5, second; A. Winner, 11 to 1, third. Time, 1:14½.

THIRD RACE—Four furlongs, selling: Rose of Red, 9 to 2, won; Janie Seay, 6 to 5, second; Kingford, 10 to 1, third. Time, 0:49¾.

FOURTH RACE—Five and a half furlongs: Zanone, 2 to 1, won; Foneda, 9 to 2, second; Charley O'Brien, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:08.

FIFTH RACE—Five furlongs: Andy Williams, 11 to 5, won; Elgiva, 2 to 1, second; Lynden Tree, 40 to 1, third. Time, 1:02½.

SIXTH RACE—Seven furlongs, selling: Algie M., 4 to 1, won; All's Well, 5 to 1, second; Miss Redwood, 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:29.

Entries at Newport for Today.

First Race—Five and a half furlongs, selling: Caloocan, Ahoma, Colgate, 102; Can Robert, Snowstorm, Colonel Strathy, Pantland, 104; Nannie J., Al Lone, Brown Vail, Flying Bird, 108; Sauterne, Assassin, Frank Fellows, John McElroy, 107.

Second Race—Mile, selling: Bettie R., 95; La Spara, Zelmore, 102; Filibuster, Pretty Rosie, Banquo II, 104; Birdie May, Strathbro

ATLANTA HOME TO REDUCE ITS STOCK

Will Liquidate $300,000 of Capital Stock.

STOCKHOLDERS TO DECIDE

Will Pay 90 Cents for Liquidated Shares.

CAPITAL STOCK IS NOW $500,000

High Taxation and Reduced Volume of Business Influenced Directors to Action.

It is extremely probable that the capital stock of the Atlanta Home Insurance Company will be reduced from $500,000 to $200,000 at the meeting of the stockholders of the company, to be held on June 6th.

This action was determined at a recent meeting of the board of directors of the company and a circular issued to the stockholders setting forth the proposed measure and the reasons for its adoption.

Under the proposed plan the stock to be liquidated will be prorated among the stockholders and they will be paid 90 cents for the stock they hold which will be liquidated.

It is proposed to liquidate 60 per cent of the stock of the company, or $300,000. The company will be required to pay out $276,000 in settlement of the 60 per cent of the stock.

A number of causes contributed to influence the directors in reaching their decision. The company has greatly reduced the volume of its business, and has withdrawn entirely from the northern field, and now works only southern territory.

Taxation is believed to be another of the contributing causes. The officers of the Atlanta Home believe that the rate of taxation on the company is entirely too high, and not in just proportion to the taxes exacted from agencies for foreign companies doing business in this state.

Joel Hurt, secretary of the Atlanta Home Insurance Company, said yesterday:

"The directors of our company have agreed to recommend a reduction of the capital stock of the company from $500,000 to $200,000. The plan will be submitted to the stockholders at the annual meeting to be held June 6th. The stock to be liquidated, will be prorated and stockholders will be paid 90 cents for the stock they hold which will be liquidated.

"The Atlanta Home has withdrawn nearly all of its northern business. It was found to be unprofitable. The southern business of the company has been very good and profitable."

The Atlanta Home Insurance Company was organized in 1889. The greater part of the capital stock is owned in Atlanta.

The officers of the company are: Robert J. Lowry, president; Joel Hurt, secretary; and John T. Hall, assistant secretary.

INSURANCE NOTES

Since the reinsurance of the American business of the Lancashire in the Hartford over a week ago a number of developments have taken place which are of considerable interest to Atlantans in view of the fact that the entire southern business of the company was removed from Atlanta to New York. Of most interest is the resignation of Ernest B. Boyd, formerly assistant manager of the southern department and later assistant United States manager. Mr. Boyd has been admitted to an interest in the business of Frank & DuBois, a New York firm of brokers and general underwriters and fire insurance promoters. United States Manager Milton Dargan, who remains with the Royal, retains the services of Franklin M. Mikell, of Atlanta, who was appointed southern general agent just before the reinsurance. Several of the other former special agents of the company making the headquarters in Atlanta will go with other companies, among them the New York Underwriters and the Citizens'. The dozen or more clerks that went to New York from Atlanta when the southern department was removed will continue with the Royal until the final details of the reinsurance of the Lancashire are consummated.

Mr. Boyd's success has been a source of considerable gratification to the Atlantans in New York fire insurance circles. After the reinsurance of the Lancashire became known he had five proffers of leading underwriting positions by prominent underwriting officials. He was offered, among other things, the presidency of one of the oldest fire insurance companies in the United States, but refused it to go with Frank & DuBois. This firm does the largest brokerage business in the United States, making a specialty of railroad insurance. It has also handled important reinsurance deals. Mr. Boyd will have charge of the underwriting department, and his friends say that if successful he will be financially independent in a few years.

Mr. Ben R. Padgett, Jr., has connected himself with the Penn Mutual Life Insurance agency of this state. While he goes in as an office man, he will write insurance also.

Mr. Padgett is a young man with more than ordinary ability, has hosts of friends, and will be a valuable acquisition to the insurance circle in this city. Young, active, energetic, and of the highest integrity, his friends predict for him an early success in the insurance field.

Striking Lessons

In Dress Economy.

For the man who is anxious to dress well and economize, let us give you a few lessons. This is our business, we make it our study and study the wants of our customers.

SUITS....

Of the very latest fabric and pattern, combined with the newest styles, and the lowest price, makes our house a popular resort and a pleasure for men to trade.

We show everything that's new in furnishing goods.

STRAW HATS

In endless variety, all the late shapes. Come in and take a few lessons, no charge, and no trouble to show you.

Essig Bros.,

Clothiers, Furnishers, Hatters.

37 WHITEHALL.

Formerly 8 Whitehall.

MADE CONFESSION IN MURDER CASE

Tower Prisoners Tell What Fellow Prisoner Has Stated.

WILL BE MADE WITNESSES

A. S. Beck Said To Have Confessed to Killing of O'Byrne in Rabun County—Crime of Which Chub Wall Stands Charged.

The prisoners in the Tower have sprung a sensation among themselves about a murder case and the talk inside the jail has been deemed of sufficient importance for a superior court judge to order prisoners into his court as witnesses.

Yesterday morning one of the prisoners was taken from the Tower and another, who was recently liberated, was forced to attend the trial of the alleged murderer.

The story as it comes from within the Tower is that Chub Wall, who is charged with the murder of O'Byrne, a traveling salesman from Atlanta, is believed to be an innocent man because of a confession which another prisoner at the Tower is said to have made. The murder was committed in Rabun county about a year ago. O'Byrne, who was a brother of P. P. O'Byrne, a saloon keeper in the city, was killed in Rabun county while on a business trip and C. W. Wall, better known as Chub Wall, a revenue spotter, was charged with the crime. Wall was tried, convicted and sentenced to be hanged. Seven days before his execution was to take place the supreme court granted him a new trial. An effort had been made in the meantime to get a trial in the United States court on the ground that the defendant was a revenue officer, but the United States court declined to recognize an informer as an officer of the government.

While he was a prisoner at the Tower (brought here for safe keeping) Wall stoutly denied his guilt.

Say He Confessed to the Murder.

Among the revenue prisoners at the Tower was A. S. Beck, of Rabun county. Beck, it is said, did a lot of talking while he was serving a sentence for making moonshine liquor. A number of prisoners stated that Beck told them he killed O'Byrne.

Beck is no longer a prisoner, having been released.

On Monday Wall was carried back to Rabun county for trial. His attorneys had heard of the alleged statements made by Beck and they got an order from the court to have prisoners summoned as witnesses who heard Beck make the confession.

Yesterday morning E. E. Williams was taken from the Tower on an order written by Judge J. B. Estes and signed by Judge A. E. Calhoun. Williams is now in Rabun county and will testify, it is said, that Beck told him that he (Beck) killed O'Byrne.

Jeff Penn, the man who got into trouble about an alleged effort to bribe him when he was a juror, was taken in custody and forced to attend court in Rabun county, as it was reported that he also heard Beck make the confession.

Others who were prisoners at the time Beck was in jail will appear as witnesses for Wall when he is tried this week.

It is understood that Beck will deny that he ever made any confession about being the murderer of O'Byrne and that he has stated that if he ever said he killed O'Byrne he was merely joking.

The jail officials are watching the outcome of the affair with considerable interest, as just such a case has never been sprung in the Tower before, in which one prisoner confessed to a crime which a fellow prisoner was charged with having committed.

Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters, the South American appetizer, cures dyspepsia.

PHYSICIANS HELD AUTOPSY

Post Mortem Examination Was Held on Bentley's Body—It Wasn't Returned to Hospital.

The fight over the dead body of Lewis Bentley was settled yesterday afternoon without the undertaker returning it to the hospital. A cousin of the dead man consented to an autopsy because he was told that such might be necessary if a damage suit arose out of the case.

Bentley was killed by an accident, and, as was stated in yesterday's Constitution, the Grady hospital physicians contended that Undertaker David Howard had removed the body before an autopsy was held and declined to return it to the hospital. The police were appealed to, and the chief of the sanitary department was called in. In the meantime the coroner declined to hold an inquest.

Chief Hope gave it as his opinion that the police could not interfere.

As Bentley's relatives, however, desired an autopsy, the physicians held the post mortem examination at the undertaker's and the matter was settled.

Bentley was buried yesterday afternoon.

LAWSHE WILL IS CONSTRUED

Parties Interested in Property of the Late Er Lawshe Reach an Agreement.

A consent verdict was yesterday taken in the case of H. C. Leonard, executor for the estate of Er Lawshe, deceased, against John Z. Lawshe and others.

The verdict was merely a construction of the will of the late Mr. Lawshe. Some years ago, after being appointed executor, Mr. Leonard filed a petition in the superior court, asking that the court construe the will. All of the parties interested finally agreed on the consent verdict.

In the verdict John Z. Lawshe, Annie E. Hardeman, Margaret M. Lawshe and Er Lawshe, Jr., are named as the sole heirs and surviving children of Mr. Lawshe. The property involved in the estate fronts 100 feet on the west side of Peachtree street and runs back 405 feet to Spring street.

Under the construction Margaret M. Lawshe is entitled to the house and lot at 145 Spring street and also five feet more or less in an alley. Annie E. Hardeman is entitled to the house and lot at 143 Spring street. John Z. Lawshe is entitled to the house and lot at 141 Spring street, and Er Lawshe, Jr., is entitled to the house and lot at 139 Spring street, during their lifetime. The manner in which the property is to be disposed of after the death of the heirs is also specified.

It is also stipulated that the home place on Peachtree street be sold by the executor for $18,000, and the disposition of the amount is prescribed.

BAPTISTS WILL MEET TOMORROW

Southern Baptist Convention To Convene in New Orleans.

DELEGATES ASSEMBLE TODAY

Atlanta Delegation Will Leave This Afternoon at 4 O'Clock.

REPORTS WILL MAKE GOOD SHOWING

Many Questions Affecting Southern Baptist Church To Be Considered and Discussed.

The Southern Baptist convention will convene in New Orleans tomorrow.

Two bodies of the convention, however, will meet today. They are the trustees of the Southern Baptist Theological seminary, of Louisville, and the committee on co-operation. The delegates to the convention will begin assembling today, and it is expected that a large number will be present when the meeting is formally opened.

The Atlanta delegates will leave for New Orleans this afternoon at 4 o'clock and will arrive in that city tomorrow morning. A number of prominent Baptists will represent this city at the convention.

The following is the complete list of Atlanta delegates elected at the recent Baptist state convention in Valdosta:

B. F. Abbott, A. D. Adair, H. C. Bagley, Rev. Dr. T. B. Bell, M. L. Brittain, Elijah Brown, Dr. George M. Brown, Rev. Len G. Broughton, H. H. Cabaniss, E. L. Connally, D. O. Dougherty, Walker Dunson, Rev. B. J. W. Graham, John M. Green, Rev. Dr. D. W. Gwin, Judge George Hillyer, J. R. Hopkins, Rev. Dr. S. Y. Jameson, S. D. Jones, Rev. Dr. F. H. Kerfoot, Porter King, Rev. Dr. W. W. Landrum, Captain J. J. Maddox, R. A. Monteith, ex-Governor W. J. Northen, Rev. T. J. O'Kelley, Rev. N. B. O'Kelley, F. J. Paxon, Judge J. T. Pendleton, Rev. Dr. J. C. Solomon, Rev. Dr. A. T. Spalding, A. P. Stewart, Rev. Dr. J. B. Taylor, Attorney General J. M. Terrell, Rev. Dr. I. T. Tichenor, Rev. A. C. Ward, Rev. Dr. J. E. White, E. G. Willingham, J. W. Wills and L. M. Landrum.

A number of questions affecting the interests of the Southern Baptist church are expected to be considered by the convention and the indications point to a very interesting and successful session. One of the features of the convention that is attracting considerable attention is the election of a president.

Several names have been mentioned in connection with the presidency, but it is as yet uncertain what action will be taken by the convention, although it may be that ex-Governor W. J. Northen will be offered the honor for a third term.

The various reports to be submitted will show the church in the south to be in a flourishing condition. An interesting feature of the reports will be the showing that more accessions have been made to the church and more money raised than known before in the history of the convention.

The question of establishing a new board for the convention will also likely be discussed. It has been suggested that the duty of the new board should be to gather statistics and to report on the non-co-operating churches in the convention district. The latter action is contemplated to bring these churches in to active co-operation in the convention work.

TWO SISTERS WANT WORK

They Call on Chief of Police and Beg Him To Assist Them to Get Employment.

Wanting work and being stranded in Atlanta, Daisy and Della Edwards, the former eighteen and the latter fourteen years of age, called on Chief Ball yesterday morning and begged him to assist them in getting employment.

The elder of the girls said she and her sister have come from Flowery Branch, where they have a mother and brother. The brother was working in a factory and was making very small wages. The mother was aged and had to be taken care of.

"So we have come to Atlanta," stated Daisy Edwards, "and we must have work. We are willing to do anything that is honorable. I will wash dishes, if I can do no better. My sister would like to be a nurse in a good family."

The sisters are well-dressed and appear to be of good character and family. The elder has the best of recommendations from former employers.

Chief Ball secured a temporary home for the girls at the Tabernacle Home for Helpless Women and Children.

"If The Constitution would make it known that these deserving girls want work," said Chief Ball, "I'm sure some of the good people of our city will give them both employment."

CAPTAIN SMITH IS APPOINTED

Prominent Atlantan Named on the Staff of General B. C. Kelly.

Captain Henry H. Smith received yesterday official notice from Major Charles W. Anderson, adjutant general of Forrest's veteran cavalry corps, that he had been appointed as colonel and aide de camp on Major General D. C. Kelly's staff for the Memphis reunion. Captain Smith was captain on the staff of General Forrest during the civil war, and is one of the few surviving officers who served under that distinguished confederate. He will accept the appointment, and is now preparing to attend the confederate reunion on May 28th.

"Another piece of pie"



has no terrors for the dyspeptic when it is made with

WESSON ODORLESS COOKING OIL

It is perfectly digestible, which lard is not. It is cleanly and free from disease-taint to which swine, from which lard is made, are liable.

Dyspeptics can with impunity enjoy food made with it. It goes twice as far as lard or butter and is therefore cheaper. Wesson's Salad Oil is far greater value than the finest olive oil and has the same flavor. Ask your friendly grocer to supply you with Wesson's Oils.

NORTHERNERS PUT FLOWERS ON CONFEDERATE GRAVES

A CONFEDERATE Memorial Day is what a federal veteran has established at Columbus, O. On the afternoon of June 8th next he and other citizens of the city will go out to the Camp Chase Confederate cemetery and hold memorial services over the graves of the southern men who died there.

The man who first held services in that graveyard is Colonel William H. Knauss, an intrepid northerner who fought all through the civil war with the union army. The graves in the Camp Chase cemetery are of the men who, as prisoners of war, dies before hostilities ceased and were buried far from home and loved ones.

Some five years ago Colonel Knauss, who is a well known real estate man of Columbus, decided to hold memorial services over the confederate graves. He announced this fact to his friends and neighbors and set a day for the exercises. It was to be the first Confederate Memorial Day to be held there.

The day arrived, but Colonel Knauss and his wife were the only ones to visit the cemetery. These two held the services and decorated the mounds of earth and sod with flowers. The next year half a hundred people attended the services and assisted in decorating. Three years ago when the day arrived the road in front of the cemetery was crowded with people and vehicles.

Confederate Memorial Day in Columbus is now recognized as a custom. It becomes so more and more as time passes. When the annual convention of the National Waterworks Association was held in that city some three years ago, Colonel Knauss called on the southern delegates to the convention and told them of the graves at the Camp Chase Confederate cemetery that were being decorated each year by northern hands.

Captain R. M. Clayton, city engineer of Atlanta, was one of the party which visited the cemetery in company with Colonel Knauss. He was very much impressed by the way in which the graves were being cared for. On his return home Captain Clayton, who is a prominent member of Atlanta camp, No. 159, United Confederate Veterans, had much to say about the work that is being carried on in the north of this kind, and now flowers are sent from the south to Columbus to decorate the graves of the confederate dead at Camp Chase.

Captain Clayton has just received a letter and invitation from Colonel Knauss, which is as follows:

"Dear Sir and Comrade: At 2 p. m., Saturday, June 8th, there will be the annual memorial services over the graves of the American heroes buried at Camp Chase Confederate cemetery. As usual there will be the good able speakers from the ex-armies, the northern and the southern. Please consider this as an invitation for yourself to be present with us, and please extend the same to your comrades and confederate camps.

"Please state that donations of flowers be sent in time so that they will reach here on the evening of the 7th of June, as the last two years many have come late. Last year more than half came one, two and three days after the services. Each day my family or myself took the flowers to the cemetery, so they were placed where they were intended to be.

"It is hoped that many will come from the south. The wives and families of the confederates in this neighborhood and the women of the U. V. I. relief corps will join in receiving those coming from the south, and together will join in strewing the flowers.

"Hope you will not forget this service and if possible come, or send some one in your place, that you may know more of the beautiful services being held annually at the graves of those lying so far from their loved ones and home. Yours very respectfully,

"WILLIAM H. KNAUSS."

Captain Clayton will bring this matter to the attention of the members of Atlanta camp of Confederate Veterans at its next meeting and it is probable that some handsome floral offerings will be sent from Atlanta. It may be that it will be decided to receive donations, the money to be sent to Colonel Knauss for the purpose of purchasing flowers that they may be fresh when placed on the graves.

In the meantime Captain Clayton will receive donations for the purpose, or make arrangements for sending any flowers that may be offered.

AGED NEGRO FOUND SON'S BODY IN A PICKLING VAT

A case came to light in the office of the prison commission yesterday which may lead to some steps being taken to secure the passage of a law at the next session of the general assembly requiring convict lessees in the state to furnish burial to those convicts who die during their term of imprisonment.

An old negro named Hurt hearing that his son, Emory Hurt, had died at the convict camp in Bartow county, came to Atlanta to see if he could secure the body. The son had been convicted of arson in Oglethorpe county, and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. On April 13th he died.

A few days ago the boy's father, who lives at Winder, heard of his son's death, came to Atlanta and reported the matter to Governor Candler. An investigation showed that the convict's body had been turned over to the Atlanta medical college for dissecting purposes. Hurt went there and saw the surgeon in charge, Dr. Campbell, who remembered that such a body had been received there, but told the old man that it was in a pickling vat along with a lot of others, and that unless he could identify it, he did not know how he could solve the problem.

The father was satisfied that he could identify the body of his son, so the vat was opened and finally the right body was fished out. The old man identified it thoroughly, and the next question was what to do with it as the father had no money with which to pay funeral expenses. A conference between Dr. Campbell and the governor led to the former furnishing a suit of clothing and the latter the money with which to buy a coffin. The body was then turned over to Undertaker Howard and given a decent burial.

This state of affairs led the governor to the conclusion that some law is needed to provide for the burial of convicts who die while serving their terms, and he will probably have something to say on the subject in his message to the legislature.

COLUMBIA GETS MEETING OF SOUTHERN EDUCATORS

The next annual meeting of the Southern Educational Association, of which State School Commissioner G. R. Glenn is president, will be held at Columbia, S. C., the week following Christmas.

Columbia has just been selected as the place of meeting, President Glenn said yesterday, for the reason that it made the executive committee the most generous proposition of all the candidates. Columbia agrees to pay all the preliminary expenses of the convention, to furnish the meeting hall, and guarantees 500 new members for the association, which means an income in dues amounting to $1,000. This, it is said, is far and away the best proposition that was made to the executive committee. Columbia has also agreed to make every effort to get the members of the association a one-fare rate to the convention, which, it is confidently believed, can be done on account of the low rates that will prevail for the Charleston exposition.

With the 500 new members South Carolina proposes to furnish the convention will probably be attended by some 1,500 or 2,000. The other members of the executive committee besides President Glenn are Vice President R. B. Fulton, chancellor of the University of Mississippi, Secretary P. P. Claxton, of Greensboro, N. C., principal of the Normal and Industrial College for Girls, and Treasurer Frank Smith, of Knoxville, Tenn. The committee was unanimous in its choice of Columbia. The other candidates were Chattanooga, Knoxville and Asheville.

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The President of the United States and All the Great Rulers of Europe Have Procured the Standard Dictionary

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VERY SPECIAL

Today's announcement from the Silk section of our big store comes as the most sensational Silk offering yet made. This progressive department, thoroughly in touch with Atlanta's trading public, has offered a number of sensational price reductions lately and Atlanta's shrewd shoppers were quick to take advantage and have purchased liberally. Today's bargain offerings are the greatest yet:

We offer 2,000 yards of Satin Liberty, Plain and Satin Twilled Foulards, exclusive patterns, 75c, 85c and $1.00 values for today only

59c yard.

Hess & Goldsmith's and Cheney Bros. fine 24-inch Crepe de Chines, $1.00 values; some stores ask $1.25 for them, for today only at

75c yard.

The balance of all our fine Wash Silks—we've easily led the Wash Silk selling this season—our assortment of these beautiful Wash Silks is absolutely unmatchable. We say the balance of our stock goes on bargain table today at

39c yard.

J. M. HIGH CO.

Liquefied Carbonic Acid Gas.

N. P. PRATT LABORATORY, Manufacturing Chemists, ATLANTA, GA

No. 1559. REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK,

at Atlanta, in the State of Georgia, at the close of business, April 24, 1901.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$1,750,264 61	Capital stock paid in	$ 150,000 00
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	71,826 56	Surplus fund	200,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	150,000 00	Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	366,669 18
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	150,000 00	National bank notes outstanding	148,500 00
Stocks, securities, etc	232,665 75	Due to other national banks	109,919 54
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	75,000 00	Due to state banks and bankers	130,678 56
Other real estate owned	13,012 78	Individual deposits subject to check	2,118,142 64
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	316,810 38	Demand certificates of deposit	167,155 18
Due from state banks and bankers	117,409 35	Certified checks	226 47
Due from approved reserve agents	145,946 39	Cashier's checks outstanding	46,078 76
Internal revenue stamps	701 95	United States deposits	137,126 18
Checks and other cash items	5,058 23	Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	6,241 99
Exchanges for clearing house	28,084 33		
Notes of other national banks	144,530 00		
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	1,205 57		
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz: Specie $216,944 60			
Legal tender notes 153,775 00	370,719 60		
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	7,500 00		
Total	$3,580,735 50	Total	$3,580,735 50

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON, SS:—I, C. E. Currier, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. C. E. CURRIER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of May, 1901. D. B. DeSAUSSURE, N. P., Fulton Co. Ga.

CORRECT—Attest: HUGH T. INMAN, FRANK E. BLOCK, PAUL ROMARE, } Directors.

No. 5030. REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE THIRD NATIONAL BANK

at Atlanta, in the State of Georgia, at the close of business, April 24th, 1901.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$1,070,610 31	Capital stock paid in	$ 200,000 00
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	10,246 46	Surplus fund	75,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	200,000 00	Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	24,190 06
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	200,000 00	National bank notes outstanding	198,900 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds	14,839 41	Due to other national banks	31,436 53
Stocks, securities, etc	9,362 50	Due to state banks and bankers	60,667 03
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	6,000 00	Dividends unpaid	20 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	60,943 24	Individual deposits subject to check	1,004,092 44
Due from state banks and bankers	21,646 52	Demand certificates of deposit	14,426 76
Due from approved reserve agents	133,018 72	Certified checks	5,917 41
Internal revenue stamps	200 00	Cashier's checks outstanding	5,759 70
Checks and other cash items	361 04	United States deposits	190,000 00
Exchanges for clearing house	34,209 60	Notes and bills rediscounted	85,000 00
Notes of other national banks	6,845 00		
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	1,508 98		
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz: Specie $61,803 25			
Legal tender notes 22,225 00	84,027 25		
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	10,000 00		
Total	$1,913,409 93	Total	$1,913,409 93

STATE OF GEORGIA, County of Fulton, ss:

I, Joseph A. McCord, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOS. A. McCORD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of May, 1901. S. H. ASKEW, JR., N. P. Fulton Co., Ga.

CORRECT—Attest: FRANK HAWKINS, M. A. FALL, E. B. ROSSER, } Directors.

Memphis Route

VIA BIRMINGHAM

May 14th, 15th, & 16th.

Little Rock AND Return, $17.40.

Through Sleepers, Elegant Reclining Chair and Observation Dining Car Service Daily Between Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis. For Sleeping Car Reservation and Full Information, Write to

J. N. CORNATZAR, Trav. Pass. Agt., ATLANTA.

ALL NEWS BEARISH

Much Lower Prices Recorded in All Cotton Markets.

SOUTH PERSISTENT SELLER

July Corn Lower—All Other Markets Higher in Chicago—Stocks Closed Weak in Tone.

New York, May 7.—Much lower prices were recorded in all cotton markets today and notwithstanding the fact that a pronounced decline had transpired within the last few days, sentiment was bearish beyond anything known in many weeks. The market opened barely steady, 2 points higher to two points lower. This level was about the highest of the day. Selling for both accounts set in and slowly at first, but with increasing rapidity, prices worked lower until July reached 7.51 and August 7.24, when profit taking and some purchases on the reaction theory brought about a moderate reaction. The news was bearish in nearly every instance. Receipts were again heavy, foreign news discouraging, crop reports generally favorable and reports from cotton centers held out no hope of an improvement in that direction for some time to come. Liverpool was much lower and sent selling orders here. The south was a persistent seller of the near months. By midday the loss had been reduced to a matter of 3 to 4 points by a flurry of profit taking, but the market again turned weak under a bear raid and a wave of heavy liquidation. The fresh selling was started by estimates for tremendous receipts at New Orleans and Houston tomorrow and by a forecast for showers tonight over pretty much the entire belt. Against these influences was a rather bullish weekly government report, though an unfavorable showing had been discounted. In the late afternoon heavy selling orders came from all quarters. Large blocks of cotton purchased around 7.90 and 8 for July were dumped over and Europe disposed of purchases made late last week, chiefly new crop positions. Closed steady at a net decline of 13 to 19 points.

New Orleans Market Reviewed.

New Orleans, May 7—The conditions in the market for spot cotton today were somewhat better than those prevailing yesterday. Factors were offering freely at quotations, but buyers were holding out for concession, which were finally made, resulting in sales of 5,200 bales, including 1,500 to arrive. The cotton exchange reduced quotations 1-16 on all grades.

A fair amount of trading, principally in July, marked the early hours today in the market for contracts and the range of 6 points in fluctuations afforded scalpers some little opportunity for turning an honest penny. There was no pressure brought to bear on either side of the account to force values; on the contrary prices backed and filled almost listlessly until late in the day when free offerings forced prices down gradually until the closing hour, May then being 7.63@7.64; June, 7.54@7.56; July, 7.50@7.51, and the balance of the list 11 to 15 points lower than yesterday's closing.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Steady; middling, 7⅞c.
Liverpool—Steady; middling, 4⅝d.
New York—Quiet; middling, 8 1-16c.
New Orleans—Easy; middling, 7⅞c.
Savannah—Easy; middling, 7¾c.
Charleston—Easy; middling, 8c.
Norfolk—Quiet; middling, 7⅞c.
Mobile—Quiet; middling, 7⅝c.
Memphis—Steady; middling, 7 11-16c.
Augusta—Quiet; middling, 8¼c.
Charleston—Nominal; middling, 7¾c.
Houston—Easy; middling, 8c.
St. Louis—Quiet; middling, 7⅞c.

The following is the statement of receipts, shipments and stock at Atlanta:

	RECEIPTS		SHIPMENTS.		STOCK.	
	1901	1900	1901	1900	1901	1900
Saturday	198	92	100	...	7201	2311
Monday	33	...	113	326	7111	2205
Tuesday	6	27	...	...	7125	2232
Wednesday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Thursday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Friday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	235	59	215	108	...	...

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS	Opening	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.
May	7 71	7 71	7 49	7 51	7 50-51	
June	7 70	7 70	7 50	7 52	7 52-53	
July	7 72	7 72	7 51	7 53	7 53	
August	7 44	7 44	7 24	7 26	7 25-26	
September	7 22	7 23	7 08	7 08	7 08-09	
October	7 12	7 12	7 00	7 00	6 99-70	
November	7 05	7 07	7 01	7 01	6 94-96	
December	7 06	7 06	6 55	6 95	6 93-95	
January	7 07	7 07	6 95	6 95	6 95-96	
February	6 98	6 98	6 98	6 98	6 97-98	
March	...	...	...	...	...	
April	...	...	...	...	...	

Futures closed steady.

The following table shows the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS.	
	1901	1900	1901	1900	1901	1900
Saturday	14911	5938	16751	1629	580810	373076
Monday	10194	2396	5968	12382	559770	366585
Tuesday	18603	6688	40293	8208	556039	363546
Wednesday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Thursday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Friday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Totals	43618	15022	63012	22119	...	...

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

May	7 48	November	6 75
June	7 30	December	6 75
July	7 35	January	...
August	7 15	February	...
September	7 09	March	...
October	6 80	April	...

Futures closed steady.

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, May 7 — 12:15 p. m.— Cotton, spot business moderate with prices steady; middling uplands 4⅝; sales 7,000; American 7,700; speculation and export 500; receipts 14,000; American 8,100.

Futures opened quiet.

	Open'g.	Closing.
May	4 15-64	4 14 Sellers
May-June	4 15-64	4 14 Sellers
June-July	4 16-64	4 15 Buyers
July-August	4 17-64	4 16¼ Buyers
August-September	4 13-64	4 12½ Buyers
September	4 13-64	4 12¼ Buyers
October	...	4 02 Sellers
October-November	3 63-64	3 62 Buyers
November-December	3 61-64	3 61 Sellers

Futures closed steady.

Movement at the Ports.

New York, May 7.—Cotton quiet; sales 100 bales; middling uplands, 8 1-16c; gulf, 8 5-16c; net receipts, 200; gross, 2,543; stock, 124,485.

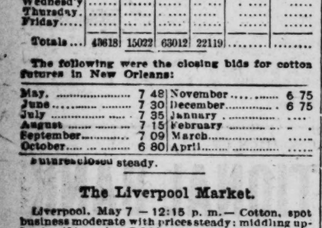
New Orleans, May 7.—Cotton easy; sales 5,200 bales; middling, 7⅞c; receipts, 8,023; stock, 205,237.

Galveston, May 7.—Cotton easy; middling, 8c; sales, 211; receipts, 7,848; stock, 108,051.

Mobile, May 7.—Cotton quiet; middling, 7⅞c; sales, 300; receipts, 2; stock, 10,987.

Savannah, May 7.—Cotton easy; middling, 7¾c; sales 112; receipts, 1,169; sotck, 57,128.

Charleston, May 7.—Cotton naminal; middling, 7⅞c; receipts, 13; stock, 6,485.



A Better Cocktail at Home Than is Served Over Any Bar in the World.

THE CLUB COCKTAILS

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We guarantee these Cocktails to be made of absolutely pure and well-matured liquors and the mixing equal to the best cocktails served over any bar in the world. Being compounded in accurate proportions they will always be found of uniform quality.

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POTTS-THOMPSON LIQUOR CO.,
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Wilmington, May 7.—Cotton firm; middling, 7¾c; receipts, 43; stock, 7,321.
Norfolk, May 7.—Cotton quiet; middling, 7⅞c; sales, 30; receipts, 662; stock, 18,862.
Baltimore, May 7.—Cotton nominal; middling, 8¼c; receipts, 218; stock, 5,223.
Boston, May 7.—Cotton quiet; middling, 8 3-16c; receipts net, 20; gross, 318.
Philadelphia, May 7.—Cotton quiet; middling, 8 5-16c; receipts, 57; stock, 2,988.
St. Louis, May 7.—Cotton quiet; middling, 7⅞c; sales, 369; receipts, 1,789; stock, 73,403.
Memphis, May 7.—Cotton steady; middling, 7 11-16c; receipts, 650; shipments, 1,186; sales, 1,100; stock, 101,790.
Augusta, May 7.—Cotton quiet; sales, 396; receipts, 448; stock, 28,350.
Houston, May 7.—Cotton easy; middling, 8; sales, 1,263; receipts, 7,706; stock, 51,875.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, May 7, 1901:

Stations of Atlanta District and State of Weather.	Maximum Temperature.	Minimum Temperature.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths.
Atlanta, clear	86	61	.00
Chattanooga, clear	83	57	.02
Columbus, clear	74	65	.00
Gainesville, clear	85	61	.00
Greenville, clear	85	59	.00
Griffin, clear	89	60	.00
Macon, clear	88	63	.00
Newnan, clear	87	60	.00
Rome, clear	85	55	.30
Spartanburg, part cloudy	89	60	.00
Toccoa, clear	85	59	.00
West Point, clear	87	61	.00

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

DISTRICT AVERAGES.

Central Station.	No. stations reporting.	District Averages. Maximum Temperature.	Minimum Temperature.	Rainfall (inches and hundredths).
Atlanta	12	86	60	.02
Augusta	11	88	62	.00
Charleston	5	84	64	.06
Galveston	26	84	64	.16
Little Rock	13	84	54	.00
Memphis	6	84	64	.00
Mobile	10	86	60	.02
Montgomery	10	86	60	.00
New Orleans	11	86	62	.04
Savannah	12	88	62	.00
Vicksburg	10	86	60	.02
Wilmington	10	82	58	.08

Remarks—Scattered showers have occurred over the greater portion of the district. Slightly lower temperatures prevails in the western districts; continued high temperature in the eastern.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

H. & B. Beer's Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, May 7.—Liverpool advices were again discouraging, but our market, nevertheless, opened only 1 point lower and ruled steady thereafter at slightly easier prices in expectation of a bullish weekly weather report. When the report was issued it showed an improvement throughout the belt causing disappointed buyers to liquidate, precipitating a break of 13 to 15 points from the top, being accelerated by the heavy port and semi-weekly interior receipts, the large estimates for both New Orleans and Houston and the weakness of spots, making the net loss on the day 12 to 15 points. Our Manchester correspondents cable that the condition of trade there is unsatisfactory, and short time will probably be resorted to in consequence. One of our Galveston friends wires that he believes that there is 350,000 bales yet in Texas and the Indian Territory, and that much wheat and oat land will be planted to cotton. Secretary Hester places the amount delivered from Texas during April at 69,000, against 86,000 last year, and the total in sight to May 1st 3,508,000, against 2,488,000 last year. The states of Texas during the same time were only 225,000 behind last year. Judging from these facts it looks as if estimates of the crop will be again increased shortly. The chances are prices will continue to decline until spot holdings are liquidated and a level is reached which will insure spinners a profit on their goods. As it is now claim the cotton is much too high relatively in comparison to the prices they are receiving for the manufactured product. Weather conditions from now on will also have a decided influence in regulating values.

Murphy & Co's Cotton Letter.

New York, May 7.—The efforts of the clique were directed in attempts to scare the bulls this morning, but with scarcely any effect, first sales showing scarcely any noteworthy changes from yesterday's prices. In spite of our lower tendency of late as a result of heavy movement Liverpool fails to break as might have been looked for and the comparative steadiness of that market causes surprise. Taking into consideration the activity in the stock market and determined efforts of the bears of late to create unfavorable sentiment in respect to cotton prices have been maintained surprisingly well. Bulls have by no means lost courage and feel that it is ridiculous to expect a depression of consequence while prices are so low as compared with last year, when stocks were abnormally light. There was no rain in the cotton belt, excepting an insignificant fall at Galveston and a trace at several other stations. While dry weather is not entirely harmful at this time, well distributed rains would certainly insure a good crop.

Galveston receipts were very heavy and this settled the day's total estimates to 20,000, against 7,000 last year. An easier market tone folowed the opening and on bear offerings prices went off 3 to 4 points. Some prominent German firms were conspicuous in the trading which at no time amounted to much. Press dispatches of damage to the crop in Texas and Alabama by heavy rains and hail kept sellers in check. Liverpool was 1-32d lower for spot cotton and ½ to 1 lower for futures Spots there are quoted today at 4⅝, against 5 1-16 on the same day last year and this lower price undoubtedly suggests caution abroad.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, May 7.—The home trade shows no change in general character. Business still doing in export grades for China and at firmer prices. Print cloths dull and unchanged. Prints inactive and irregular. Ginghams steady. Silks firm, with more business doing.

Summary of Crop Conditions.

Washington, May 7.—The weather bureau's weekly general summary of crop conditions is as follows:

The temperature conditions of the week ending May 6th in nearly all districts east of the Rocky mountains have been highly favorable, but it has been too dry over the greater part of the gulf and south Atlantic states, as well as in portions of the lake region and central valleys.

Corn planting has progressed rapidly in the central valleys, has begun in the extreme northern districts and is about finished as far north as the Carolinas, Tennessee and Arkansas. In the southern states poor stands are extensively reported and the crop is generally in need of rain, although somewhat improved as compared with its condition at the close of the previous week.

The oats crop is generally suffering for rain in the southern states and damage from insects continues in Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas and portions of Illinois.

Rains are very generally needed throughout the cotton belt to germinate the very large part of the crop replanted since the cold of April 18th, some of which, however, is coming up to good stands, especially in the eastern districts. While planting has been delayed by dry weather in Texas, this work has made good progress elsewhere, and is nearly completed over the northern portion of the central districts. There is extensive complaint of scarcity of seed.

Owing to dry weather no tobacco has been transplanted in South Carolina, but plants are generally plentiful in this and other tobacco growing states.

The fruit outlook continues encouraging generally in all districts.

Movement of Cotton Crop Analyzed.

New Orleans, May 7.—Secretary Hester's analysis of the cotton movement for the eight months of the season, from September 1st to April 30th inclusive, shows, that compared with the crop movement last year, Texas, including Indian Territory, has brought into sight this season in round figures 1,020,000 bales more, while other gulf states, which include Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Tennessee, Missouri and Oklahoma, have marketed 54,000 less, and the group of Atlantic states, which include North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Virginia, 170,000 less, making the net increase total of crop marketed 796,000.

Mr. Hester shows the amount brought into sight by groups of states for the eight months of this season as follows:

Texas and Indian Territory, 3,508,499 bales, increase over same time last year of 1,020,278; an increase over year before last of 1,113,904, and an increase over 1898 of 833,564.

Other gulf states 2,621,880; a decrease under last year of 54,484; a decrease under year before last of 562,669 and under 1898 of 868,776.

Atlantic states, 3,254,568; a decrease under last year of 170,209; a decrease under before last of 672,947, and under 1898 of 794,952.

Total crop in sight April 30th, 9,384,947; an increase over last year of 795,585; a decrease under year before last of 1,121,712 and under 1898 of 1,260,644.

The groups of states above furnished, in round figures, of the crops of last year and year before last:

From Texas and Indian Territory last year, 2,591,000 bales and year before last 3,555,000; other gulf states, 2,960,000 last year and year before last, 3,360,000; Atlantic states, 3,885,000 last year and year before last, 4,360,000.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, May 7.—Sales of long cotton apparently were freely made during the forenoon, and the market was without support beyond a few foreign orders. When these were satisfied new buyers appeared. The receipts are very heavy and act constantly as a depressing influence. The bureau report was favorably construed, and telegrams from the south report considerable bank cotton offering. With continuing good crop prospects we look for an increased inclination to sell. Telegrams say that the weather is propitious.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, May 7.—Cables were about as expected, futures down 1-32d; spots 1-32d higher; middling uplands, 4¾d; sales, 7,000. We opened 3 points lower to 2 points higher, and immediately following the call declined 3 to 4 points on large offerings with little demand. Bears become aggressive, and as offerings increased gained additional courage, making vicious attack on prices, which was helped by catching stop orders, and the room traders turned to the short side of the market for a turn. There seemed to be little support on the decline, and the break finally reached 20 to 21 points on this crop and 8 to 15 points on the new. Port receipts for today are estimated at 20,000, against 6,688 last year, and estimates for tomorrow at Houston and New Orleans are liberal compared to a year ago. The market closed barely steady with prices at the lowest of the day.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, May 7.—Today's stock market showed all the gradations of sentiment, from buoyant elation at the opening to disorderly alarm verging on demoralization in the latter part of the day. The market hinged almost entirely on Northern Pacific. The extraordinary demand for that stock continued, and it almost duplicated yesterday's rise, advancing an extreme 22¼ compared with 23 yesterday. In the early dealings this strength retained a part of its sympathetic influence. The reason for the rise exerting a depressing influence on the rest of the market was shrouded in as much mystery as the whole movement has been. As the day drew toward the close rumors began to gain currency that the enormous demand for this stock of the last two days was the result of a desperate effort to regain control on the part of insiders. The supposition is that the recent effort to control Unnion Pacific led to a retaliatory movement on the part of the powerful capitalists who control Union Pacific to embarrass the Northern Pacific interest with an enforced contest to maintain their control. The success of the plan must be admitted, if such a struggle is really the cause of the buying in Northern Pacific. The brokers employed in the buying serve as some corroboration for such a supposition. A rumor which was credited with buying 200,000 shares yesterday was buyer of tens of thousands of shares today and was at the same time lending out the stock for the benefit of the shorts to an amount estimated at 100,000 shares, thus serving to allay the alarm of the short interest, and thus discouraging the hypothesis that the buying movement was designed for a squeeze against the shorts. Appearances went rather to show that the short interest was among the insiders. The presumptions which might flow from the fact of such a struggle between great groups of capitalists had a chilling effect on the whole speculation. For one thing it would point to a state of vindictiveness between interests which have ben supposed to be working in accord. Instead of progress in a community of interests it would point to a growth of gigantic rivalry with resultant power of competition exceeding anything in the railroad was of the past. It would also indicate that the leading financial interest which has been the conspicuous figure in all the recent great financial plans had ben outgeneraled. There were fears also that the collapse to follow the volatile rise in Northern Pacific would unfavorably affect the whole stock market. The rumors regarding Northern Pacific did not begin to take this form until late in the day. Reports that the preferred stock was to have the option of exchange with the common stock and so doing away with its prior claims, sent Northern Pacific preferred up over 10 points. Canadian Pacific continued its advance on the theory that its prospective control by the Northern Pacific gave the latter stock its strength. Union Pacific was run up to 130½ in an attempt on the part of its friends to rally it to figures commensurate with Northern Pacific. These stocks constituted the really notable features of strength in the market after the bulge, which was quite general and was due to the inrush of buying orders from the widely extended speculative public. These opening gains ran from 1 to 2 points pretty generally and from 3 to 4 points in sugar and Union Pacific. The quick inroads made upon these prices by realizing and the impairment of the buying power discouraged the continuance of the speculation for the rise. The higher rate for money and the demands by brokers for larger margins also had a depressive influence on speculation. The late selling was enhanced by the discouragement of timid holders who are only willing to hold on a rise. The break at the last was severe, reaching 8¾ in Northern Pacific, 5½ in St. Paul, 8 in Union Pacific, 5¼ in Rock Island, 5 in Baltimore and Ohio and between 2 to 5 points in the large majority of the active list.

The United States Steel stocks were again under pressure throughout, and the current gossip attributed this liquidation to a shifting of holdings from the steel stocks into railroads. Prices closed above the lowest as the bears took quick profits but the closing undertone continued distinctly weak.

The bond market was quite active and irregular. Total sales, par value, $5,580,000.

United States 5s declined ½ and the 3s ¼ per cent on the last call.

Total sales of stocks today were 2,076,000 shares, including Atchison, 146,600; do preferred, 54,500; Baltimore and Ohio, 17,900; Canadian Pacific, 54,80; Chesapeake and Ohio, 8,400; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 25,300; Erie, 35,500; Louisville and Nashville, 6,600; Manhattan, 23,400; Metropolitan, 6,000; Mexican Central, 14,700; Missouri Pacific, 81,200; New York Central, 9,100; Northern Pacific, 231,400; do preferred, 27,800; Ontario and Western, 27,900; Pennsylvania, 11,700; Reading, 19,100; do first preferred, 22,100; do second preferred, 5,900; St. Paul, 170,500; Southern Pacific, 70,40; Southern Railway, 17,200; do preferred, 6,000; Texas Pacific, 51,800; Union Pacific, 340,100; do preferred, 15,700; Wabash preferred, 21,400; Amalgamated Copper, 11,500; Smelting, 7,90; American Tobacco, 14,700; Brooklyn Transit, 11,500; Continental Tobacco, 21,900; Sugar, 67,800; United States Steel, 145,800; do preferred, 61,300; Western Union, 13,200.

Money on call firm at 5¼@10 per cent; last loan at 8; ruling rate, 7; prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent.

Sterling exchange heavy with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾@4.87¾ for demand and at $4.84¼@4.84¾ for sixty days. Posted rates, $4.85@4.86 and $4.88½@4.89. commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84¼.
Silver certificates, 60.
Bar silver, 60.
Mexican dollars, 48¼c.
Government bonds weak.
State bonds steady.
Railroad bonds irregular.

RAILWAY STOCKS

Atchison	83¾	Mexican Nat'nal	11
do preferred	103½	Minn. & St. Louis	91¼
Baltimore & Ohio	109	Missouri Pacific	113¾
do. preferred	93	Mo. Kansas & Tex.	31¼
Canada Pacific	113	Mo. K. & Tex. pref.	64¾
Canada Southern	7:	New Jersey Cent.	156
Chesapeake & Ohio	49½	New York Central	161½
Chic. & Alton	45¾	Norfolk & Western	64
do preferred	80	do preferred	90
C., B. & Q.	196¾	Northern Pacific	143¾
Chic. Ind. & L.	37	do. preferred	110
do preferred	71	Ontario & Western	36¾
Chicago & East Ill.	153	Pennsylvania	61¾
Chic. Term. tr.	23	Reading	44¾
do. preferred	47½	do. 1st preferred	78
Chicago & N. W.	208¾	do. 2d preferred	56
Rock Island	164½	St. Louis & S. F.	48½
C. C. C. & St. L.	80¼	do. 1st preferred	84
Colo. Sou.	15¼	do 2d preferred	69¾
do 1st preferred	51¾	St. L. & I. M.	37
do 2d preferred	24¾	do. preferred	67
Del. & Hudson	176¾	St. Paul	179¾
Del. L. & W.	220	do. preferred	195½
Den. & Rio Grande	51¾	Southern Pacific	54¾
do. preferred	97¾	Southern Railway	32
Erie (new)	40¾	do. preferred	85¼
do. 1st pref.	62¾	Texas & Pacific	49¼
do. 2d pref.	56¾	Tol., St. L. & West.	33¾
Great Nor. pref.	183	do 1st preferred	75¼
Mocking Valley	55¼	Union Pacific	123¾
do. preferred	78¾	do. preferred	96¾
Illinois Central	142¾	Wabash	20¾
Iowa Central	31	do. preferred	42
do. preferred	60	Wisconsin Cent.	21½
Lake Erie & W.	61½	do. preferred	47
do. preferred	118	Wheel & L. E.	17¾
Louisville & Nash.	108	do. 2d preferred	24
Manhattan L.	125	Chic. Great West.	23¾
Metro. Street Ry.	167¼	do. pref. A	83
Mexican Central	27¼	do. pref. B	51

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

Adams	170	United States	88½
American	198	Wells Fargo	145

MISCELLANEOUS

Amal. Copper	122¾	National Salt	43½
Am. Car & Fdy	25½	do. preferred	75½
do. preferred	79	North American Co	86
Am. Linseed Oil	13¾	Pacific Coast	60
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	58¾	Pacific Mail	40
do. preferred	96¼	People's Gas	115¾
American Tobacco	127	Pressed Steel Car	43
Anaconda Mining	49¾	do. preferred	82
Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	83	Pullman Palace	206
Col. F. & Iron	103	Rep. Iron & Steel	20
Consol. Gas	224	do. preferred	76
Cont. Tobacco	51	Sugar	147¾
do. preferred	105¾	T. C. & Iron	63
General Electric	227	Union Bag & Paper	13
Glucose Sugar	60	do. preferred	69
Hocking Coal	18¾	U. S. Leather	14¼
International Paper	22	do. preferred	77¾
do. preferred	75	U. S. Rubber	21¾
Intern'l Power	89	do. preferred	62
La Clede Gas	84	U. S. Steel	34
National Biscuit	42	do. preferred	98¾
National Lead	17¼	Western Union	96¼

BONDS.

U. S. 2s registered	106	L. & N. unified 4s	103
do. coupon	106	M. K. & T. 2ds	63¼
U. S. 3s reg.	109	M., K. & T. 4s	98¼
do. 3s coupon	109	N. Y. Central 1st s	107¾
U. S. new 4s reg.	137¼	N. J. Cent. gen. 5s	133
do. coupon	137½	Northern Pac. 3s	72¾
U. S. old 5s reg.	113¾	do. 4s	105¾
do. coupon	113¾	N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s	107¼
U. S. 5s reg.	109	Nor. & Western 4s	101¼
do. coupon	109	Oregon Nav. 1sts	109
District 3.65s	125¼	do. 4s	104¾
Atchison 4s	103¾	O. S. Lines	128¾
do. adj. 4s	96	do. con. 5s	117¾
Canada Sou. 2d s	107½	Reading 4s	95¾
Central Pac. 1sts	103½	Rio G. W. 1sts	103½
do. 1st guar.	69	St. L. & M. con. 5s	115¼
do 2d (inc.)	22	St. L. & S. F. gen. 6s	121¾
C. & O. 4½s	105¾	St. Paul consols	192
do. 5s	119	St. P., C. & P. 1sts	118¼
Chic. & N. W. con. 7s	138¾	do. 5s	120
Chic. R. I. & P. 5s	121¾	South. Pac. 4s	94¾
Chicago Term. 4s	94¾	Southern Ry. 5s	116
Col. Sou. 4s	87½	Stand. Rope & T. 6s	60
D. & R. G. 1sts	...	Tex. & Pacific 1sts	119¾
D. & R. G. 4s	102¾	do 2ds	100
East Tenn. 1sts	...	Union Pacific 4s	106
Erie general 4s	88	Wabash 1sts	118
F. W. & D. 1sts	107	do. 2ds	110
Gen. Electric 5s	185¼	West Shore 4s	114½
Iowa Cent. 1sts	117¾	Wisconsin Cent. 4s	90¾
L. S. & M. S. 1sts	...	Virginia centuries	95½

Commercial Advertiser's Financial Cable.

New York, May 7.—The Commercial Advertiser's London cablegram says: The stock market here was brisk and irregular today. Funds were dull on the issue by country council of £2,000,000 of 3 per cent bonds at 98.

The American department was lively enough, though it was much more sensational than it has been for some time. The market was rather inclined to be more cautious. Recognizing the heavy differences which exist at the end of the present long account, jobbers are unwilling to make prices in Northern Pacific and other skyrockets. Bull views prevailed, nevertheless.

The features today in this department were in the Pacific stocks, particularly Northern Pacific common, which, though it opened well below parity, resumed its remarkable rise when New York opened and bulged it. This caused a very buoyant close. Union Pacific and the Atchisons were supported, but New York failed to help any other issues, so that London was inclined to drag. St. Paul hung heavy on a rumor that there was at hitch in the combination plan. Canadian Pacific was again very strong on excited trading. There was a report that Hill was joining the board of directors and that the company would be taken into the Northwestern consolidation scheme.

Nineteen thousand pounds of gold has come in from India.

Money was steady.

The April trade reports show an increase of imports of 8½ per cent, mainly of sugar, rushed in to forestall the new duties. Exports decreased 3 per cent, chiefly of coal and due, of course, to the decline of the price.

STOCKS	Opening.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Closing Bid.
American Tobacco	129	129	127	127¼	127
Am'n Sugar Ref	149	151¼	147⅞	148	147⅞
Atchison	87¼	87½	83¾	84¼	83¾
do., preferred	106¾	107¼	103¼	103⅛	103¼
Balt. and Ohio	112⅜	113	108	108	108
Brook. Rap. Tran.	84⅜	84¾	83	83¼	83
Third Avenue	...	...	...	...	124
Bur. & Quincy	196⅜	197⅜	196	196⅛	196⅜
C. C. C. & St. L.	83¾	83¾	83	83	80¾
Ches. & Ohio	50⅜	51	49¼	49⅜	49¼
Canada Southern	73	73	71	71¼	71
Del. & Hudson	179	180⅜	177	177	176⅛
Cons. Tobacco	52¼	52⅜	51¼	51¼	51¼
do. preferred	...	...	...	105¾	105¼
Con. Gas	226	226	225	225	224
Gen. Electric	227¾	228	227½	228	227
Chic. Great West	24¼	24¾	24	24¼	23¾
Jersey Central	...	...	...	...	156
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	65¼	66	65	65¾	64¾
Mo. Pacific	56	56¾	54½	54⅝	54⅝
Louisv. & Nash	109⅜	109¼	107½	107⅛	108
Amal. Copper	123	123½	122	122½	122¾
Manhattan L.	126⅞	127¼	124¾	124⅜	125
Met. Pacific	114⅜	116¾	113¾	113¾	113¾
Met. Street Ry	170	170¾	167½	168	167½
National Lead	...	...	...	17¼	17½
Northern Pacific	127¾	149¾	127¾	143¾	143¾
do., preferred	103	113¾	103	109¾	110
N. Y. Central	164⅜	164⅞	160¾	162¼	161⅞
Northwestern	209	209	206	207	206½
Pennsylvania	153¾	153¾	151	151	151⅞
Pacific Mail	39¾	41	39½	40	40
People's Gas	117	117⅛	115¼	115⅜	115⅜
Reading	45¾	46⅜	44	44¼	44¾
Rock Island	164⅛	169	164	164⅜	164⅜
Southern Ry	33⅛	33⅝	32	32¼	32
do., preferred	86⅛	87	85½	85⅛	85¼
St. Paul	187	187	179	179	179¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron	63¾	63¾	63	63	63
U. S. Leather com.	15	15⅛	14¼	14¼	14¼
Union Pacific	128	130⅛	122½	123¾	123¾
do., preferred	96¾	98	96⅛	96⅛	96¾
Western Union	58¾	98¾	96¼	96⅛	96⅛
Wabash pref.	42	43	41	42¼	42
Am. n. Cotton Oil	...	...	...	28	28
Nor. & Western	54½	55	53½	53⅜	54
co., preferred	...	...	...	...	89
U. S. Rubber	...	...	...	...	21¼
do. preferred	...	...	...	...	62
Reading 1st prfd	80	80	78	78	78
do. 2d preferred	58	58	56¼	56¼	56
Illinois Central	144	145	142	142	142¼
U. S. Steel	62⅝	63	31½	61½	61⅜
do. preferred	100⅜	100⅜	98⅜	98⅛	98¾

*Ex-div. 2½ per cent. †Ex-div. 1¼. ‡Ex-div. 1.

Stock Brokerage Firm Fails.

New York, May 7.—Lewis A. May & Co., stock brokers, today assigned for the benefit of creditors. The firm is composed of Orrin S. Barnum and Lewis A. May.

The liabilities are between $30,000 and $40,000 and the assets $15,000 to $20,000. The failure is ascribed to the heavy burden of paper assumed by the senior partner, Lewis A. May, when he failed in December last, for a sum approaching $100,000.

Broke All Previous Records.

New York, May 7.—The New York bank clearings today broke all previous records. There were checks passed through the clearing house for $562,617,206, compared with the previous high record of last Thursday of $525,215,108. The balances today were unusually large, agounting to $21,076,783, compared with the high record of $24,170,338 on March 5th of this year.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND COUNTY BONDS.

Ga. 5½s, 27 to 30 years	110	112	Aug'ta 7s L. D.	107
Ga. 4½s, 1915	118	119	Macon 6s	115
Ga. 4s, 1915	102	104	Columbus 5s	107
Savannah 5s	105	107	Rome 5s	108
Atl'a 8s, 1902, 1903	104	...	So. Car. 4½s	117
Atl'a 7s, 1904	110	...	New'n 6s L. D.	112
Atl'a 6s L. D.	120	...	Chat. 5s, 1911,	105
Atl'a 5s L. D.	112	...

DAUGHTERS OF CONFEDERACY ANSWER THE CALL OF JACKSONVILLE WOMEN

Mrs. Raine Discusses the Plan of Relief Work.

ENGAGEMENT OF RABBI MARX AND MISS ROSENFELD

Women of Atlanta Episcopal Church Meet This Morning at the Cathedral To Arrange for Jacksonville Relief Work.

MR. AND MRS. A. ROSENFELD announce the engagement of their daughter, Eleanor, to Rabbi David Marx, the date of the wedding not yet decided upon. They will be at home to their friends the Sundays of May.

Miss Rosenfeld is a notably beautiful young woman, and is widely known and beloved not alone for her charms of personality, but her strength of character and benevolent spirit. She is identified with Atlanta's leading philanthropic works, and was among the first of the young women in the city who aided in the organization of relief work during the Spanish-American war. She is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Rosenfeld, and the sister of Mrs. J. E. Sommerfield and Mr. Henry Rosenfeld.

Aside from the dignity and distinction of his religious office, Rabbi Marx is recognized as one of Atlanta's most esteemed and public spirited citizens, and one of the most scholarly gentlemen in the south.



MRS. DAVIS COX.

She Is Editor of a Department of The Cotton Planters' Journal, and Secretary of Woman's Forrest Monument Association, of Memphis, Tenn.

Atlanta Women Answer Jacksonville's Appeal

IN response to the call made yesterday morning by Mrs. Joseph Raine, president of the Atlanta chapter Daughters of the Confederacy, the executive board of that organization met with Mrs. Raine at her residence and took immediate steps toward helping the stricken women and children of Jacksonville. By invitation Mrs. Beverly W. Wrenn, who brought the message of distress from Jacksonville, addressed the meeting, relating with many touching incidents the trials and hardships endured by the people. She referred to the noble work being done by Mrs. Edwin G. Weed, president of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, and explained that at present one of the most urgent needs was ready made clothing.

What she said increased the sympathy already felt for Jacksonville, and it was resolved by the patriotic woman present that immediate aid would be sent, and the ladies, by telephonic communications and otherwise, collected over a hundred and thirty garments which were shipped to Jacksonville last night.

Through Mrs. Raine the Home Missionary Society of the First Methodist church, of which society Mrs. Raine is also president, sent a hundred and twenty-five garments by express last night, with the statement that more would follow.

These ladies were the first to meet and act in the matter of aiding the women of Jacksonville, their initial work being one that all the church societies in the city might accept as a suggestion, since nearly every denomination represented in Jacksonville has lost valuable church property.

Episcopalian Ladies Will Meet This Morning

THE ladies of the Episcopal churches of the city are called to meet at St. Philip's cathedral this morning at 11:30 o'clock to determine upon relief work for the sufferers in Jacksonville. Not only the cathedral in Jacksonville was burned, but much of the church property, and the family of the rector is among those who have suffered severe losses.

Mrs. Rounsaville, State President U. D. C., Issues Appeal

MRS. HALLIE ALEXANDER Rounsaville, president of the Georgia division, United Daughters of the Confederacy, in receipt of a letter of appeal from the secretary of the United Daughters of the Confederacy in Jacksonville, hereby urges upon the Daughters of the Confederacy throughout Georgia to render assistance at once to the relief work being carried on in Jacksonville, Fla., by the Daughters of the Confederacy under the leadership of the president of the United Order, Mrs. Edwin G. Weed. Mrs. Rounsaville states that money, clothing and provisions are needed and suggests that the daughters work individually as well as in chapters.

When Mrs. Rounsaville's message came Mrs. Raine had just adjourned the meeting of the executive board of the Atlanta chapter, but stated to a representative of The Constitution that at the general meeting of the Atlanta Daughters of the Confederacy to be held tomorrow afternoon action would be taken on Mrs. Rounsaville's official call.

"I feel assured that the chapter as a whole will act upon it, because all feel deeply the distress of our sisters in Jacksonville," said Mrs. Raine. "As soon as we realized the dreadful state of affairs there was the desire to render assistance to Mrs. Weed, whom we knew would be a leader in the work, and in behalf of the Atlanta chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, I telegraphed her offering our assistance. Now that our state president calls all chapters in the state to aid Mrs. Weed we will continue to work with renewed energy and until there is no further need for it. Although our general meeting will not take place till tomorrow afternoon, the members of the organization who desire in the meantime to contribute either money, clothing or provisions are urged to send them either to me at my residence on Peachtree street or directly to Mrs. Edwin G. Weed, of Jacksonville."

Mrs. Wrenn Discusses Work of Atlanta Women

In reference to the work of the Atlanta women in their assistance to the Jacksonville sufferers, Mrs. B. W. Wrenn was most enthusiastic last night.

"I knew the Atlanta women would respond generously," she said, "but I had no idea that in one day they could accomplish all that was done yesterday."

Besides the work being done in organization, Mrs. Wrenn has personally done a great deal of work among her friends, and last night shipped to Jacksonville several large boxes filled with clothing. Mrs. Wrenn urges upon women with families to donate children's clothing, as the little ones, like all the rest, need the relief that always comes in a change of clothing. These may be sent direct to Jacksonville to Mrs. Edwin G. Weed, or to Mrs. Wrenn, at the Marion hotel.

And Then There's Cut Glass.

A handsome piece of Cut Glass makes a charming wedding gift. Libby's American Cut Glass is the best—that's undisputed. That's the reason we sell it. You find here all the new designs and cuttings—some unusually rich patterns.

DAVIS & FREEMAN.

We'd like to give you our new catalogue.



MRS. BESSIE TAYLOR HILL,

Of Crawford, Ga., One of the Most Talented Women of the State, Not Only as a Musician and Artist, but in That Beautiful Handiwork Which Few Women Can Accomplish. Her Work Is Much Sought for by Those Who Appreciate Its Merit.

Miss Claude Candler Sponsor North Georgia Brigade U. C. V.

Miss Claude Candler, the lovely young daughter of Mr. Milton Candler, has been honored by the North Georgia brigade, United Confederate Veterans, in her appointment by them as their sponsor at the forthcoming reunion in Memphis.

Miss Candler has accepted the appointment and will be one of the fairest of the many fair ones who will represent the beauty and charm of the southern states at the reunion. She is a niece of Governor Allen Candler, of Bishop Warren Candler and related to the several branches of that distinguished family who have produced some of Georgia's illustrious men.

Miss Candler has appointed as her maids of honor the following young ladies: Misses Annie L. Billups, Lillian McGill, Louise Scott and Lucy Durham, of Decatur.

Mrs. Edward Brown's Reception.

Mrs. Edward Thomas Brown has issued invitations for a reception the afternoon of Thursday, May 16th, from 5 until 7 o'clock at her residence, 968 Peachtree street.

Miss Ellis Entertains.

The card party and luncheon given yesterday by Miss Phebe Ellis was a beautiful affair, a compliment to Miss Daisy Brown, a charming visitor from Boston. Miss Ellis's home is well arranged for striking effect in entertaining and it was notably handsome yesterday in its spring like decorations, and with the merry groups of young women at the six euchre tables. The game was most heartily enjoyed, and while it was being played bon bons and punch were served. Dainty fans were used for the tally and the prizes were especially handsome. The first, a white silk parasol, was won by Miss Lelia Morris. The second, a lace fan, by Miss Louise Black, and the consolation, a lace collarette, by Miss Nita Black. A delicious luncheon was served after the game.

Miss Ellis received her guests in a most becoming gown of blue batiste and Miss Brown's toilet was of white and blue linen lawn, daintily fashioned.

In Honor of Miss Aydelott.

Mrs. John B. Goodwin will entertain informally this afternoon from 4 to 6 in honor of her guest, Miss Aydelott, of Tennessee. The guests will be Miss Aydelott, Mrs. John J. Woodside, Mrs. DeLoss Hill, Mrs. Carry Mahoney, Mrs. Fred Edwards, Mrs. Clarence Stockdell, Mrs. John Ransom, Miss Ruth Hallman, Miss Alice Lilly, Miss Margaret Geiger, Miss Josie Stockdell, Mrs. Grace James, Miss Nannett Day, Misses Ora Sue Maggie Pearl and Alline Mitchell, Miss Sara Dooly, Miss Aletha Collins, Miss Pauline Rogers, Misses Kate and Mary McGuire, Miss Gertrude Mahoney, Miss Irene Smilley, Miss Lottie Brown, Miss Lyman, Miss Louise Street, Miss Carrie Westmoreland, Misses Graves, Miss Bloodworth, Miss Augusta Wylie, Miss Martha Boynton, Miss Eva Chamberlin, Miss Emma Jones, Miss Annie Crampton and Miss Lizzie Gregg.

Hebrew Ladies' Benevolent Society

The Hebrew Ladies' Benovolent Society will meet Wednesday, May 8th, at 4:30 p. m. at the temple. Election of officers and other business of importance. Mrs. D. Kaufman, secretary.

The Atlanta circle of the King's Daughters and Sons will hold their regular weekly meeting this afternoon in room 915 Austell building, at 3:15 o'clock. Mrs. F. A. Garrison, corresponding secretary.

There will be a call meeting of the Presbyterian Ladies' Auxiliary Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Young Men's Christian Association hall. All the patronesses are especially urged to be present. Mrs. George B. Denman, recording secretary.

Dedication of "Rome Cottage" at Orphans' Home

On Thursday, May 9th, the Rome Cottage" and new dining hall at the Decatur Orphans' Home will be finished and dedicated. A number of people interested in the orphanage will go out on the car leaving the Aragon corner at 12:05 o'clock. There will be addresses by several prominent Georgians, singing by the children, and altogether the services will be interesting.

Fashion Notes.

It is certainly a matter of congratulation that the wearing of headgear of an obstructive character has well-nigh ceased, and the removal of theater hats by the ladies just before the curtain rises.

Beware of three women, says a well known writer—the one who does not love children, the one who does not love flowers and the woman who openly declares she does not like other women.

The large solitaire roses are again in vogue. It requires artistic skill to place them gracefully. It is safer for the amateur milliner to pass them by.

Fancy collars and revers are now a necessity with cloth gowns, but this season there are many new designs, so that the fashion does not appear in the least old. Fine tucked batistes with insertion and edge of heavy lace appliqued on to the batiste are most effective and are worn of the white, the yellow and the black. These last, the newest and really only suitable with mourning gowns.

Mr. and Mrs. John Woodson Rice and their little son, Master Z. A. Rice, leave next week for "Utopia," their beautiful country place.

Nine O'Clock German Club Will Entertain

A delightful social event of the week will be the outing given by the Nine O'Clock German Club at Lithia next Saturday. There will be about fifty couples present and the occasion promises to be an unusually enjoyable one.

Among those invited are:

Mr. and Mrs. William Green Raoul, Mr. and Mrs. Edward S. Mumford, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Spalding, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Abbott, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Peeples, Mr. and Mrs. Rogers Davis, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Stewart, Judge and Mrs. Nash Broyles, Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Todd, Misses Louise Todd, Lena Swift, Mary Connally, Cornelia Green, Rebecca Raoul, Alice Barker, Camilla Coffee, Ada Alexander, Susan Calhoun, Florence Jackson, Ellen Hillyer, Eugenia Oglesby, Martha Langston, Lelia Morris, Valeria Rankin, Emma Belle Lownes, Annie Louise Hawkins, Stacy Earnest, Emmie Johnson, Mary Newman; Messrs. Charles Black, Lynn Werner, John Hill, T. B. Blake, Jr., Charles Ryan, Max Hunter, Joe Connally, Hugh Foreman, Stuart Boyd, John Barry, Dick Bell, John Ruse, Jim Dunlap, June Oglesby, Joe Dunlap, W. H. Glenn, Joe Garner, Eugene Haynes, Walton Harper, Tom Lyon, Emmett Irwin, J. W. Caldwell, Dave Kirkland, Dr. W. B. Armstrong, Porter Langston, Travis Huff, William McCarthy, Hugh Adams, Gilham Morrow, T. T. Williams, Priestley Orme, W. F. Parkhurst, Eugene Ottley, Shepard Bryan, Willis Ragan, S. E. Magill, A. J. Ryan, Dr. Steve Barnett, Hugh Robinson, Albert Collier, Charles Sisson, Charles King, J. S. Silcer, John F. Glenn, J. S. Spalding, Harvey Phillips, Linton Tedford, Walter Colquitt.

Thompson-Harris.

Opelika, Ala., May 7.—(Special.)—John T. Harris, a prominent planter residing near here, and Miss Lena Thompson were married at Birmingham yesterday and will reside here. They are both well known here.

Johnson-Prince.

Huntsville, Ala., May 7.—(Special.)—Williams Prince and Miss Rena Johnson were quietly married Sunday morning at the home of the bride on Oak avenue, Rev. Brown, of West Huntsville, officiating. J. P. Neil acted as best man, and Miss Johnson, sister of the bride, was maid of honor. A number of friends witnessed the ceremony.

Social Items.

Miss Camille Coffee, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Arkwright is now with General and Mrs. Gordon at Kirkwood.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Angier will give an afternoon reception at the Piedmont Driving Club on the 21st to introduce their attractive daughter, Miss Helen Angier.

Mrs. Henry Herman Hirsch returned Saturday from Macon.

Mr. Bryan Bower, of Bainbridge, is in the city.

Mrs. McVitty, who has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Edward McKeon, has returned to her home in Philadelphia.

Miss Julia DeLoach leaves the latter part of the week for Savannah.

Miss Mary Brown Connally leaves today for a house party near Selma, Ala.

Mrs. John Lehman is the guest of relatives in Brunswick.

Miss Emma Johnson, of Griffin, is the guest of Mrs. John H. Jones.

Miss Frances Johnson will return to Atlanta in June.

Miss Cornelia Green will be the guest of Miss Lelia Morris before returning to Washington, Ga.

Miss Valeria Rankin returns this week from Macon.

Mrs. Cook, the guest of Mrs. Harry Atkinson, leaves for her home in Boston Friday evening.

Mrs. Toulman and her grand-daughter, Miss McCall, leave the latter part of the week for their home in Dayton, O.

Miss Florence Werner is the guest of friends in Chattanooga.

Miss Lelia Morris will visit friends in Gadsden, Ala., in June.

Miss Martin is the guest of Mrs. Francis Gibbs in Madison.

Miss Ethel Mobley returned last week from Monroe, Ga.

Mrs. Trawick, who has been studying music in New York, has returned to Atlanta and is at the Majestic hotel.

Mr. Gordon Kiser entertained informally at dinner at the club Monday night in honor of Miss Anita Phinizy, of Augusta.

Miss Rebecca Raoul has returned from Macon.

Miss Eloise Davenport returns to Norfolk the latter part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Rogers Davis are at home to their friends at the residence of Mr. W. A. Hemphill on Peachtree street.

Mrs. Fannie Lamar Rankin is the guest of friends in Macon.

Mrs. Samuel B. Bennett, of Montgomery is the guest of Mrs. J. D. Patterson.

Miss Birdie Patterson has returned from Anniston.

Mr. A. L. James is in London.

Miss Effie Haynes is recovering from her recent illness.

Mrs. Jack Parker, of St. Paul, Minn., arrives in the city Friday and will be at the Aragon a month.

Judge and Mrs. Tanner will take possession of their Peachtree street home in May.

Mrs. Hugh Hagan and Mrs. W. D. Ellis have returned from a visit to Athens, where they were the guests of Mrs. M. A. Lipscomb.

Mrs. Isaac Boyd entertained delightfully at luncheon yesterday.

Ladies' unlined skirts tailored in the smartest styles for $5.00, where goods are furnished; either woolens, piques, linens or other wash goods. R. C. Jester, 66 1-2 Whitehall street.

BEAUTIFUL PICTURES.

They Are Furnished by the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Mr. F. W. Huntington, southern agent Canadian Pacific railway, headquarters in this city at No. 8 Kimball House, has been distributing some of the handsomest literature issued by any road.

He has also a number of elegant pictures, handsomely framed, of scenes along the line of the great Canadian Pacific, that are of a most charming character. The pictures themselves must be worth several dollars and the frames about them are so pleasing as to make the outfit suitable for your home.

Mr. Huntington has been in Atlanta but a few months, yet he has made many friends and acquaintances and has pushed forward the interests of his road. After hearing him talk you would think the Canadian Pacific had headquarters in Atlanta. His road runs from ocean to ocean, being one of the great trans-continental lines. A trip over it this summer will give you beautiful scenery, cooling breezes, and an education that every person should have.

Imported English, Scotch and Bannockburn suitings from $35.00 up at R. C. Jester's. It takes no talk to sell them.

Seaboard Air-Line railway to the Pan-American Exposition either via Washington (all rail), via Norfolk (steamship to Washington), via Norfolk (Bay Line to Baltimore and rail), via Norfolk (steamship to Cape Charles and rail to Philadelphia). Office No. 7 North Pryor street, Atlanta.

.IN.....
.SPOTLESS.
TOWN
They Use a ....
GAS STOVE
(as well as Sapolio.)
Atlanta Gas Light Co.



Oh, she'll know in a minute if you are bowing to her with a last fall's hat. The spring styles are here in Alpines, Golfs, Derbies and Straws.

See the special bargains we are showing this week.

Alpines, Golf and Negligeel Shapes worth $1.50 and $2, to close out at 98c.,

See window display at No. 3.

We must reduce stock before we vacate 3 Whitehall street.

Eiseman & Weil,
TWO STORES } 3 Whitehall, 26 Whitehall
Everything Men Wear from Head to Foot.

WATER METERS ADOPTED

Four Different Styles Were Selected Yesterday.

CLEAR WATER BASIN ARGUED

Superintendent and City Engineer Are To Report on This Matter at Next Session.

At a meeting of the board of water commissioners held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock four different styles of water meters were adopted as standard meters for the waterworks department for the year.

The meters will be purchased from time to time as the department may require. The styles selected were the Neptune, Hersey, Union and National. They were adopted upon the recommendation of the pipe and finance committees, which had considered the bids of the various meter companies submitting propositions to the board.

During the meeting bids for the brass valves for the pumps of the department were opened and referred to the finance and pipe committees for consideration. These committees will meet at 11 o'clock this morning, when representatives of the bidding companies will be given an opportunity to demonstrate the merits of their material.

The companies submitting bids were: The New Jersey Foundry and Machine Company, of New York; Cotton States Belting and Supply Company, of Atlanta; A. A. Wood & Sons Company, of Atlanta; Withers Iron and Brass Foundry, of Atlanta; A. P. Smith Manufacturing Company and the Western Brass Manufacturing Company, of St. Louis.

President Hillyer called attention to the fact that it was now the policy of the board to duplicate the works of the department as far as possible so that in the event of an accident of any kind the waterworks might not be hampered for any length of time. With that end in view he suggested that the matter of having another clear water basin should be looked into.

The idea was pronounced a good one by the other members of the board and Superintendent Park Woodward and City Engineer R. M. Clayton were requested to submit an estimate on the necessary excavating that would have to be done, report to the board at its next meeting.

Secretary Dimmock presented his report showing the receipts and expenditures of the department for the past month, and also showing just what funds were now available. President Hillyer complimented the secretary upon the excellent manner in which the accounts had been kept, and upon motion of Commissioner Erwin the thanks of the board were extended to the secretary for his work.

A Good Milk

for infant feeding is mixed Cow's milk, from herds of native breeds. Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk herds are properly housed, scientifically fed, and are constantly under trained inspection. Avoid unknown brands.

One Fare to Chattanooga and Return via Western and Atlantic Railroad.

On account of the Chattanooga Spring Festival the Western and Atlantic railroad will sell round trip tickets to Chattanooga and return at rate of $4.10 for the round trip, May 6th to 10th inclusive, final limit May 13th, 1901. For information call on

C. B. WALKER, T. A., Union Depot, City.
J. A. THOMAS, C. T. A., No. 1 Brown building, city
CHAS. E. HARMAN, General Passenger Agent.

Fare and a Third to Savannah and Return from All Points in Georgia.

Account of the annual conference Georgia Epworth League, the Central of Georgia railway will sell tickets May 8th and 9th, limited May 14th returning. Special through coaches, sleeping and parlor cars. Ticket office 16 Wall street and union depot.

W. H. FOGG, Traveling Passenger Agent.

Happy Man.

Philadelphia Press: "Darling!" exclaimed the happy man, the next moment, "I never dared hope you would accept me."

"I'll explain," said Miss Lakeside. "I consulted a fortune teller the other day, and she told me my second marriage would make me very happy and wealthy, so of course I had to get my first marriage over with."

WITH SOME PEOPLE

It is only necessary to please their eyes to induce them to buy, while others probe to the bottom of every article to find the real value. We have a stock of fine Summer Clothing for Men that will be perfectly satisfactory to each class; beautiful in effect and thoroughly honest and dependable in every detail. If you are pleased with the fit and looks of a garment, it matters not whether you are an expert on textiles or not, you will get the fullest value for your money, and our guarantee accompanies every purchase. While our stock is still fresh and complete, you should make your selection and get the benefit of an immense variety from which to choose.

How about a Negligee Shirt? We have a most sumptuous assortment.

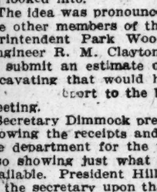
A straw hat that is in perfect style, and very durable, any shape. "MILLER" make—$2.50, $3.00, $3.50.

GEO. MUSE CLOTHING CO.,
38 WHITEHALL STREET.

THE GRAND
SALE OF SEATS FOR THE
Boyle Stock Co.
Will Begin Friday Morning, Opening Bill—Monday, May 13th,
"LADY WINDERMERE'S FAN."
NIGHT PRICES: 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday, 25c.

COLUMBIA THEATRE
PRICES: 10c 20c 30c AT NIGHT.
MATINEES: 10 AND 20c.
Tonight—Matinee: Tuesday Thurs. & Saturday. Vandeville.—BROTHERS BRIGHT, Sensational Athletes and Acrobats. BESSIE LABELLE, Artistic Exponent of Sweet Songs. LOSH, HUPP & DENO, Wonder workers and Juggiers, AND 3 OTHER ACTS. CRESCENT STOCK CO. IN "COUSIN BOB" and "LADY FORTUNE"

THE NEW LYCEUM
FOURTEENTH ST.
Week of All Headliners.
BURT HAVERLY, comedian; DIXON, BOWERS & DIXON, "The Three Rubes;" ADELE PURVIS ONRI, "The Geisha Girl;" JOHN WORLD and JESSIE MERRILLES; the Three Musical WILLARDS; FORESTER and FLOYD, Coster Singers; THE AMERICAN VITAGRAPH—NEW VIEWS. Prices, 10, 25, 35 and 50 cents. Seats may be reserved by either phone, 1367.


SIX MONTHS' TREATMENT FOR ONE DOLLAR
Dr. Burkhart's VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
A positive cure is afforded the sick in Dr. Burkhart's Vegetable Compound, the greatest remedy of the age. Cures Kidney, Liver and Stomach Diseases, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Malaria, Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, Pain in the Side, Back, Under Shoulder Blade and LaGrippe. 10 days' trial free. All druggists.
Dr. W. S. Burkhart, Cincinnati, O.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—To the Superior Court of said county:

The petition of Milton A. Smith, William A. Simpson and Herbert S. Baisden, all of Fulton county, Georgia, shows as follows:

1. Petitioners desire themselves and such other persons as they may associate with them, incorporated under the laws of Georgia with the name of SMITH & SIMPSON LUMBER COMPANY.

2. The object of said association is pecuniary gain and profit to the members or stockholders thereof.

3. The particular business which they propose to carry on is the buying and selling of lumber and all kinds of building material, at wholesale or retail; the right to own or operate sawmills or planing mills with which to manufacture such lumber or building materials as is used in their business; the buying and selling of all kinds of merchandise peculiar to said business; the right to contract for the building of all kinds of houses; the leasing, buying, improving or selling of real estate, either for cash or partial payments; the buying or selling of notes or other evidences of debt.

4. Said corporation desires the power to sue and be sued, to plead and be impleaded, to have and use a corporate seal, and to exercise all the rights and powers usually conferred upon corporations of a similar character by the laws of Georgia.

5. The capital stock of said corporation shall be Fifteen Thousand Dollars, all of which shall be actually paid in in money and merchandise before beginning business.

6. The right is desired to increase said capital stock, when deemed advisable by the stockholders of said corporation, from time to time, to any amount not exceeding Fifty Thousand Dollars.

7. The principal office and place of business of said corporation shall be in Fulton county, Georgia, with the right to establish branch offices, agencies and places of business in any other county in said state or elsewhere, as the interest of said business may demand.

8. Petitioners desire said association incorporated for a period of twenty years, with the privilege of renewal at the expiration of said time, with the rights, powers and privileges as above set forth.

9. Petitioners desire the right to organize said corporation, with power to elect a board of directors which shall consist of such number as the stockholders in the organization may direct; and said board of directors shall elect from their number a president, secretary and treasurer, and such other officers and agents as may be necessary.

10. Petitioners desire the right for said corporation to adopt by-laws, rules and regulations for its government, and when made in pursuance of this application, that the same shall be a part and parcel of its corporate power.

Wherefore petitioners pray the granting of an order by this court granting this application for the purposes herein set forth.

WALTER R. DALEY, Petitioners' Attorney.

Filed in office April 22, 1901.
ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON.—I, Arnold Broyles, clerk of the superior court of said county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy from the files of said court of the petition for charter of the SMITH & SIMPSON LUMBER COMPANY.

Witness my hand and seal of said court this the 23d day of April, 1901.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk Superior Court, Fulton County, Ga.
4-24 wed 4t

Commissioner's Sale of Southern Agricultural Works Property.

In pursuance of the decrees of the superior court of Fulton county, Georgia, in the cause of Romare & Haas, trustees, vs. Southern Agricultural Works et al., mortgage foreclosure, acting as commissioner I will offer for sale, on the premises, on Wednesday, May 15th, 1901, beginning at 11 o'clock a. m., and from day to day, between the hours of 10 and 4, as long as may be necessary, the following described property:

All that tract or parcel of land situated lying and being in land lot number seventy-nine (79) of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton, county, Georgia, and in the city of Atlanta, commencing at the southwest corner of Marietta street and Johns street (formerly Victoria alley), thence running south along Marietta street five hundred and thirteen feet and six inches (513 ft. and 6 in.) to the property of Sims Bros. (formerly Jesse P. Dean), thence at right angles to Marietta street running west, along the line with said Sims Bros ninety feet (90 ft.) to line of property now of the said the Southern Agricultural Works (but formerly of Mrs. N. E. Dean); thence southerly along the west line of said Sims Bros. forty-four (44) feet, thence east along the line of said Sims Bros. seventy feet (70 ft.) to Marietta street; thence south along Marietta street one hundred feet (100 ft.) to the northwest corner of Marietta street and Jones avenue, thence west along Jones avenue one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft.), more or less, to the right of way of the Western and Atlantic railroad; thence north along said right of way six hundred and sixty-three feet (663 ft.) to Johns street; thence east along Johns street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft.), more or less, to the starting point; being the entire tract or block of land bounded on the north by Johns street, on the east by Marietta street, on the south by Jones avenue, and on the west by the right of way of the Western and Atlantic railroad, except the said property of said Sims Bros., with all the members and appurtenances thereof, and to the same in any wise belonging, together with such new buildings as may have been erected thereon by the said the Southern Agricultural Works during the existence of the mortgage indebtedness, or any part thereof; also, all engines, boilers, pumps and machinery of every kind now on said premises, and all tools of every kind now belonging to the Southern Agricultural Works, and on said premises, together with all machinery and tools that may have been purchased and brought into said works for the carrying on of its said business, or for replacing old machinery or tools.

I will first offer the machinery and tools in separate parcels or groups, not to exceed twenty in number, information as to which parcels can be had by applying to me, at my office, No. 820 Austell building, Atlanta, Ga.

I will then offer the machinery and tools as a whole. I will then offer the realty in sub-divisions according to a plat thereof, which can be seen at my office, and copies of which can be had on application to me. I will then offer said realty as a whole. I will last offer said realty, machinery and tools as a whole.

Each and all of said offerings will be to the highest bidder for cash. If said realty, machinery and tools are bid off as a whole, or if said realty is bid off as a whole, the highest bidder must deposit with me on the spot ten thousand dollars in cash or check therefor certified by some Atlanta bank, to be applied on said bid if confirmed. If the machinery and tools are bid off as a whole, or in parcels, or if the realty is bid off in separate parcels, then each highest bidder must likewise deposit with me in cash or check similarly certified twenty per cent of his bid to be applied as herein before provided.

If such deposits be not made I will at once proceed to re-offer for sale the property as to which such deposit is not made.

The above offers for sale will be made subject to confirmation by the said superior court and the United States district court for the northern district of Georgia, and will not be confirmed unless the amount bid for said property, if sold as a whole, or the aggregate amount, bid for the property, if sold in parcels, shall amount to the sum of fifty thousand dollars.

CHAS. S. NORTHEN, Commissioner.

Acting in pursuance of the order of the Hon. Wm. T. Newman, Judge of the U. S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia, sitting in bankruptcy, I will co-operate with the commissioner of the superior court of Fulton county and upon confirmation of the sale or sales by said courts will join with said commissioner in deed or deeds to the property.

GEO. W. PARROTT, Trustee in Bankruptcy for The Southern Agricultural Works, Bankrupt.
4-17-wed-4t

During Construction of Viaduct
Glenn Photo-Stock Co.,
KODAK DEALERS.
Will Continue Their Business at
77 1-2 Whitehall Street.

ESTABLISHED IN 1877.
PETER LYNCH,
AT 95 WHITEHALL ST.
Dealer in foreign and domestic wines, liquors, tobaccos, cigars and all such goods as belong with a first-class liquor store. Pure wines and liquors for medicinal purposes.

Peter Lynch is also running at No. 7 West Mitchell street his great Variety Store, and is daily getting more and more established as such. He has now on hand Spring Turnip Seeds, Bush Beans, Cornfield Beans, Butter Beans, Onion Sets, Seed Corn in the Ear, and nearly all other Seeds for garden and field planting; Kentucky Blue Grass Seed, also Fruit Jars, Mason's Improved, Mason's Metal Top, Millville and Woodbury, pints, quarts and half gallons; also gardening and other tools. 100 empty wine and spirit barrels, half barrels and kegs. Terms cash.

COTTON SEED OIL
AND GIN MACHINERY.
Not in any Combination or Trust
Complete plants from 15 to 200 tons capacity. Special small plants for ginneries. Cotton gins and complete ginning systems.
E. Van Winkle Gin & Machine Wks.
Atlanta, Ga.



Are you thinking of buying a Watch? If so, see our line and get our prices. Every watch we sell is guaranteed.
MILLER, the Jeweler.
84 Broad Street.



THE RESULTS
Of the work of Mrs. Ella Berry, at Kimball house, suite 407-409, are most gratifying.

Representative ladies of Atlanta who have taken her 10-days process for removing wrinkles, pimples, large pores and brown spots are enjoying their beauty and freshness of complexion. The effect is bewildering.

Berry's Creole Tea makes good blood and a beautiful complexion. Price, 10 cents. Come and have a fine demonstration.

Moles, superfluous hair, red veins and scars removed permanently by electricity.

MRS. ELLA BERRY, Kimball House, Suite 407 to 409.

Phone 549, STANDARD ICE COMPANY, for Prompt Delivery
OUT-OF-TOWN TRADE SOLICITED.
QUALITY AND PRICE GUARANTEED-FILTERED DISTILLED WATER USED

LIFE AGENTS' CATECHISM.

Q. What is a Renewal Contract?

A. An arrangement by which the agent who writes the business can secure a permanent income therefrom.

Q. Do I forfeit this income if I leave the service of the company?

A. You do with some companies, but not with the Equitable.

Q. But suppose I should die?

A. The Equitable pays it to your heirs for the full number of years.

Q. Do I have to write any large amount of business each year?

A. Yes, in some companies; but the Equitable pays you for what you do, be it great or small.

Q. Where can I get such a contract?

A. If you know your business, apply to

ROBERT L. FOREMAN,
Manager.
Equitable Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

OPIUM COCAINE and WHISKY
Habits Cured at my Sanitorium, in 10 days. Hundreds of references. 25 years a specialty. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Address B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, STERLING SILVERWARE,
CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW
JEWELER,
22 Whitehall, Corner Alabama Street, and 55 Whitehall Street.
Superb stock at both stores.
Newest Goods of this Season's Designs. You are cordially invited to inspect these stocks before making your purchases.
CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW,
Jeweler,



Lidgerwood Manufacturing Co.
Southern Branch:
Prudential Building, Atlanta, Ga.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL.
Offices, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 209, 210, 211 and 213 Law Building, Pryor and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga. Long distance telephone, 250.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

SUMMER LAW SCHOOL
UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.
32d Summer. July 2 to Sept. 1, 1901. Especially helpful to beginners; to candidates for admission to the bar; and to practitioners who have lacked systematic instruction. For catalogue, address
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CHINA PAINTING TAUGHT AT LYCETT'S.
You can paint your own wedding and Christmas presents. White China and Art Materials. 83 1-2 Whitehall street. Correspondence invited.

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The Complete Business Course, Total Cost, $35.00. Actual Business from start to finish." Most thorough Shorthand Dept in A merica. 4000 graduates. Cat. Free.

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2,000 Graduates. Receives from 1 to 5 applications daily for bookkeepers and stenographers. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy taught. Refers to Atlanta's business men and bankers. Write for catalogue. Address A. C. Briscoe, Pres., or L. W. Arnold, V. Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

The New York School of Expression
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Elocution, Oratory, Physical Culture.
Principals,
F. Townsend Southwick, Genevieve Stebbins.

SUMMER SESSION
AT MONTEAGLE, TENN., JULY, 1901.
In conjunction with the Monteagle Chautauqua. Special terms to teachers. For circulars, address as above.

The Kilndworth Conservatory of Music
Atlanta, Ga.,
Will conduct a SUMMER SCHOOL OF MUSIC, June 19th to August 13th, with competent teachers in all branches.
The winter term will begin Sept. 4th.
For catalogue or information, address or call on Kurt Mueller, 20 Church St. P. O. box 228. Bell 'phone 1727.

OPIUM Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed or no pay. B. H. VEAL, Man'gr Lithia Springs Sanitarium, Box 8, Austell, Ga.

CRAWFORD HELD ON FORGERY CHARGE

Goes to Tower in Default of a Bond of $500.

HE IS A MORPHINE EATER

Attorney Makes Plea That Prisoner Is Not Morally Responsible.

CASES OF FRAUD WERE NOT SUSTAINED

Crawford Charged with Forging a Lady's Name to an Order for Four Dollars.

On the charge of forgery Will Crawford, a well known young man about town, was sent to the Tower yesterday morning by Recorder Broyles in default of a $500 bond.

Crawford was arrested by Detectives Simpson, Barrett and Harris for alleged fraud, it being charged that he had secured money from citizens who had been robbed on a promise to return the stolen goods. He was said to have selected as victims those who had lost diamonds and that he used bicycle messengers to convey notes that were unsigned.

It was not until after his arrest that the forgery case developed.

When arraigned yesterday morning in police court, Crawford was represented by Attorney Harvey Hill.

Detective Barrett stated that the defendant had forged the name of Mrs. W. P. Nicolson to an order on Pink Cherry, a Peachtree street butcher, for $4. Mrs. Nicolson traded with Cherry and that fact, the officer stated, must have been known to Crawford. The order for the money was in the shape of a note in which the writer made Mrs. Nicolson say that she was down town and needed $4 immediately and that she would appreciate the kindness if Mr. Cherry would let her have the money. Of course Mrs. Nicolson knew nothing whatever about such a note.

"Crawford confessed to me," stated Detective Barrett, "that he wrote the note to Cherry and signed Mrs. Nicolson's name."

Recorder Broyles heard the testimony in the cases of alleged fraud in securing money for the promised return of stolen jewels, but he did not think the evidence strong enough to hold the defendant on such a charge.

"The forgery case," said Recorder Broyles, "appears to be clearly made out and I will bind Crawford over to the superior criminal court in a bond of $500 for forgery."

Crawford was unable to give the bond and he was sent to the Tower.

The only defense made by Crawford was a statement by his attorney, who said that his client was a confirmed morphine eater and was not responsible for his acts.

"A KING'S PAWN."

By Hamilton Drummond.

A stirring story of the reign of King Henry, of Navarre, is the latest work from the pen of the popular, forceful and graphic Drummond.

The author has never done better work. This fact was quickly perceived by his followers. The first edition was sold upon the announcement of its publication, the second was exhausted the day it was put on sale, and the third followed quickly on the trail of the first two. A great many readers like to read a book before everybody else has read it and is talking about it. All these should at once get a copy of "A King's Pawn" from John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta St.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

Tuesday, May 7, 1901.

ALBANY CIRCUIT.

Chesley Meton et al. v. Albany Fertilizer Co. Argued.
N. F. Tift et al., administrators, v. Wight & Weslosky Co. Argued.
C. M. McCowan et al, v. A. H. Brooks et al., executors. Argued.
C. R. McGahey & Co. v. B. F. Smith. Argued.
S. G. Slack v. M. A. Sexton, administrator, and vice versa. Argued.
T. R. Lamar, administrator, v. G. G. Gardner et al. Argued.
R. A. Holmes v. W. L. Sykes, relator. Argued.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

Brunswick & Western Railroad Co. v. Ida Wiggins. Argued.
Savannah, Florida and Western Railway Co. v. C. R. Jordan. Argued.
J. M. Courtney v. E. C. Buchanan. Dismissed.
D. A. Autrey v. Georgia Northern Railway Co. Argued.
Georgia Southern and Florida Railway Co. v. J. C. Wisenbaker. Argued.
M. A. Fleetwood, administrator, v. J. H. Bibb, administrator. Submitted.

OCMULGEE CIRCUIT.

S. N. Mitchell v. I. C. Carswell. Dismissed.
W. F. Way v. D. W. M. Whitley. Dismissed
J. T. Saunders v. City of Fitzgerald. Submitted.
J. A. Riddle v. D. R. McMillan. Dismissed.
T. H. Calhoun v. Citizens' Banking Co. Submitted.
David Gillis v. Hilton and Dodge Lumber Co. Submitted.

$4.10

Chattanooga and Return—Account Spring Festival and Street Fair, via Southern Railway.

Tickets on sale May 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and morning trains 11th; good to return until May 13, 1901.

Southern railway has four daily trains each way, leaving Atlanta 5.30 a. m, 7:50 a. m., 4 p. m. and 11 p. m.

Information, Kimball house office, 'Phone 142, or union depot, 'phone 178.

BROOKS MORGAN,
District Passenger Agent.

THE KING HEARING HAS BEGUN

Engineer Is Alleged To Have Failed To Pay His Wife Alimony.

The hearing of the contempt proceedings against Henry H. King, the railroad engineer who was arrested a few days ago for failure to pay his wife alimony, was begun yesterday afternoon before Judge Lumpkin in the superior court.

The case was not concluded, however, and the hearing was adjourned until tomorrow afternoon. Mrs. King is represented by Attorneys C. R. Goree and W. A. Fuller, Jr., and King is represented by Attorney R. J. Jordan.



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On all kinds of
BUILDING MATERIAL
Get Our Prices.
SOUTH GEORGIA LUMBER CO.,
O. STEWART, Proprietor
62 W. Hunter St., Cor. Madison Ave.
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Walk-Over
..Oxfords..
$3.50
Many new and snappy styles in Men's Oxfords are being shown by us this season.
Broad, medium and narrow shapes. Tan or Black.
They fit the foot properly, combining
Style, Comfort and Wear.
Knott & Awtry Shoe Co.,
25 Whitehall St.

KEITH'S CLAIM IN BALANCE

Health Board Took No Action Yesterday Morning.

PRESIDENT JARNAGIN ABSENT

Mayor Had Declined To Sign Check for $150 for Services as Evidence Man.

Former Sanitary Inspector R. A. Keith has not yet received the $150 which the board of health voted to give him for collecting evidence to be used against former Sanitary Chief Lowry.

The board was called together yesterday morning to take action in regard to the mayor's notice that he had declined to sign the check. Owing to the absence, however, of Dr. W. C. Jarnagin, president of the board, no action was taken and the matter went over until another meeting.

Some weeks ago, it may be remembered, Keith filed a bill for $250 with the board, and this was for services as special evidence man in the case which was worked up against the former chief of the sanitary department. The bill was referred to the city attorney for an opinion, and he held that while the board was not legally bound to pay the amount, yet it could do so at its own discretion.

At the meeting of the board last Friday afternoon it was decided to give Keith $150 for his work. This was in the nature of a compromise, for several members were opposed to giving him the sum named in the bill. A voucher for $150 was accordingly prepared and was signed by Sanitary Chief Hope, Dr. E. H. Richardson, secretary of the board, and Dr. George Y. Pierce, chairman of the contagious disease committee of council and a member of the health board.

Mayor Mims intimated to the city comptroller that he would not sign any check giving Keith the $150, and hence no check was prepared. On Monday Keith sent a communication to the mayor stating that if the check was not forthcoming he would take legal steps for its collection. The mayor called a special meeting of the board to look further into the matter, and the ex-inspector said that under the circumstances he would allow the matter to rest until other action had been taken.

The mayor, although an ex-officio member of the health board, was not present at the regular meeting Friday afternoon. He was of the opinion that Keith was not entitled to pay for his services as special evidence man, the inspector receiving regular salary while engaged i nthe work of securing the evidence.

In Olden Times.

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently overcome habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system. Buy the genuine, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

The Seaboard Air-Line railway will take you to the Pan-American Exposition by either of four routes. Office No. 7 North Pryor street, Atlanta.

DEATH OF MRS. R. E. LANIER

Well Known Lady Succumbed to Typhoid Fever Yesterday Morning.

Mrs. Annie Lanier, wife of R. E. Lanier, died at her late residence, No. 43 Jones avenue, at 5 o'clock yesterday morning, in the twenty-fourth year of her age. She had been ill but ten days with typhoid fever, and leaves a husband and two infant children to mourn her loss.

The funeral will occur from the Jones Avenue Baptist church at 3 o'clock this afternoon, Rev. W. J. Holtzclaw officiating. The interment will be in Hollywood.

Mr. Lanier is an engineer on the Western and Atlantic railroad, and six of his brother engineers are expected to act as pallbearers.

Mrs. Lanier was before her marriage Miss Annie Withers, of Atlanta. She leaves her mother, four brothers and a sister.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

To the Seashore.

Your attention is respectfully called by Messrs. Scovill Bros., managers, to the Atlantic Hotel, Morehead, N. C., requesting all resort-goers to correspond with them as to rates and location for the approaching season.

Magnificent ballroom and orchestra, sound and surf bathing, all that could be desired, and the finest fishing waters on the Atlantic coast.

Address, until May 15th, Hotel Aragon, Atlanta, Ga.; after this date as above.

The Seaboard Air-Line railway furnishes all-rail route via Washington or a summer night by sea via Norfolk to the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo. Office No. 7 North Pryor street, Atlanta.

The Theatres

Dr. W. B. Price, with whom psychology is a vocation and lecturing an avocation, talked to a small but attentive audience at the Grand last night. The doctor lived in Atlanta until a few months ago and occupied a foremost position among the psychics and dilettante psychologists of the inner circles of thought. He was reputed to have made many disciples. They were evidently not made of the material of the man Mr. Whistler had in mind when he declared that a disciple was a man who had the courage of his master's convictions.

The subject of Dr. Price's lecture was "Psychology," or more specifically, "The New Psychology." He is favored with an excellent command of language, and has no difficulty in finding words to clothe his thoughts. Indeed, he sometimes clothed them so elaborately and so heavily that a mere layman had difficulty in getting through the outer coverings and discovering the identity of the thought.

Dr. Price contended that man is a dual entity. He not only defined the two entities or organizations, but gave their exact limits. The first he referred to depreciatingly as the mere physical or carnal man. The center of this being was the brain, and his circumference the limits of the physical body. The other half of the dual entity was the soul-man. The center of this being, according to the doctor, is the ego, or I am, and his circumference the limits of his soul. The picked intellects who composed the audience stood for the definition. Maybe they understood, maybe they didn't, and hated to show their ignorance.

Any one interested in athletic sports will find an act especially attractive this week at the Columbia. It is the Brothers Bright, two young Englishmen of matchless physique, who do the most sensational athletic turn that has ever been seen here. Their performance is in a class by itself, as very few men have the marvelous strength of this pair of acrobats. The Brothers Bright have been headliners in the most important vaudeville houses of the east and west and their appearance here should be a strong drawing card for the Columbia this week.

Losh and Hupp are experts in spinning plates, pans and mats. Their act is both novel and pleasing. Goldo Deno does a clever contortion act. Bessie La Belle, Fahey and Granger and the Carlton Sisters make up the vaudeville bill.

The Crescent company will be seen again tonight in the double bill, "Lady Fortune" and "Cousin Bob."

"An Eccentric Tutor" is announced for Thursday matinee and evening.

Morris McHugh, the popular comedian of the Boyle Stock Company, which begins an indefinite engagement Monday at the Grand, seems to have made one of the biggest individual hits of the season in Nashville. The Nashville American says of him:

"McHugh has played so many parts at the Grand that it is a task to recall them, and to single out those in which he has shined would be to name most of the roles he has portrayed. In shabby genteel characters, low-caste gentlemen like Eccles in 'Caste'—John Hare's great part—drunkards like Mink Jones in 'A Temperance Town,' old countrymen like Jethro Baxter in 'Caprice,' fast old men like Mr. Posket in 'The Magistrate,' and Joskins Tubbs in 'Pink Dominoes,' and such sweet-tempered men as Uncle Bartlett in 'May Blossom,' he has done sterling work and established a reputation in this community that will make it difficult for any one to succeed him with success."

Rich, red blood naturally results from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It clears out the system, gives it tone and renewed vigor. The whole body is invigorated by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it.

Where Real Merit Wins.

The buying of a good sewing machine is just as important as any business you transact in an office. When you invest your money in a machine you expect it to give good service for many a day. But unless the machine is up to a high standard it will give you all manner of trouble, and you'll be glad to have a man put it in his dray just for the hauling charges.

The Wheeler and Wilson sewing machine in the celebrated No. 9 is the best machine to buy. It is one of the lightest running machines made; has the motive power and all the latest machine improvements. When you're down town stop in at the salesrooms of the Wheeler and Wilson Company at 71 Whitehall street and have them explain to you the superiority of this machine.

One Fare to Chattanooga and Return via Western and Atlantic Railroad.

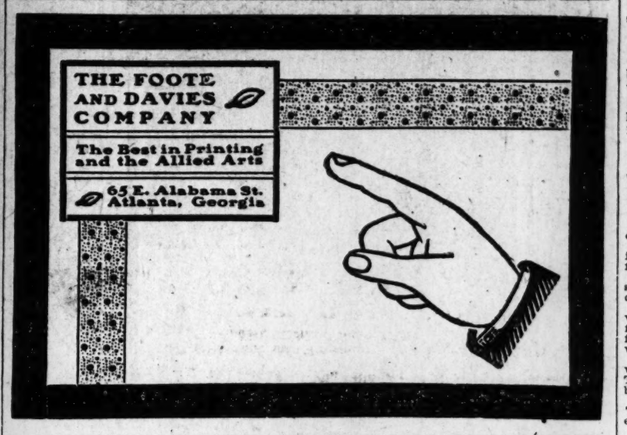
On account of the Chattanooga Spring Festival the Western and Atlantic railroad will sell round trip tickets to Chattanooga and return at rate of $4.10 for the round trip, May 6th to 10th inclusive, final limit May 13th, 1901. For information call on

C. B. WALKER, T. A.,
Union Depot, City.
J. A. THOMAS, C. T. A.,
No. 1, Brown building, city
CHAS. E. HARMAN, General Passenger Agent.

"A. G." ROOF PAINT.

The A. G. ROOF PAINT is what you want on your roof. It is patronized by the Plant Steamship Co., the Georgia R. R. Co., the Southern Ry. Co., the Plant system and other corporations.
T. C. McDONALD ROOF PAINT CO., 447 Central Ave., Atlanta. Sole Manufacturers.

G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR, G. W. ADAIR.
Real Estate and Renting Agents.
On next Monday, May 13th, we will sell on the premises at the corner of Peachtree and Wall streets, to the highest bidder for cash, the
PETERS LAND COMPANY BUILDINGS
Including five stores on Peachtree street from No. 1 to No. 9, inclusive, and No. 4 Wall street, now occupied by Vignaux's restaurant. We will sell the material, comprising stone, brick, glass and plumbing, etc., etc., etc., all to be removed from the lot within thirty days from the date of the sale.
Contractors and those who are contemplating building are invited to thoroughly inspect the building and attend the sale.
G. W. ADAIR.



A. F. LIEBMAN
Real Estate, Renting and Loans, 28 Peachtree Street.
FOR RENT.
Building and lot on W. & A. R. R., near Foundry st., now used for ice factory. Reasonable rent to good tenant.
22½ Peachtree st., entire second floor, 25x100. Rent $50.
S Connally st., new six-room cottage, $17.50.
176 Mangum st., seven-room house, $15.
On June 1st No. 308 South Pryor st., modern 10-room house.
On July 1st., No. 28 Orange st., modern eight-room house, $27.50.
Some special bargains for sale. Call for particulars.
A. F. LIEBMAN
28 Peachtree Street.

HENRY L. WILSON
Real Estate, 10 Alabama St. 'Phone 844.
$600 for 4½ acres of beautiful land on Battle Hill, next to Dr. Mozeley's grand home.
$1,000 for store and established business; nice lot, corner Irwin and Hogan streets. Here is a chance to make good money every week in the year.
Several vacant lots on Simpson street, south of Gray. This property is quite cheap now, but will soon be much higher.
I will sell a bargain in a beautiful shaded lot in Decatur, 200 by 227, on Hoyle and Dougherty streets, just south of Agnes Scott institute, near depot and Rapid Transit line; easy terms.
I have an elegant Peachtree home for sale at a bargain; a little cash, balance on time to suit purchaser; owner's business calls him to another city. Come and see it.

LIBRARIES PURCHASED.
If you have a small parcel of books or large library you wish to dispose of and will send list of same, we shall be glad to make an offer for those we can use, or if the library justifies a personal inspection our representative will call and appraise same. Address Box 832, Washington, D. C.

EAST ATLANTA LAND CO
.... OFFERS FOR SALE ....
Bargains in BUSINESS PROPERTY, centrally located, also RESIDENCE property desirably located.
The Company will build business houses and residences on its vacant lots to suit purchasers and sell on easy terms.
Office, Edgewood Ave. and Ivy St.
Bell 'Phone 822.

$4.90 $4.90 $4.90 $4.90 $4.90 $4.90
..ANNUAL REUNION..
Confederate Veterans of South Carolina.
MAY 8--11, 1901.
Short Line to Columbia
Round Trip 4.90 From Atlanta
BY THE
Seaboard Air Line Railway.
Tickets on sale May 8th, good to return until May 13th, inclusive.
W. E. CHRISTIAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.
7 N. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.
$4.90 $4.90 $4.90 $4.90 $4.90 $4.90

Virginia Mountain Resorts
—AND—
COUNTRY HOMES FOR SUMMER BOARDERS
In the Mineral Springs Region of the Blue Ridge and Allegheny Mountains.
Highest Altitude. Exhilarating Summer Climate. Greatest Variety of Mineral Springs. Grandest Mountain Surroundings.
ON THE LINE OF THE
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILWAY,
one of the safest, best equipped and most picturesque trunk lines in America.
IN THIS FAVORED REGION ARE SITUATED
Virginia Hot Springs, Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs, Warm Springs, Healing Springs Rockbridge Alum Springs, Sweet Springs, Sweet Chalybeate Springs, Natural Bridge, Red Sulphur Springs, Salt Sulphur Springs, The Allegheny Hotel, at Goshen, Va., The Intermont Hotel, at Covington, Va., and other well-known Health and Pleasure Resorts.
Descriptive pamphlets of Resorts and lists of Summer Homes, etc., can be obtained by addressing J. B. Heywood, P. and T. Agt. Southern Ry., Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.; E. J. Walker, C. T. Agt. S. A. L., No. 7 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.; J. A. Thomas, P. and T. Agt. A. C. L., No. 1 North Pryor, Atlanta, Ga.; or John D. Potts, A. G. P. A., C. and O. Ry, Richmond, Va.

Memphis Route
VIA BIRMINGHAM
May 25th, 26th and 27th
MEMPHIS
AND RETURN,
$8.40.
Space in Elegant reclining Chair Cars will be reserved from Birmingham to Memphis for parties making request.
Chair Car tickets giving number of seat will be furnished absolutely free when R. R. tickets are purchased.
Call at Southern Ticket Office for full Information.
J. N. CORNATZAR,
Trav. Passenger Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

SPECIAL NOTICES

FUNERAL NOTICE.

LANIER—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Lanier and Mrs. Withers and family are invited to attend the funeral services of Mrs. R. E. Lanier from Jones Avenue Baptist church this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment at Hollywood. The funeral services will be conducted by Rev. W. H. Bell. The following gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the residence, 43 Jones avenue, at 2:30 p. m.: J. H. Chastain, Zenis Lanier, Sam Lyons, Tom Medlin, Jr., Will Parks, Wallace Kennedy.

NOTICE.

The regular annual meeting of the members of the Atlanta Lecture Association will be held at the Carnegie library hall Friday, May 10th, at 5 p. m. for the purpose of electing officers for the next year.

T. J. KELLY,
Chairman Executive Committee.
May 6, 1901.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, May 7.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Georgia—Showers and cooler in eastern, fair in western portion Wednesday. Thursday fair; fresh westerly winds.

South Carolina—Cloudy, with occasional showers in eastern portion Wednesday. Thursday fair; fresh to brisk southwesterly winds.

North Carolina—Continued cloudy weather, with occasional showers Wednesday. Thursday fair in western, clearing in eastern portion; fresh to brisk easterly winds, becoming southwesterly.

Virginia—Continued cloudy and threatening weather, with occasional showers Wednesday. Thursday clearing; fresh southeasterly winds, becoming southwesterly.

Kentucky—Showers and cooler Wednesday. Thursday fair in western, showers in eastern portion; west to northwest winds.

Eastern Florida—Showers in eastern and southern portions Wednesday. Thursday fair; variable winds, mostly light westerly.

Western Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana—Generally fair, except showers along the coast Wednesday. Thursday fair; fresh west to south winds.

Eastern Texas and Western Texas—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; variable winds, mostly fresh southerly.

Tennessee—Partly cloudy, probably thunderstorms and cooler Wednesday afternoon. Thursday fair in western, showers in eastern portion; west to northwest winds.

Local Temperature.

Mean temperature	72
Normal temperature	68
Highest temperature	82
Lowest temperature	61
Rainfall in 24 hours	.00
Excess of rainfall since January 1st	.39

Received from Other Stations.

STATIONS—	Temperature.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall in past 24 hours.
Abilene, clear	76	80	.00
Augusta, cloudy	80	86	.00
Buffalo, cloudy	70	78	.00
Charleston, cloudy	72	86	.00
Charlotte, cloudy	68	78	.00
Chattanooga, cloudy	74	80	.00
Chicago, cloudy	54	58	.04
Cincinnati, cloudy	64	74	T
Corpus Christi, clear	76	78	.00
Detroit, rain	60	72	.1
Dodge City, clear	68	72	.00
Galveston, clear	76	82	.00
Huron, part cloudy	58	60	.00
Jacksonville, cloudy	70	86	.00
Kansas City, rain	50	52	T
Knoxville, cloudy	74	80	.00
Memphis, cloudy	72	74	.00
Mobile, clear	74	82	.20
Montgomery, part cloudy	74	78	.00
New Orleans, clear	76	84	T
New York, clear	64	74	.00
Norfolk, clear	60	66	T
North Platte, clear	66	70	.00
Omaha, cloudy	52	52	T
Palestine, clear	78	82	.01
Raleigh, cloudy	66	68	.18
Rapid City, clear	64	70	.00
St. Louis, cloudy	56	56	T
St. Paul, rain	52	58	.20
Savannah, cloudy	76	86	.00
Tampa, clear	76	82	.00
Vicksburg, clear	74	78	T
Wilmington, cloudy	64	76	.18

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF PASSENGER TRAINS FROM UNION DEPOT.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

No.	Arrive From.	No.	Depart To.
101	Jonesboro..	6 45 am	*102 Jonesboro.. 5 50 am
* 3	Savannah..	7 25 am	* 2 Savannah.. 8 00 am
*103	Jonesboro..	8 05 am	104 Hapeville.. 8 20 am
109	Hapeville..	9 40 am	108 Jonesboro..12 10 pm
* 11	Macon..	11 20 am	110 Hapeville.. 3 40 pm
111	Jonesboro..	2 05 pm	* 12 Macon..... 4 05 pm
113	Hapeville..	4 50 pm	112 Hapeville.. 5 00 pm
115	Hapeville..	6 15 pm	114 Jonesboro.. 6 10 pm
* 1	Savannah..	7 35 pm	* 4 Savannah.. 9 00 pm
117	Jonesboro..	8 10 pm	118 Jonesboro..11 10 pm
Following Trains Sunday Only:			Following Trains Sunday Only:
119	Hapeville..	10 45 am	120 Hapeville.. 9 10 am
121	Hapeville..	2 05 pm	122 Hapeville..12 50 pm

*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To.
* 2	Nashville...	7 30 am	* 2 Nashville... 8 15 am
73	Marietta...	8 40 am	74 Marietta....12 10 pm
*91	Nashville...	11 35 am	*92 Nashville.... 5 00 pm
75	Marietta...	2 40 pm	73 Marietta.... 5 20 pm
* 1	Nashville...	7 30 pm	* 4 Nashville... 8 30 pm

SEABOARD AIR-LINE RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From.	No.	Depart To.
* 41	Norfolk....	5 20 am	* 59 Clinton..... 8 45 am
*93	Washing'n	2 05 pm	*403 Washing'n 12 00 n'n
* 78	Clinton....	7 00 pm	* 38 Norfolk.... 8 00 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD

No.	Arrive From.	No.	Depart To.
* 3	Augusta....	5 00 am	* 2 Augusta..... 7 55 am
23	Conyers.....	6 45 am	26 Lithonia..... 10 05 am
9	Covington..	7 45 am	*Augusta..... 3 10 pm
* 1	Augusta....	12 20 pm	24 Conyers..... 5 30 pm
25	Lithonia....	3 25 pm	10 Covington.. 6 30 pm
*27	Augusta....	8 00 pm	* 4 Augusta....11 35 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From.	No.	Depart To.
*28	Montgomery	11 40 am	*25 Montgomery 5 30 am
*24	Selma....	7 45 pm	*23 Montgomery 1 00 pm
*26	Selma....	11 20 pm	*27 Selma..... 4 20 pm
14	LaGrange...	8 20 am	15 Palmetto....11 59 am
20	Palmetto....	2 40 pm	23 LaGrange... 5 30 pm
Sunday Only.			Sunday Only.
42	LaGrange...	10 30 am	41 LaGrange... 8 10 am

ATLANTA, KNOXVILLE AND NORTHERN. (Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta).

Leave Atlanta for Knoxville..... 8 15 am
Arrive Atlanta from Knoxville..... 7 30 pm

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

No.	Arrive From.	No.	Depart To.
* 1	Chattanooga	5 00 am	*13 Cincinnati.. 5 30 am
*25	Washington.	5 10 am	* 8 Macon..... 5 30 am
*13	Jacksonv'le.	5 20 am	* 8 Columbus.. 5 30 am
16	Tallapoosa..	8 30 am	*35 Birming'm.. 6 00 am
17	Toccoa.....	8 30 am	*12 Richmond.. 7 50 am
* 9	Macon.....	11 10 am	* 7 Chattanooga 7 55 am
*21	Columbus...	10 40 am	*23 Washington.12 00 n'n
* 9	Fort Valley.	11 10 am	*16 Brunswick..12 05 pm
*22	Birming'm..	11 30 am	*24 Washington.12 20 pm
*16	Chattanooga	11 50 am	*15 Chattanooga 4 00 pm
*22	Washington.	2 35 pm	*10 Macon..... 4 10 pm
*15	Brunswick..	3 40 pm	*10 Fort Valley. 4 10 pm
*27	Washington	3 55 pm	*37 Birmingh'm 4 15 pm
66	Chattanooga	9 00 pm	*22 Columbus... 4 30 pm
*11	Richmond...	9 15 pm	18 Toccoa..... 4 30 pm
* 7	Macon.....	9 55 pm	15 Tallapoosa.. 5 00 pm
* 7	Columbus...	9 55 pm	*14 Jacksonville 10 45 pm
*26	Birming'm.	10 15 pm	* 9 Chattanooga 11 30 pm
*14	Cincinnati..	10 25 pm	*26 Washington 11 50 pm

* Daily. ‡ Daily except Monday. x Daily except Sunday.

The KEELEY INSTITUTE
ATLANTA, GA.
For the Safe and Permanent Cure of Liquor, Opium, Morphine, Cocaine, Tobacco and Cigarette Habits.
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If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.
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Original and Only Genuine.
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